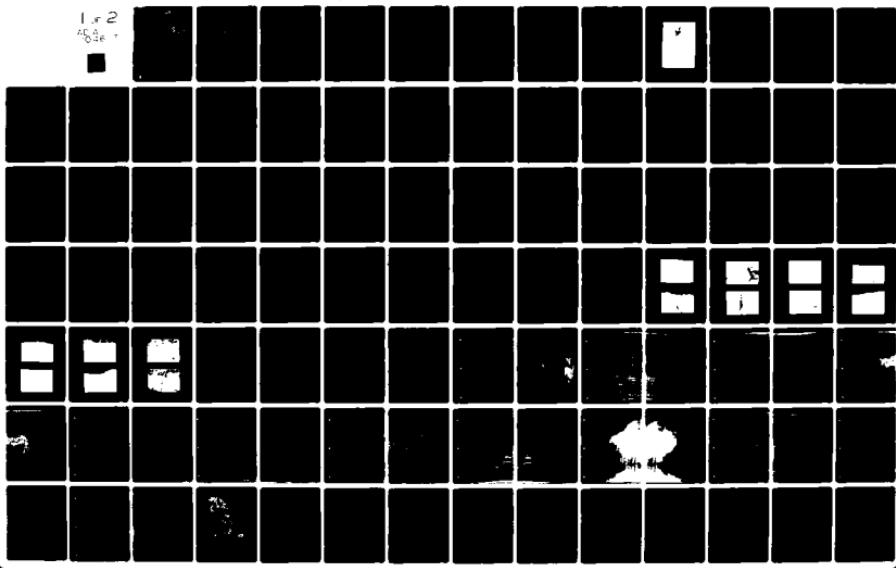


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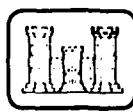
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MISSISSIPPI-SALT-QUINCY RIVER BASIN

GENTRY LAKE DAM
LINCOLN COUNTY, MISSOURI
MO. 65213

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PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT NATIONAL DAM SAFETY PROGRAM



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REPORT DOCUMENTATION PAGE		READ INSTRUCTIONS BEFORE COMPLETING FORM
1. REPORT NUMBER	2. GOVT ACCESSION NO.	3. RECIPIENT'S CATALOG NUMBER
4. TITLE (and Subtitle) Phase I Dam Inspection Report National Dam Safety Program Gentry Lake Dam (MO 10213) Lincoln County, Missouri		AD-A104 617
7. AUTHOR(s) Consoer, Townsend and Associates, Ltd.	5. TYPE OF REPORT & PERIOD COVERED Final Report.	
9. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION NAME AND ADDRESS U.S. Army Engineer District, St. Louis Dam Inventory and Inspection Section, LMSED-PD 210 Tucker Blvd., North, St. Louis, Mo. 63101	6. PERFORMING ORG. REPORT NUMBER DACH43-80-C-0094	
11. CONTROLLING OFFICE NAME AND ADDRESS U.S. Army Engineer District, St. Louis Dam Inventory and Inspection Section, LMSED-PD 210 Tucker Blvd., North, St. Louis, Mo. 63101	10. PROGRAM ELEMENT, PROJECT, TASK AREA & WORK UNIT NUMBERS 111111	
14. MONITORING AGENCY NAME & ADDRESS (if different from Controlling Office) National Dam Safety Program. Gentry Lake Dam (MO 10213), Mississippi-Salt-Quincy River Basin, Lincoln County, Missouri. Phase I Inspection Report.	12. REPORT DATE July 1980	
16. DISTRIBUTION	13. NUMBER OF PAGES Approximately 80	
15. SECURITY CLASS. (of this report) UNCLASSIFIED		
17. DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of the abstract entered in Block 20, if different from Report) Approved for release; distribution unlimited.		
18. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES		
19. KEY WORDS (Continue on reverse side if necessary and identify by block number) Dam Safety, Lake, Dam Inspection, Private Dams		
20. ABSTRACT (Continue on reverse side if necessary and identify by block number) This report was prepared under the National Program of Inspection of Non-Federal Dams. This report assesses the general condition of the dam with respect to safety, based on available data and on visual inspection, to determine if the dam poses hazards to human life or property.		



DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY
ST. LOUIS DISTRICT, CORPS OF ENGINEERS
210 NORTH 12TH STREET
ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI 63101

IN REPLY REFER TO

SUBJECT: Gentry Lake Dam (Mo. 10213) Phase I Inspection Report

This report presents the results of field inspection and evaluation of the Gentry Lake Dam (Mo. 10213).

It was prepared under the National Program of Inspection of Non-Federal Dams.

SUBMITTED BY:

SIGNED

28 AUG 1980

Date

APPROVED BY:

SIGNED

29 AUG 1980

Date

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GENTRY LAKE DAM
LINCOLN COUNTY, MISSOURI

MISSOURI INVENTORY NO. 10213

PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT
NATIONAL DAM SAFETY PROGRAM

PREPARED BY
CONSOER, TOWNSEND AND ASSOCIATES, LTD.
ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI
AND
PRC ENGINEERING CONSULTANTS, INC.
ENGLEWOOD, COLORADO
A JOINT VENTURE

UNDER DIRECTION OF
ST. LOUIS DISTRICT, CORPS OF ENGINEERS
FOR
GOVERNOR OF MISSOURI

JULY 1980

PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT
NATIONAL DAM SAFETY PROGRAM

Name of Dam: Gentry Lake Dam, Missouri Inv. No. 10213
State Located: Missouri
County Located: Lincoln
Stream: An unnamed tributary of the Lost Creek
Date of Inspection: April 22, 1980

Assessment of General Condition

Gentry Lake Dam was inspected by the engineering firms of Consoer, Townsend and Associates, Ltd. and PRC Engineering Consultants, Inc. (A Joint Venture) of St. Louis, Missouri according to the U. S. Army Corps of Engineers "Engineer Regulation No. 110-2-106" and additional guidelines furnished by the St. Louis District of the Corps of Engineers. Based upon the criteria in the guidelines, the dam is in the high hazard potential classification, which means that loss of life and appreciable property loss could occur in the event of failure of the dam. Within the estimated damage zone of four miles downstream of the dam are four dwellings, five buildings, three barns, one quarry scale house, and a dam which may be subjected to flooding, with possible damage and/or destruction, and possible loss of life. Gentry Lake Dam is in the small size classification since it is less than 40 feet and more than 25 feet high, and impounds more than 50 acre-feet but less than 1,000 acre-feet of water.

Our inspection and evaluation indicates that the spillway of Gentry Lake Dam does not meet the criteria set forth in the guidelines for a dam having the above size and hazard potential. Gentry Lake Dam being a small size dam with a high hazard potential is required by the guidelines to pass from one-half of the Probable Maximum Flood to the Probable Maximum Flood without overtopping. Considering the number of inhabited dwellings located downstream of the dam and another dam being located on the same stream approximately 1 mile downstream of the dam, the PMF is considered the appropriate spillway design flood for Gentry Lake Dam. It was determined that the reservoir/spillway system can accommodate approximately 80 percent of the Probable Maximum Flood without overtopping the dam. Our evaluation also indicates that the reservoir/spillway system can accommodate the one-percent chance flood without overtopping.

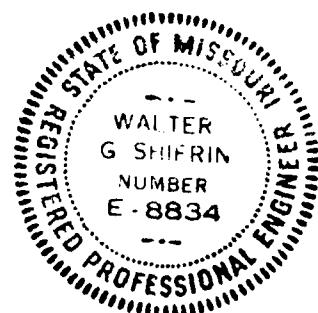
The Probable Maximum Flood is defined as the flood discharge that may be expected from the most severe combination of critical meteorological and hydrologic conditions that are reasonably possible in the region.

Other deficiencies noted by the inspection team were the two larger sized bush plants on the downstream slope, old brush and logs in and around the principal spillway outlet, brush and trash on the downstream half of the emergency spillway channel, eroded areas in the vicinity of the emergency spillway discharge channel, livestock activities on the dam embankment, a need for periodic inspection by a qualified engineer and a lack of maintenance schedule. The lack of seepage and stability analyses on record is also a deficiency that should be corrected.

It is recommended that the owner take action to correct
or control the deficiencies described above.



Walter G. Shifrin, P.E.



Overview of Gentry Lake Dam



NATIONAL DAM SAFETY PROGRAM

GENTRY LAKE DAM, I.D. No. 10213

TABLE OF CONTENTS

<u>Sect. No.</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>Page</u>
SECTION 1	PROJECT INFORMATION	1
1.1	General	1
1.2	Description of Project	3
1.3	Pertinent Data	7
SECTION 2	ENGINEERING DATA	10
2.1	Design	10
2.2	Construction	10
2.3	Operation	11
2.4	Evaluation	11
SECTION 3	VISUAL INSPECTION	13
3.1	Findings	13
3.2	Evaluation	20

TABLE OF CONTENTS

(Continued)

<u>Sect. No.</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>Page</u>
SECTION 4	OPERATION PROCEDURES	22
4.1	Procedures	22
4.2	Maintenance of Dam	22
4.3	Maintenance of Operating Facilities	22
4.4	Description of Any Warning System in Effect	23
4.5	Evaluation	23
SECTION 5	HYDRAULIC/HYDROLOGIC	24
5.1	Evaluation of Features	24
SECTION 6	STRUCTURAL STABILITY.	28
6.1	Evaluation of Structural Stability.	28
SECTION 7	ASSESSMENT/REMEDIAL MEASURES.	31
7.1	Dam Assessment	31
7.2	Remedial Measures.	33

TABLE OF CONTENTS

(Continued)

LIST OF PLATES

	<u>Plate No.</u>
LOCATION MAP	1
PLAN AND ELEVATION OF DAM	2
EMBANKMENT SECTION AND SPILLWAY PROFILE	3
SCS AS-BUILT DRAWINGS AND OTHER INFORMATION	4-15
GEOLOGIC MAP	16-17
SEISMIC ZONE MAP	18

APPENDICES

APPENDIX A - PHOTOGRAPHS

APPENDIX B - HYDROLOGIC AND HYDRAULIC COMPUTATIONS

PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT
NATIONAL DAM SAFETY PROGRAM

GENTRY LAKE DAM, Missouri Inv. No. 10213

SECTION I: PROJECT INFORMATION

1.1 General

a. Authority

The Dam Inspection Act, Public Law 92-367 of August, 1972, authorizes the Secretary of the Army, through the Corps of Engineers, to initiate a national program of dam inspections. Inspection for Gentry Lake Dam was carried out under Contract DACW 43-80-C-0094 between the Department of the Army, St. Louis District, Corps of Engineers, and the engineering firms of Consoer, Townsend & Associates, Ltd., and PRC Engineering Consultants, Inc. (A Joint Venture), of St. Louis, Missouri.

b. Purpose of Inspection

The visual inspection of Gentry Lake Dam was made on April 22, 1980. The purpose of the inspection was to make a general assessment as to the structural integrity and operational adequacy of the dam embankment and its appurtenant structures.

c. Scope of Report

This report summarizes available pertinent data relating to the project, presents a summary of visual observations made during the field inspection, presents an assessment of hydrologic and hydraulic conditions at the site, presents an assessment of the structural adequacy of the various project features and assesses the general condition of the dam with respect to safety.

Subsurface investigations, laboratory testing and detailed analyses were not within the scope of this study. No warranty as to the absolute safety of the project features is implied by the conclusions presented in this report.

It should be noted that in this report reference to left or right abutments is viewed as looking downstream. Where left abutment or left side of the dam is used in this report, this also refers to the west abutment or side, and right to the east abutment or side.

d. Evaluation Criteria

The inspection and evaluation of the dam is performed in accordance with the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers "Engineer Regulation No. 1110-2-106" and additional guidelines furnished by the St. Louis District office of the Corps of Engineers for Phase 1 Dam Inspection.

1.2 Description of the Project

a. Description of Dam and Appurtenances

The following description is based upon observations and measurements made during the visual inspection and from conversations with Mr. M. Gentry, the owner. "As-Built" drawings are included as part of this report. There were no major discrepancies between our field notes and the "As-Built" plans.

The dam consists of a zoned, rolled, earthfill embankment with a straight alignment between earthen abutments. Material was removed from the reservoir and local area for construction of the embankment, which, according to Mr. Gentry, includes an impervious clay core wall founded on bedrock. The shape of the dam's maximum cross-section is generally trapezoidal with a 14 foot top thickness and a structural height of 31 feet. The total horizontal distance along the axis at the top of dam was measured as 473 feet; the elevation at the top of dam is 724.5 feet above mean sea level (M.S.L.)

The upstream slope was measured as 1.0 V to 2.8 H to the berm and the downstream slope as 1.0 V to 2.1 H. A 10-foot wide berm was constructed on the upstream slope approximately 13 feet below the top of dam.

Included in the length measurement along the axis is an emergency spillway, trapezoidal in shape, cut into the dam at the right abutment. This spillway is a grass-lined open channel with a measured 79-foot top width and 33 foot spillway crest width, which is approximately 5.5 feet below the top of dam. The left and the right side slopes of the channel is 1.0 V to 3.5 H and 1.0 V to 4.9 H respectively.

The principal spillway for Gentry Lake Dam is an 18 inch concrete conduit laid through the embankment with seepage collars placed on bedrock. The spillway intake is about 294 feet right of the left abutment and consists of a drop inlet concrete standpipe with a 12 foot drop (Photo 6). The concrete standpipe, also founded on bedrock (see Plate 9), has a 36-inch inside diameter and joins to the 18-inch diameter concrete conduit, which then outlets into a 4 foot deep, 25 foot diameter pool near the toe of the embankment (Photo 7). Using field measurements, the length of the 18 inch conduit was calculated as 122 feet. Affixed to the top of the standpipe is a metal trashrack and concrete anti-vortex wall combination. The wall is 4 inches thick, 2 feet high and about 12 feet in length, and is oriented in the direction of the 18 inch pipe. The trashrack, bolted to the anti-vortex wall, consists of welded steel channels (Photo 6).

There are no low level outlets, gates, or other appurtenant structures associated with this dam.

b. Location

Gentry Lake Dam is located in Lincoln County in the State of Missouri, and crosses an unnamed tributary of Lost Creek. The small community of Elsberry is about seven miles to the east. The Gentry Lake Dam location on the 7.5 minute series of the U.S. Geological Survey maps is found in Section 7 of Township 50 North, Range 2 East, of the Luckett Ridge, Missouri Quadrangle Sheet.

c. Size Classification

The impoundment of Gentry Lake Dam is less than 1,000 acre-feet but more than 50-acre feet, and the height is within the 25 to 40 foot range. Therefore the size is determined to fall in the "small" category, according to the "Engineer Regulation No. 1110-2-106, Appendix D" by the U.S. Department of the Army, Office of the Chief Engineer.

d. Hazard Classification

The dam has been classified as having a "high" hazard potential in the National Inventory of Dams, on the basis that in the event of failure of the dam or its appurtenances, excessive damage could occur to downstream property, together with the possibility of the loss of life. Our findings concur with this classification. Within the estimated damage zone, extending four miles downstream of the dam, are four dwellings, five buildings, three barns plus another dam and a quarry scale house.

e. Ownership

Gentry Lake Dam and Reservoir is privately owned. The owner's name is Moebius Gentry; his address is as follows: R.F.D. 1, Elsberry, Missouri, 63343.

f. Purpose of Dam

The dam was constructed as a flood control structure, however, the reservoir is also used for a livestock drinking water supply.

g. Design and Construction History

Gentry Lake Dam was designed by the Department of Agriculture, Soil Conservation Service as part of the Lost Creek Watershed Protection Project. Mr. Bernard Browning was the Soil Conservation Service engineer for the project. According to the owner, Mr. Moebius Gentry, the dam was constructed between July, 1959 and September, 1959 by Gamett & Wilson Construction Company, of Clark County, Missouri.

h. Normal Operational Procedures

Normal procedure is to allow the reservoir to remain as full as possible with the water level being controlled by rainfall, runoff, evaporation and the elevation of the principal spillway crest.

1.3 Pertinent Data

a. Drainage Area (square miles): 0.29

b. Discharge at Damsite

Estimated experienced maximum flood (cfs): 30

Estimated ungated spillway capacity with
reservoir at top of dam elevation (cfs): 1985

c. Elevation (Feet above MSL)

Top of dam (minimum): 724.5

Spillway crest:

Principal Spillway 709.5

Emergency Spillway 719.0

Normal Pool: 709.5

Maximum Experienced Pool: 716.0

Observed Pool 709.5

d. Reservoir

Length of pool with water surface
at top of dam elevation (feet): 1100

e. Storage (Acre-Feet)

Top of dam (minimum): 123

Spillway crest:

Principal Spillway 17

Emergency Spillway 70

Normal Pool: 17

Maximum Experienced Pool 48.5

Observed Pool. 17

f. Reservoir Surfaces (Acres)

Top of dam (minimum): 11.7

Spillway crest:

Principal Spillway	3.5
Emergency Spillway	7.9
Normal Pool:	3.5
Maximum Experienced Pool:	6.4
Observed Pool:	3.5

g. Dam

Type:	Rolled, Earthfill
Length:	473 feet
Structural Height:	31 feet
Hydraulic Height:	31 feet*
Top width:	14 feet
Side slopes:	
Downstream	1V to 2.1H (measured to berm)
Upstream	1V to 2.8H (measured to berm)
Zoning:	
	a. Impervious clay core (according to Mr. Gentry)
	b. Upstream and downstream clay and chert shells
Impervious core:	yes
Cutoff:	A core trench 4-foot deep with 10-foot bottom width and side slopes of 1H to 1V.
Grout curtain:	no
Freeboard above normal reservoir level:	15 feet
Volume:	24,259 cu.yds. (according to as-built plans)

h. Diversion and Regulating Tunnel

None

i. Spillway

Type:

Principal Spillway Drop inlet, uncontrolled

Emergency Spillway Earthcut channel, uncontrolled

Length of crest:

Principal Spillway 3-foot diameter standpipe with
an 18-inch diameter connecting
pipe

Emergency Spillway 33 feet

Crest Elevation (feet above MSL):

Principal Spillway 709.5

Emergency Spillway 719.0

j. Regulating Outlets . . . None

- * The hydraulic height of the dam is the vertical distance from the lowest point on the downstream toe to the top of the dam or the maximum water surface, if below the top of the dam.

SECTION 2: ENGINEERING DATA

2.1

Design

"As-built" drawings are available from the Department of Agriculture, Soil Conservation Service, and are included as part of this report. The drawings were prepared in April, 1958 by the Department of Agriculture, Soil Conservation Service. Geologic and soil mechanics reports were prepared for this dam by the Department of Agriculture, Soil Conservation Service, however, they were not available during the preparation of this report.

2.2

Construction

No data is available concerning the construction of the dam and appurtenant structures, other than the "As-built" drawings, and the information obtained from Mr. Gentry.

According to Mr. Gentry, the embankment consists of three zones as follows: an impervious core, and an upstream and a downstream shell. The core was constructed of a clay material removed from the right abutment area and the two shells were constructed of a clay and chert material removed from the reservoir. The embankment was compacted by a sheepfoot roller and density tests were taken at an interval of at least one per day. A 4-foot deep core trench was excavated to bedrock (shale) and parallel to the dam axis. This corresponds to what is shown on the "As-built" drawings. The trench has a bottom width of 10 feet and side slopes of 1V to 1H.

2.3 Operation

No operation records are available for Gentry Lake Dam.

2.4 Evaluation

a. Availability

The availability of engineering data is fair and consists of the "As-built" drawings mentioned in Section 2.1, State Geological Maps and U.S.G.S. Quadrangle Sheets. Geologic and soil mechanics reports for this dam were prepared by the Department of Agriculture, Soil Conservation Service, however, they were not available during the preparation of this report. Information on design hydrology and hydraulic design is available and is included in this report (Plate 13 and 14). Seepage and stability analyses comparable to the requirements of the "Recommended Guidelines for Safety Inspection of Dams", were not available which is considered a deficiency.

b. Adequacy

The conclusions presented in this report are based on field measurements, the available engineering data, past performance and present condition of the dam. The available data including the field measurements taken by the field inspection team are considered adequate to evaluate the hydraulic and hydrologic capabilities of the dam. Seepage and stability analyses comparable to the requirements of the "Recommended Guidelines for Safety Inspection of Dams" were not available, which is considered a deficiency.

c. Validity

A set of "As-built" drawings and information on design hydrology and hydraulic design were available for review. From field measurements and conversations with the owner, the dam appears to have been constructed according to the available drawings, except for the discrepancies described in Section 6.1b. Gentry Lake Dam was originally Structure E-1 according to the "As-built" drawings provided by the Soil Conservation Service.

SECTION 3: VISUAL INSPECTION

3.1 Findings

a. General

A visual inspection of the Gentry Lake Dam was made on April 22, 1980. The following persons were present during the inspection:

Name	Affiliation	Disciplines
Dr. M.A. Samad	PRC Engineering Consultants, Inc.	Project Engineer, Hydraulics and Hydrology
Mark R. Haynes	PRC Engineering Consultants, Inc.	Soils and Mechanical
Robert McLaughlin	PRC Engineering Consultants, Inc.	Civil
Razi Quraishi	PRC Engineering Consultants, Inc.	Geology
John Lauth	Consoer, Townsend & Assoc., Ltd.	Civil and Structural
Moebius Gentry	Owner	

Specific observations are discussed below.

b. Dam

The dam is well maintained and is generally in good condition. The top of dam area shows no vehicular wear in the grass cover protection which seems to be adequate (Photo 1). No cracking or misalignments in either the vertical or horizontal directions were apparent during the visual inspection; also there were no localized settlements or bulges observed. According to Mr. Gentry, not only has there never been an occurrence of overtopping, but the emergency spillway has never been used. There was no evident animal burrowing activity.

The upstream slope has adequate grass cover; however, there are livestock trails in the vicinity of the berm near the water's edge (Photo 2). Although this presents no hazards, it is mentioned because some portions of the berm seemingly have been cut back, as much as six to ten feet, by the cutting effect of the hooves of cattle. This condition has allowed a small amount of erosion to occur due to wave action. Also, there is a pile of old logs and rubbish stored behind the trashrack; this poses a slight potential problem as there is no trashrack cross-bar to block entry into the drop inlet from the rear. No bulges, depressions or other irregularities were observed.

The downstream slope also has adequate grass cover. Although no seepage was encountered either on the slope or downstream of the toe, there are two fairly good sized shrubs growing on the slope (Photo 5). No bulges, depressions, or other signs of instability were apparent. Some livestock paths were worn into the slope itself and along the line of intersection of the dam and emergency spillway fill (Photo 10). No animal burrows were observed.

Both abutments slope gently upward from the crest of the dam. No instabilities or seepage were observed on either abutment. One erosion gully was observed on the right abutment several feet to the right of the emergency spillway. The erosion did not appear to affect the safety of the emergency spillway, dam, or abutment.

No rodent activity was apparent on the abutments. According to Mr. Gentry, there has been some muskrat activity in the reservoir in the past. The muskrats are trapped during the winter when present.

c. Project Geology and Soils

(1) Project Geology

The damsite is located on an unnamed tributary of Lost Creek in the Dissected Till Plains Section of the central Lowland Physiographic Province. Loess-mantled Kansas drift covers the surface of most of the Dissected Till Plains Section. This section is distinguished from the Young Drift Section to the north and from the Till Plains on the east by the stage it has reached in the post-glacial erosion cycle. Broadly generalized, this section is a nearly flat till plain submature to mature in its erosion cycle.

The regional bedrock geology beneath the glacial outwash deposit in the damsite area as shown on the Geologic Map of Missouri (1979) (Plate 16) consists of Mississippian Burlington limestone, Fern Glen Formation, and Ordovician rocks consisting of interbedded limestone, sandstone, and shale.

The topography at the damsite is rolling with V- to U-shaped valleys. Elevation ranges from 930 feet above M.S.L. (2 miles northeast of the site) to about 720 feet above M.S.L. at Gentry Lake. The reservoir slopes are generally 10° to 15° from horizontal. The area near the damsite is covered with slope wash deposits of glacial-fluvial and loess origin, consisting of brown, silty, fine sand with brown sandstone fragments. Inlet and outlet areas of the unnamed tributary of Lost Creek exhibits Quaternary Alluvium. Outcrops of Ordovician Maquoketa Shale are exhibited at the downstream channel of the spillway and at the inlet areas of a southeasterly creek. Maquoketa Shale exhibited at the site consists of yellowish gray, moderately hard, thinly laminated, horizontally bedded Calcareous to Dolomitic shale with local lenses of limestone (Photos 13 and 14).

No faults have been identified in the vicinity of the damsite. The closest trace of a fault to the damsite is the Cap Au Gres faulted flexure nearly 5 miles southwest of the site. The Cap Au Gres faulted flexure had its last movement in post-Pennsylvanian, pre-Pleistocene time. Thus, the fault appears to have no effect on the dam.

Gentry Lake Dam consists of a zoned earthfill embankment and a grass lined spillway which is located at the right end of the embankment.

Based on the visual inspection, construction drawings and from the personal communication with the owner, Mr. Gentry, the embankment probably rests on gray, hard Maquoketa Shale. The foundation materials underneath the spillway area is compacted embankment fill (brown clayey silt, some fine sand).

(2) Project Soils

According to the "Missouri General Soil Map and Soil Association Descriptions" published by the Soil Conservation Service, the materials in the general area of the dam belong to the soil series of Menfro-Winfield-Lindley in the central Mississippi Valley wooded slopes family. The soils were basically formed from loess and glacial till. The permeability of these soils range from moderate to moderately slow. The Lindley soil is generally quite susceptible to erosion. If the Lindley soil type was used in the embankment, the potential of failure of the embankment would be increased due to erosion during overtopping.

Materials removed from the embankment on the upstream and downstream slopes approximately 1 foot below the vegetative cover appeared to be a brownish clayey silt with some fine sand. Based upon the Unified Soil Classification System, the soil would probably be classified as an ML-CL. This soil type generally has the following characteristics: impervious with a coefficient of permeability less than 1.0 foot per year; medium to low shear strength; and an intermediate resistance to piping.

d. Appurtenant Structures

(1) Principal Spillway

The principal spillway seemed to be in generally good shape. No major cracks were seen in the concrete in either the standpipe overflow rim or the anti-vortex wall, although some minor pitting was observed in the wall. Also, the metal trashrack, bolted to the wall, had no protective coating and a moderate amount of rust was present along with

possible corrosion at the water line (Photo 6). According to the "Ac-t-It" plans, paragraph 2.1, the spillway conduit was tongue and groove, reinforced concrete, culvert pipe, constructed on a reinforced concrete cradle (Type II) base with an unreinforced joint block at the point where the invert slope changes; two 6.5 foot by 12.0 foot reinforced concrete anti-seep collars were also constructed. Although there was no internal inspection of the conduit, it is assumed that all is functioning as it should; nothing to the contrary could be observed.

The spillway flow outlets from the conduit, dropping approximately eight inches into the stilling pool, before continuing into the downstream channel. The pool edge seems to be sloughing off due either to livestock activity or erosion, or both (Photo 7).

(2) Emergency Spillway

The emergency spillway conveys excess water flows beyond the toe of the dam through a grassed open channel (Photo 9). Although the spillway has never been needed during the life of the dam, it appears to be in good shape for the most part. The left side of the spillway channel was constructed with embankment fill material which looks to be in stable condition except for a large slough area observed at the end of the constructed channel (Photo 10). After conveying the excess flows past the dam, the emergency channel turns towards the downstream channel. At this point the emergency channel continues as a rough cut or eroded gully which is filled with trash and brush (Photo 11).

The soils in the emergency spillway channel appear to be silty clay. The channel has a good cover of grass. However, the spillway channel may be subject to erosion due to high velocity flows through the spillway during a large flood.

(3) Outlet Works

There were no regulated outlet works or low level drain pipes constructed in this dam.

e. Reservoir Area

The reservoir water surface elevation at the time of inspection was 709.5 feet above M.S.L.

The surface area of the reservoir at normal water level is about 3-1/2 acres. The rim seems to be stable as no severe erosive areas were observed. The land around the reservoir slopes gently to the rim and is grass and/or tree covered. There are no homes built in close proximity to the reservoir (Photo 8).

f. Downstream Channel

The downstream channel is well defined. The channel has a bottom width of about 5 feet and has a side slope of 1V to 1H on the right side and a side slope of 1V to 2H on the left side. The channel is approximately 3 feet deep. Some trees were observed growing on the channel, however, the trees will not significantly affect the hydraulic efficiency of the channel (Photo 12).

3.2

Evaluation

The visual inspection uncovered nothing of a consequential nature which would require immediate remedial action. However, some conditions were observed which could adversely affect the dam in the future and these should be corrected within a reasonable period of time.

1. There are two larger sized bushes presently growing on the downstream slope plus numerous smaller (approximately 8 inches) bush type plants (perhaps of the same variety as the larger). It does not seem likely that there is any present threat to the safety of the dam from this plant growth, however, the slope should generally be kept clear of all larger plant growth (Photo 5).

2. There seems to be a surplus of old brush and logs in and about the principal spillway inlet; the trashrack has no horizontal member which would prevent entry of the logs into the drop inlet from the slope side of the trashrack (Photo 4). If these logs were to be washed into the inlet, serious reduction in capacity would likely result.

3. The emergency spillway channel should be maintained in a clean condition; presently, there exists within the latter half of this channel an aggregate amount of brush and trash more or less clogging the channel area at one point. Although this condition does not present a hazard, it could be the cause of some real problems in the event the emergency spillway is required for use in the future. The sloughing of the embankment slope of the emergency channel in this same area has caused a break area in the ground surface where there is no grass protection. This condition could be the beginning of a problem gradually increasing in severity in this area (Photos 10 and 11).

4. Another potential problem arises from the fact that livestock paths have been worn into the dam on both the upstream and downstream slopes, and the edges of the embankment (both upstream and downstream) at water level are being broken off by the hooves of the stock. Both the broken edges and the worn paths provide excellent conditions for erosive action (Photo 3).

SECTION 4: OPERATIONAL PROCEDURES

4.1 Procedures

Gentry Lake Dam was constructed to impound water for flood control as part of the Lost Creek Watershed Protection Project. There are no specific procedures which are followed for the operation of the dam. The water level is controlled by rainfall, runoff, evaporation and the elevation of the principal spillway.

4.2 Maintenance of Dam

The dam is maintained by the owner, Mr. Moebius Gentry. The dam crest and slopes are kept clear of trees, bushes and weeds. However, two larger sized bushes were observed growing on the downstream slope of the embankment. Mr. Gentry also cleans and removes the debris from the trashrack at the drop inlet. There have not been any repairs done to the dam since its original construction.

4.3 Maintenance of Operating Facilities

The only facility at the damsite which requires maintenance is the trashrack of the drop inlet structure. Debris must be periodically removed from the trashrack. There are no outlet works at this dam.

4.4 Description of Any Warning System in Effect

The inspection team is not aware of any warning system in use at the dam site.

4.5 Evaluation

The maintenance at Gentry Lake Dam appears to be adequate, however, the remedial measures described in Section 7 should be undertaken to improve the condition of the dam.

SECTION 5: HYDRAULIC/HYDROLOGIC

5.1 Evaluation of Features

a. Design

The watershed area of the Gentry Lake Dam upstream from the dam axis consists of approximately 183 acres. The watershed area is mostly wooded with some pasture and range land. Land gradients in the watershed average roughly 5 percent. The Gentry Lake Dam Reservoir is located on an unnamed tributary of the Lost Creek. The reservoir is about 1-1/2 miles upstream from the confluence of the unnamed tributary and the Lost Creek. The watershed is 0.60 mile long. A drainage map showing the watershed and the downstream hazard zone is presented as Plate 1 in Appendix B.

Evaluation of the hydraulic and hydrologic features of Gentry Lake Dam was based upon criteria set forth in the Corps of Engineers' "Engineer Regulation No. 1110-2-106" and additional guidance provided by the St. Louis District of the Corps of Engineers. The Probable Maximum Flood (PMF) was calculated from the Probable Maximum Precipitation (PMP) using the methods outlined in the U.S. Weather Bureau Publication, Hydrometeorological Report No. 33. The probable maximum storm duration was set at 24 hours, and storm rainfall distribution was based upon criteria given in the Corps of Engineers' EM 1110-2-1411 (Standard Project Storm). The Soil Conservation Service (SCS) method was used for deriving the unit hydrograph, utilizing the Corps of Engineers' computer program HEC-1 (Dam Safety Version). The unit hydrograph parameters are

presented in Appendix B. The SCS method also was used for determining the loss rate. The hydrologic soil group of the watershed was determined by use of published soil maps. The hydrologic soil group of the watershed and the SCS curve number are presented in Appendix B. The curve number, unit hydrograph parameters, the PMP index rainfall and the percentages for various durations were directly input to the HEC-1 (Dam Safety Version) computer program to obtain the PMF hydrograph. The computed peak inflow of the PMF and one-half of the PMF are 3,919 cfs and 1,960 cfs, respectively.

Both the PMF and one-half of the PMF inflow hydrographs were routed through the reservoir by the Modified Puls Method also utilizing the HEC-1 (Dam Safety Version) computer program. A storm of 50 percent and 25 percent PMF, respectively, preceded the PMF and 50 percent PMF by four days. The reservoir was assumed at the mean annual high water level at the beginning of the antecedent storm. The mean annual high water level for Gentry Lake was estimated to be at the crest of the principal spillway. The antecedent 50 percent PMF storm, when routed through the reservoir, will leave the reservoir at approximately the same elevation as the crest of the principal spillway (See Appendix B) at the end of the the four day period. Thus the reservoir was assumed at the crest level of the principal spillway at the start of the routing computation for PMF, one-half of the PMF and other PMF ratio floods. The peak outflow discharges for the PMF and one-half of the PMF are 2,789 and 1,135 cfs, respectively. Only the PMF when routed through the reservoir resulted in overtopping of the dam.

The size of physical features utilized to develop the stage-outflow relation for the spillway and overtopping of the dam were prepared from field notes and sketches prepared

during the field inspection and available "As-built" drawings obtained from the Soil Conservation Service. The reservoir elevation-capacity data were taken from Soil Conservation Service hydrologic design data for the dam. The stage capacity data were extended by using the U.S.G.S. Luckett Ridge, Missouri Quadrangle topographic map (7.5 minute series). The spillway and dam overtop-rating curve and the reservoir-elevation-capacity curve are presented as Plates 2 & 3, respectively, in Appendix B.

From the standpoint of dam safety, the hydrologic design of a dam must aim at avoiding overtopping. Overtopping is especially dangerous for an earth dam because of its erodible characteristics. The safe hydrologic design of an embankment dam requires a spillway discharge capability combined with an embankment crest height that can handle a very large and exceedingly rare flood without overtopping.

The Corps of Engineers designs dams to safely pass the Probable Maximum Flood that could be generated from the dam's watershed. This is generally the accepted criterion for major dams throughout the world and is the standard for dam safety where overtopping would pose any threat to human life. Accordingly, the hydrologic requirement for safety for this dam is the capability to pass the Probable Maximum Flood without overtopping.

b. Experience Data

It is believed that records of reservoir stage or spillway discharge are not maintained for this site. However, according to the owner, the maximum reservoir level was about 6-1/2 feet above the crest of the principal spillway.

c. Visual Observations

Observations made of the spillway during the visual inspection are discussed in Section 3.1d and evaluated in Section 3.2.

d. Overtopping Potential

As indicated in Section 5.1.a, only the Probable Maximum Flood when routed through the reservoir, resulted in overtopping of the dam. The peak outflow discharges for the PMF and one-half of the PMF are 2,789 and 1,135 cfs, respectively. The maximum capacity of the spillway just before overtopping the dam is 1985 cfs. The PMF overtopped the dam by half a foot. The total duration of overflow over the dam is 20 minutes during the occurrence of the PMF. The spillway/reservoir system of Gentry Lake Dam is capable of accommodating a flood equal to approximately 80 percent of the PMF just before overtopping the dam. The reservoir/spillway system of Gentry Lake Dam will accommodate the one percent chance flood without overtopping.

The failure of the dam could cause extensive damage to the property downstream of the dam and possible loss of life. The estimated damage zone extends approximately four miles downstream of the dam. Within the damage zone are four dwellings, five buildings, three barns, one quarry scale house and another dam (MO 10972).

SECTION 6: STRUCTURAL STABILITY

6.1

Evaluation of Structural Stability

a. Visual Observations

There were no signs of settlements, misalignments, cracking or other types of distress observed on any part of the embankment or foundation during the visual inspection. The top of dam shows no signs of use by any kinds of vehicular traffic; it is covered with a grass vegetation as are both the upstream and the downstream slopes (Photo 1). Some method of preventing livestock from entering the embankment area would probably have a constructive effect on the surface condition of the dam. Although stock animals have done nothing as yet to seriously affect the dam, their continued trampling can have nothing but overall negative effects.

As far as could be observed, the spillway conduit, the intake, and the outlet area and pool seem to be in a structurally sound condition. Also, the portion of the emergency spillway in the vicinity of the dam embankment was observed to be in good condition. It was mentioned by Mr. Gentry, however, that the emergency spillway has never been used during the life of the dam.

b. Design and Construction Data

Some design assumptions and hydrologic and hydraulic analyses from the project records were made available and these are included in the report (Plates 4 to 15). However, seepage and stability analyses comparable to the requirements of the "Recommended Guidelines for Safety Inspection of Dams" were not available. Embankment and foundation soil parameters, construction test result data, and specifications relating to the degree of embankment compaction were not available for use in a stability analysis.

The "As-Built" drawings mentioned in paragraph 2.1 aided in ascertaining an evaluation of the structural components of the dam and appurtenances. They helped to verify the correctness of measurements, to show location of bedrock, to determine whether or not certain concrete members were reinforced, to give an idea of the quantities involved, and to show the overall method of construction used. Field measurements taken were in general agreement with the "As-Built" plans, although there were some minor disagreements; e.g. the top thickness was measured as 14 feet vs. 13 feet on the plans; "As-Built" drawings show the settled top of dam elevation as 723.3 feet above M.S.L. whereas, the field measurements result in an elevation of 724.5 feet above M.S.L. (assuming as correct the "As-Built" elevation for the drop inlet rim). From a review of the "As-Built" drawings for Gentry Lake Dam, coupled with an on-site inspection, the dam and appurtenant structures appear to be structurally sound.

c. Operating Records

No operating records were available relating to the stability of the dam or appurtenant structures. The water level on the day of the visual inspection was approximately one-half inch more or less above the intake, which was 15 feet below the top of dam. This is considered to be the normal operating level; however, the water has apparently been from four to six feet above the intake level at its highest point in recent years according to Mr. Gentry. The reservoir would normally be controlled at the level or the crest of the overflow pipe. The dam apparently has never seeped.

d. Post Construction Changes

No post construction changes were in evidence nor did the owner remember any having taken place.

e. Seismic Stability

The dam is located in Seismic Zone 2 (Plate 18), as defined in "Recommended Guidelines For Safety Inspection of Dams" as prepared by the Corps of Engineers, and will not require a seismic stability analysis. An earthquake of the magnitude which would be expected in Seismic Zone 2 should not cause significant distress to a well designed and constructed earth dam. Available literature indicates that no active faults exist near the vicinity of the damsite.

SECTION 7: ASSESSMENT/REMEDIAL MEASURES

7.1

Dam Assessment

The assessment of the general condition of the dam is based upon available data and visual inspection. Detailed investigations, testing and detailed computational evaluations are beyond the scope of a Phase I investigation; however, the investigation is intended to identify any need for such studies.

It should be realized that the reported condition of the dam is based upon observations of field conditions at the time of inspection along with data available to the inspection team.

It is also important to note that the condition of a dam depends upon numerous and constantly changing internal and external conditions, and is evolutionary in nature. It would be incorrect to assume that the present condition of the dam will continue to represent the condition of the dam at some point in the future. Only through continued care and inspection can there be assurance that an unsafe condition could be detected.

a. Safety

The spillway capacity of Gentry Lake Dam is found to be "Inadequate". The spillway/reservoir system will accommodate approximately 80 percent of the PMF without overtopping the dam. The surface soils in the embankment and the emergency spillway appears to be silty clay. The emergency spillway and the dam embankment have a good cover of grass. The dam is overtopped by half a foot during the occurrence of the PMF. The maximum velocity of flow in the

emergency spillway during PMF will be about 10 ft/sec. The emergency spillway channel may be subject to erosion due to high velocity of flow during the PMF. The dam may also be susceptible to erosion due to high velocity of flow on its downstream slope, due to overtopping of the dam during the PMF. However, it is possible that no significant degradation of the dam crest or the spillway will occur due to short duration of overtopping (20 minutes) and short duration of high velocity flow (approximately 3-1/2 hours over 7 ft/sec during PMF) through the spillway.

A quantitative evaluation of the safety of the embankment could not be made in view of the absence of seepage and stability analyses. Seepage and stability analyses comparable to the requirements of the "Recommended Guidelines for Safety Inspection of Dams" were not available, which is considered a deficiency. These seepage and stability analyses should be performed for appropriate loading conditions and made a matter of record. The present embankment and appurtenant structures, however, reportedly have performed satisfactorily since their construction; there have been no failures or evidence of instability. Reportedly, the dam has never been overtopped and no evidence indicating the contrary was observed.

b. Adequacy of Information

The conclusions presented in this report are based upon field measurement, past performance and the present condition of the dam. Some information on the design hydrology and hydraulic design of the dam was available, and this information was considered good, and hydrologic and hydraulic data from this information were used for Phase I hydrologic and hydraulic evaluation of the dam. However, seepage and

stability analyses comparable to the requirements of the "Recommended Guidelines for Safety Inspection of Dams" were not available, which is considered a deficiency.

c. Urgency

The remedial measures recommended in Paragraph 7.2 should be accomplished within a reasonable period of time, and the item recommended in paragraph 7.2a should be pursued on a high priority basis.

d. Necessity for Phase II Inspection

Based upon results of the Phase I inspection, and if the remedial measures recommended in Paragraph 7.2 are undertaken, a Phase II inspection is not felt to be necessary.

7.2 Remedial Measures

a. Alternatives

Spillway capacity should be increased to pass the PMF without overtopping the dam.

b. O & M Procedures

1. The two larger sized bush plants on the downstream slope should be removed and prevented from continued growth. Other bushes of smaller size should be prevented from excessive growth.

2. Any logs and brush behind and inside the principal spillway inlet should be removed.
3. Brush and trash should be removed from the downstream half of the emergency spillway channel.
4. Deterioration of erodible areas in the vicinities of the emergency spillway channel, the livestock paths, and edges of the embankment (both upstream and downstream), should be checked and repaired.
5. Some action should be taken in order to prevent livestock from any continued activity on the dam embankment.
6. Seepage and stability analyses should be performed by a professional engineer experienced in the design and construction of earth dams.
7. The owner should initiate the following programs:
 - (a) Periodic inspection of the dam by a professional engineer experienced in the design and construction of earthen dams.
 - (b) Set up a maintenance schedule and log all visits to the dam for operation, repairs and maintenance.

APPENDIX A

PHOTOGRAPHS TAKEN DURING INSPECTION

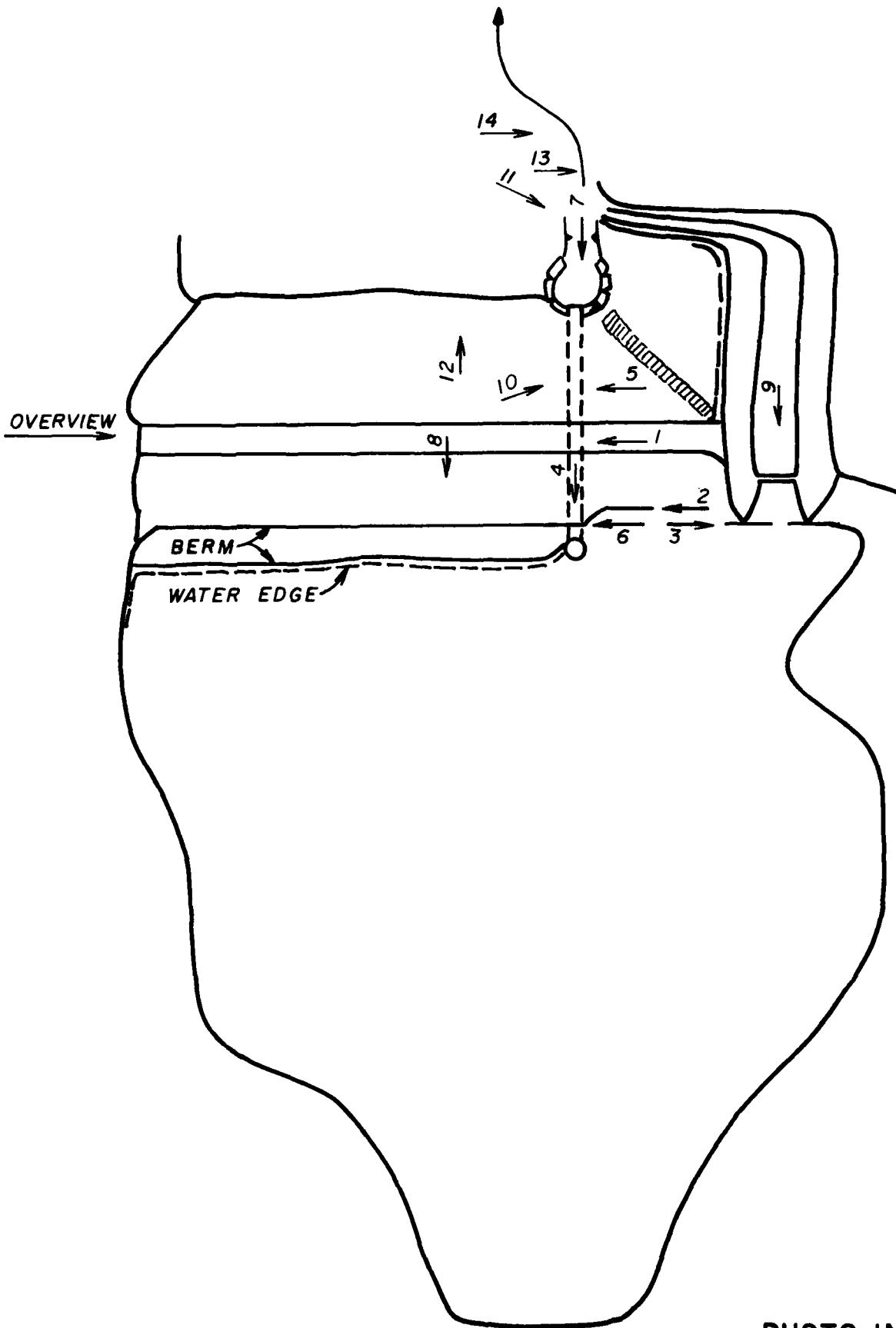


PHOTO INDEX
FOR
GENTRY LAKE DAM

Gentry Lake Dam

Photographs

- Photo 1 - Top of dam showing left abutment contacts and entry from street.
- Photo 2 - Upstream slope showing livestock trails and principal spillway.
- Photo 3 - View of berm breakoff area and livestock paths in vicinity of right abutment upstream contact.
- Photo 4 - View from rear of spillway trashrack showing logs and lack of horizontal bar.
- Photo 5 - Downstream slope displaying large plant growth and more livestock trails.
- Photo 6 - View of principal spillway morning glory inlet with antivortex wall and trashrack.
- Photo 7 - View of spillway outlet and stilling pool showing top of dam, stock trails, and erosive areas in pool edge.
- Photo 8 - View of reservoir and rim area taken from dam.
- Photo 9 - Inlet area of emergency spillway.
- Photo 10 - View of right abutment downstream slope, livestock trails, emergency spillway embankment, and sloughed earth in vicinity of emergency spillway outlet.

Photo 11 - Brush and trash in outlet channel of emergency spillway and slough area.

Photo 12 - Overview of downstream channel area of Lost Creek tributary.

Photo 13 - Downstream channel outcrop of Ordovician Maquoketa shale bedrock.

Photo 14 - Same as Photo 11, but further downstream.

Gentry Lake Dam

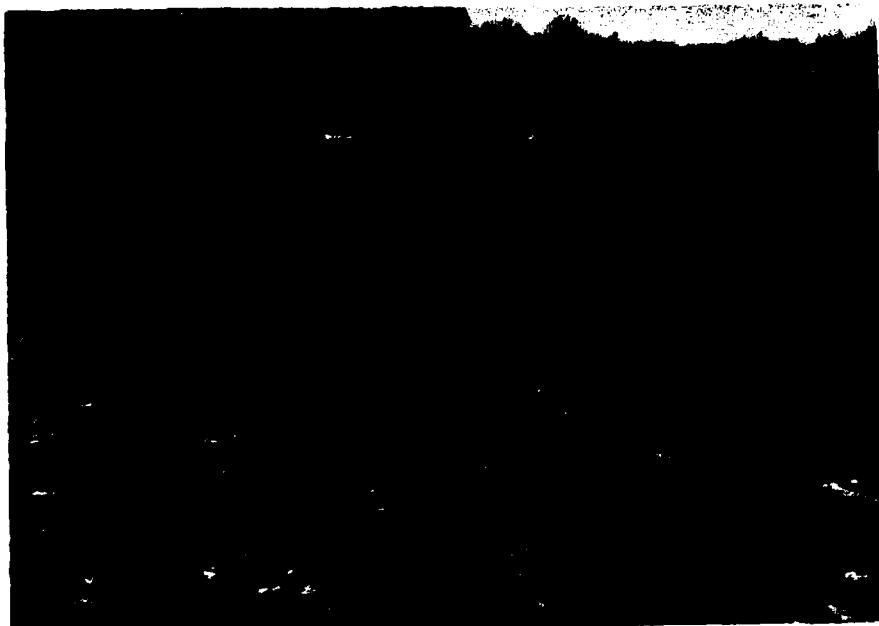


Photo 1



Photo 2

Gentry Lake Dam



Photo 3

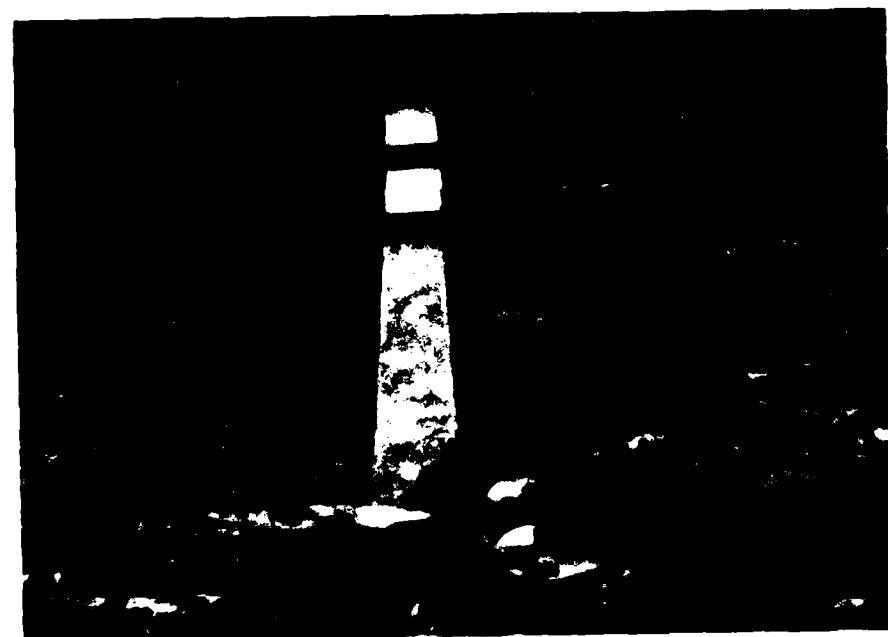


Photo 4

Gentry Lake Dam

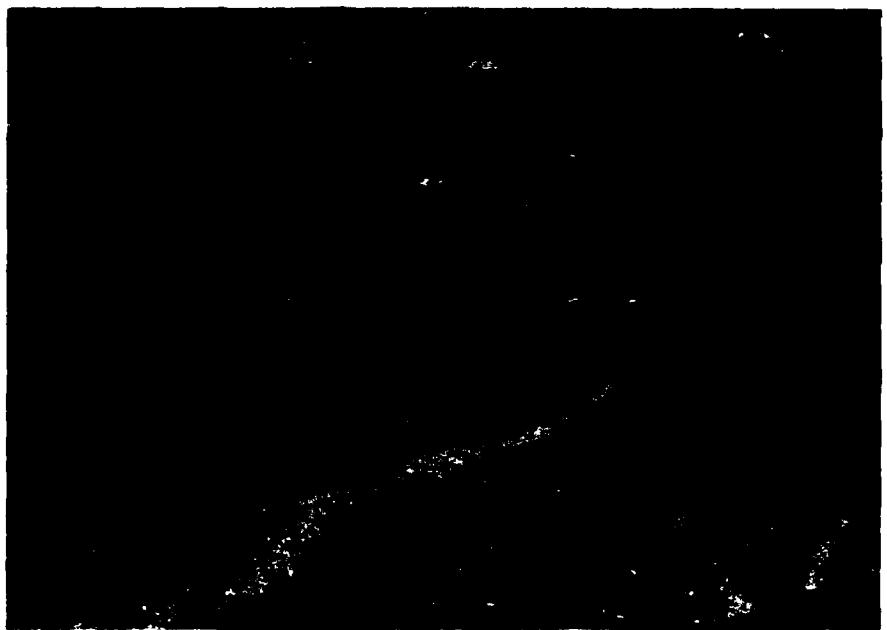


Photo 5

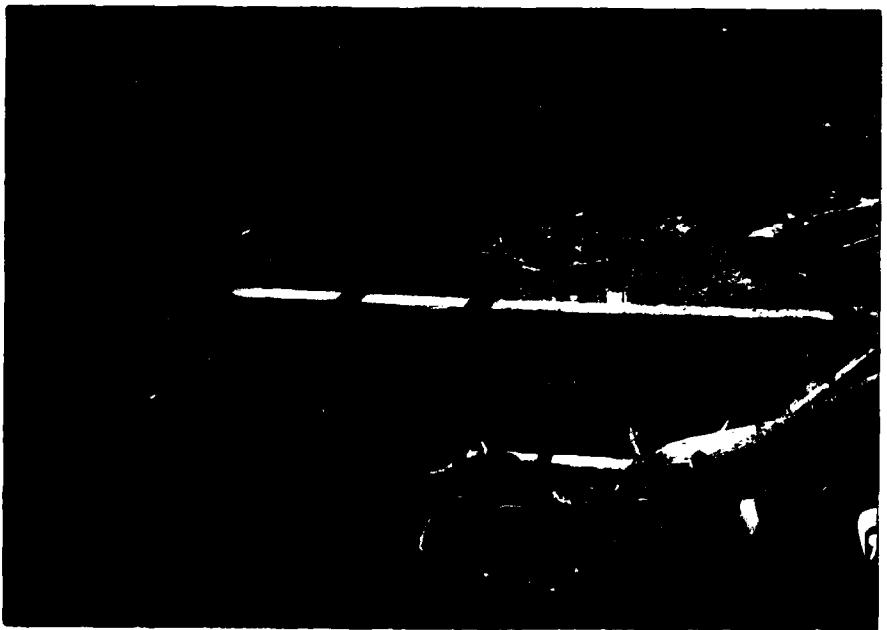


Photo 6

Gentry Lake Dam

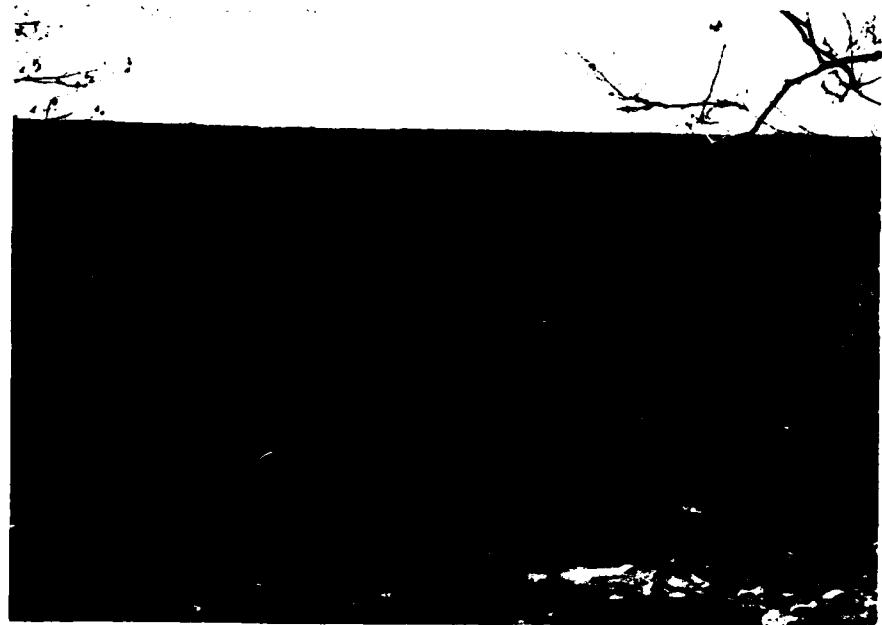


Photo 7



Photo 8

Gentry Lake Dam



Photo 9



Photo 10

Gentry Lake Dam



Photo 11



Photo 12

Gentry Lake Dam

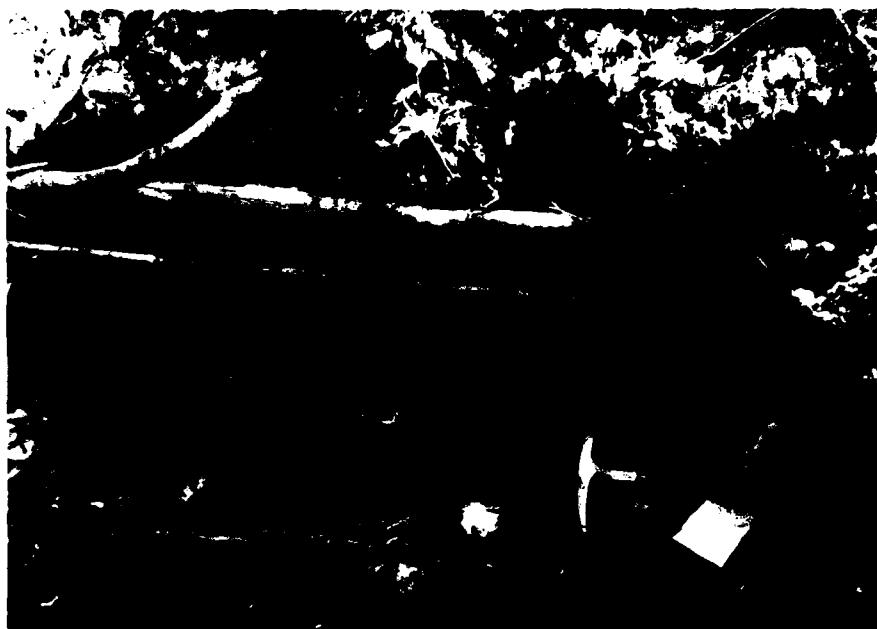


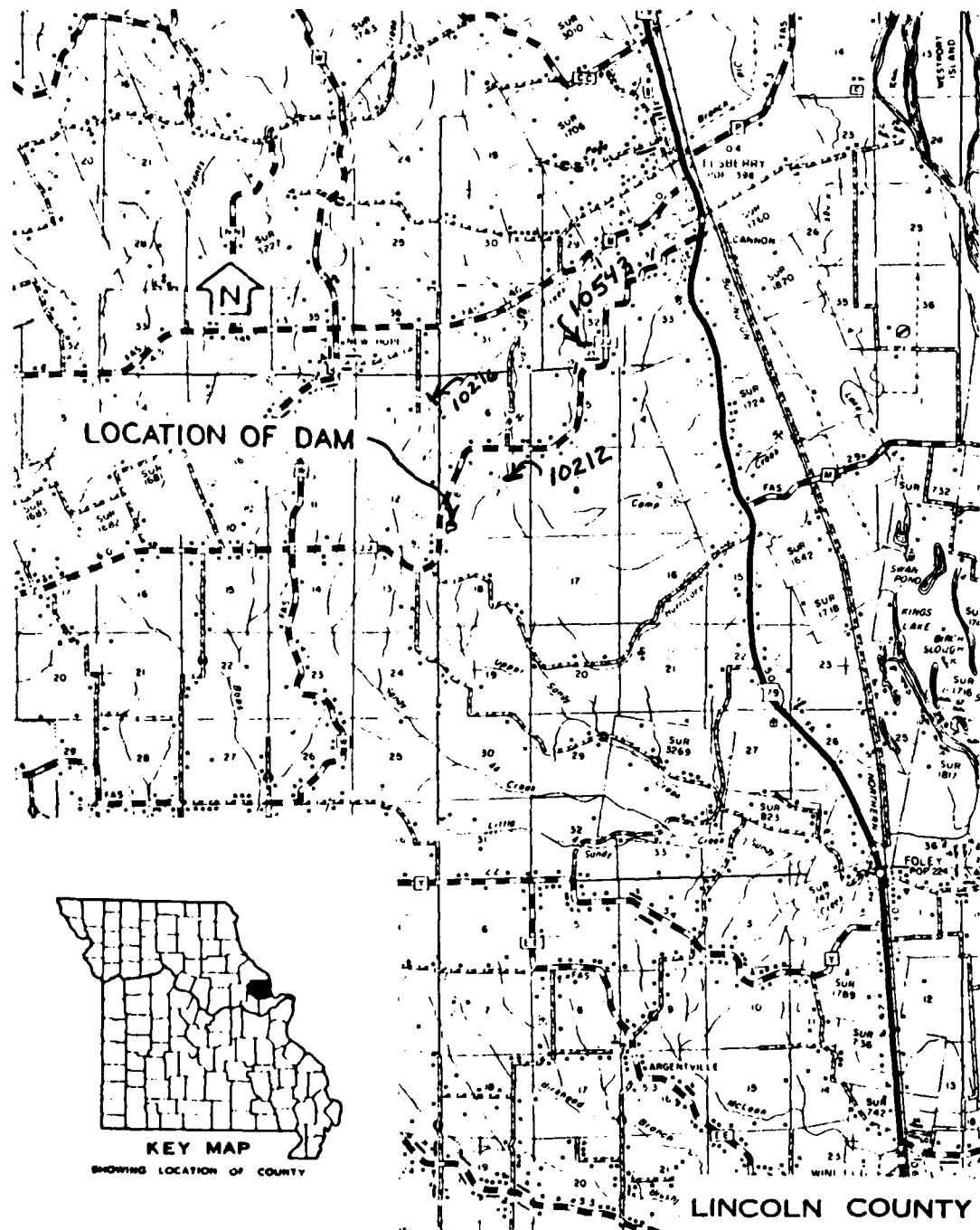
Photo 13



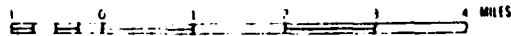
Photo 14

PLATES

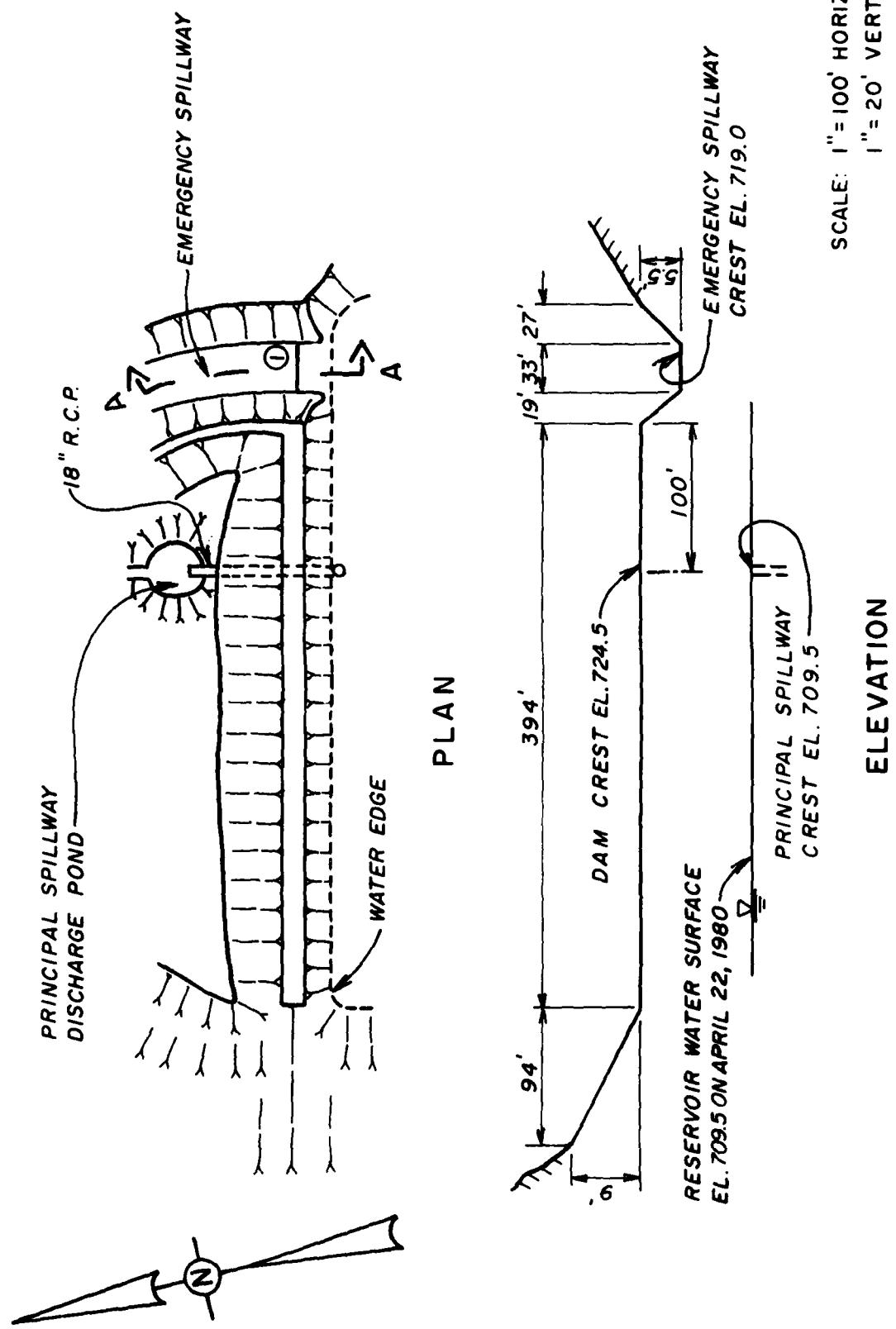
PLATE I



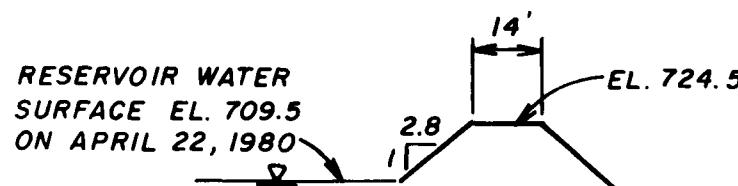
SCALE



LOCATION MAP - GENTRY LAKE DAM

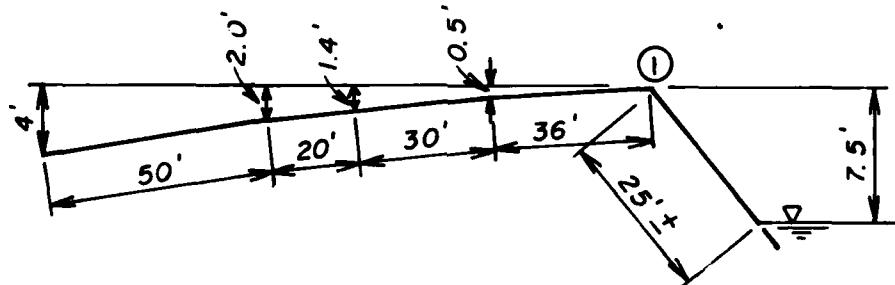


GENTRY LAKE DAM
PLAN AND PROFILE



MAXIMUM SECTION

SCALE: 1" = 40' HORIZ.
1" = 20' VERT.



SPILLWAY PROFILE
SECTION A-A

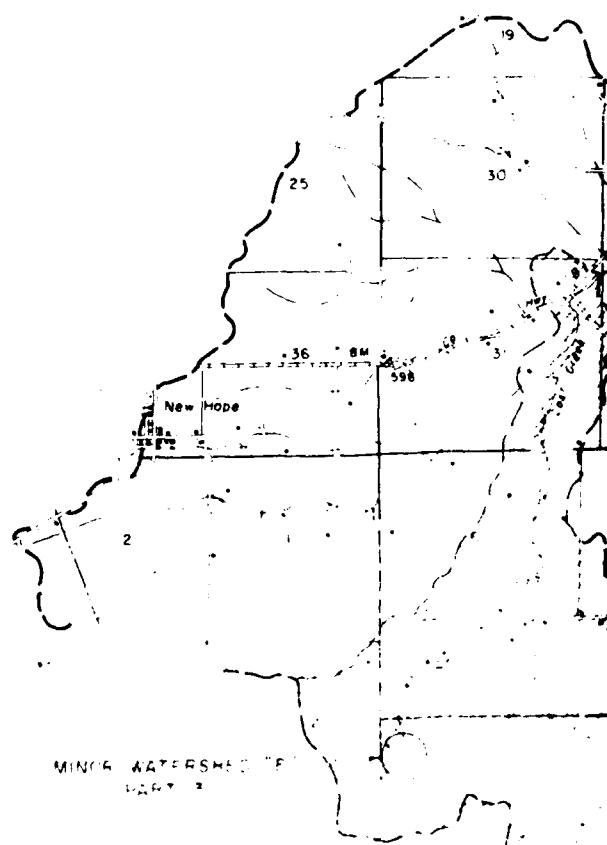
SCALE: 1" = 40' HORIZ.
1" = 10' VERT.

GENTRY LAKE DAM
SECTION OF EMBANKMENT &
SPILLWAY PROFILE

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE

DETAIL PLANS
LOST CREEK WATERSHED PROJ.
THE SOIL DISTRICT OF LINCOLN COUNTY
PART 3 OF MINOR WATERSHED

N



APPROVED BY

M. C. [Signature]

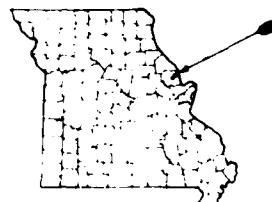
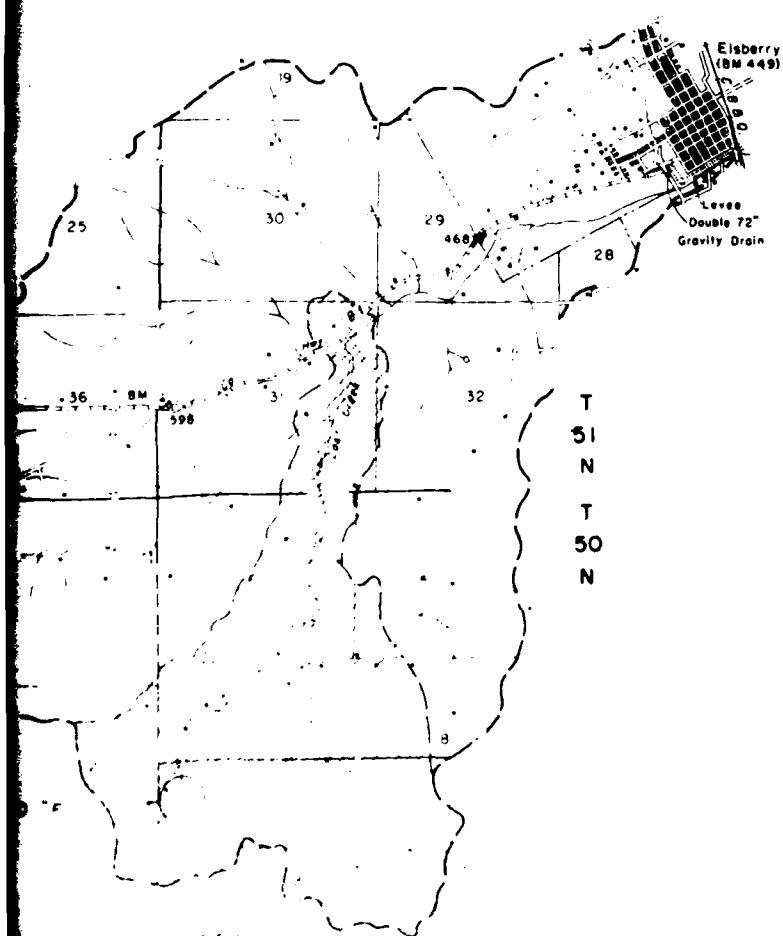
APPROVED BY

J. E. [Signature]

MINOR WATERSHED "E"
PART 3

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE

DETAIL PLANS FOR
WATERSHED PROTECTION PROJECT
FEDERAL DISTRICT OF LINCOLN COUNTY, MISSOURI
OF MINOR WATERSHED "E"



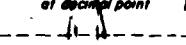
LOCATION IN MISSOURI

As built 14

3-E-450-20-0
Sheet 1 of 11

LEGEND

State Line	- - - - -
County Line	- - - - -
Township Line	- - - - -
Section Line	- - - - -
Property Line	- - - - -
Paved Road	=====
Improved Road	=====
Dirt Road	=====
Private or Field Road	=====
Railroad	-----
Base Line	-----
Offset Line	-----
Center Line of Improvements	-----
Watershed Boundary	====
Sub-Watershed Boundary	====
Fence	----- x x -----
Fence to be Removed	----- x x -----
Telephone Line (Location of Pole)	----- T T -----
Power Line (Location of Pole)	----- ■ ■ -----
Pipe Line	-----
Water Pipe Line (Farm)	----- Water Line
Existing Tile Line	----- ○ ○ -----
Proposed Tile Line	----- ○ ○ -----
Junction Box	----- ○ □ ○ -----
Open Ditch (4' deep or over)	=====
Shallow Ditch (less than 4' deep)	→ →
Cen Ditch to be Cleaned Out	=====
Terrace, Graded	====
Terrace, Level	====
River	====
Crossed Watercourse	====
Stream (Large)	====
Stream (Small)	====
Intermittent Stream	====
Stream Disappears on Flat	====
Stream Disappears in Sink	====
Marsh	====
Levee	====

<u>Building</u>	- - - - -	
<u>School</u>	- - - - -	
<u>Church</u>	- - - - -	
<u>Cemetery</u>	- - - - -	
<u>Windmill</u>	- - - - -	X
<u>Well</u>	- - - - -	O Well
<u>Spring</u>	- - - - -	O
<u>Mine, Quarry, or Gravel Pit</u>	- - - - -	X
<u>Section Corner</u>	- - - - -	718
<u>Section Center</u>	- - - - -	5
<u>Bench Mark, Permanent</u>	- - - - -	X BM 70
<u>Bench Mark, Temporary</u>	- - - - -	X BM 71
<u>Control Point, Permanent</u>	- - - - -	AD
<u>Control Point, Temporary</u>	- - - - -	* 13
<u>Point on Offset Line</u>	- - - - -	
<u>Point of Intersection</u>	- - - - -	O
<u>Lake or Pond</u>	- - - - -	
<u>Intermittent Lake or Pond</u>	- - - - -	
<u>Soil Boring</u>	- - - - -	• 102
<u>Approximate Limit of Work Area</u>	- - - - -	
<u>Fill Lines</u>	- - - - -	
<u>Contours</u>	- - - - -	 
<u>* Gully Banks</u>	- - - - -	
<u>North Arrow</u>	- - - - -	
<u>Drop Inlet</u>	- - - - -	
<u>Drop Spillway</u>	- - - - -	
<u>Box Inlet Drop Spillway</u>	- - - - -	
<u>Box Inlet Drop Spillway with Bridge</u>	- - - - -	

Chute
 Cutoff with Bridge
 Box Inlet Chute
 Box Inlet Chute with Bridge
 Bridge
 Box Inlet Culvert
 Culvert
 Culvert Extension
 Inlet on Culvert
 Outlet on Culvert
 Sod Flume
 Terrace Outlet
 Stock Watering System
 Embankment Drainage System

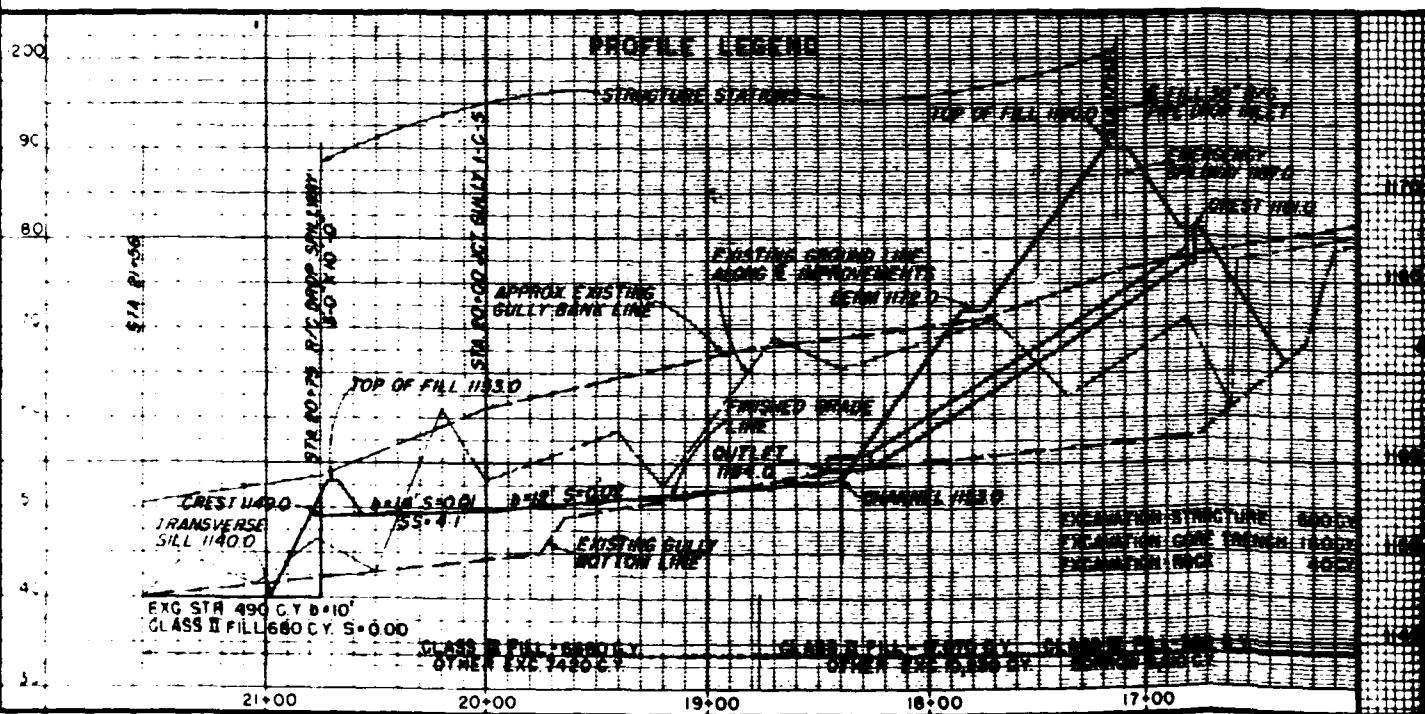
- Soil profile diagram showing vertical columns for different soil types and geological features:

 - 1 Muck
 - 2 Peat
 - 3 Silt Loam
 - 4 Silty Clay Loam
 - 5 Sandy Loam
 - 6 Clay Loam
 - 7 Sandy Clay
 - 8 Clay
 - 9 Sand
 - 10 Fine Gravel
 - 11 Coarse Gravel
 - 12 Slate and Shale
 - 13 Cool seam
 - 14 Sandstone
 - 15 Limestone
 - 16 Glacial drift (impervious)
 - 17 Glacial drift (permeous)

G.W. = Ground Water

"Dashed lines indicate existing contours or gully banks within areas of excavation and fill."

NOTE: These symbols are used primarily on the Work Location Map, where applicable they may be shown on the plans.



Chute	
Chute with Bridge	
Box Inlet Chute	
Box Inlet Chute with Bridge	
Bridge	
Outlet	
Box Inlet Culvert	
Culvert	
Culvert Extension	
Inlet on Culvert	
Outlet on Culvert	
Sod Flume	
Terrace Outlet	
Stock Watering System	
Embankment Drainage System	

Pipe Pit-Run Gravel

SOIL BORINGSLOG

1	Muck
2	Peat
3	Silt Loam
4	Silky Clay Loam
5	Sandy Loam
6	Clay Loam
7	Sandy Clay
8	Clay
9	Sand
10	Fine Gravel
11	Coarse Gravel
12	Slate and Shale
13	Coal seam
14	Sandstone
15	Limestone
16	Glacial drift (impervious)
17	Glacial drift (permeable)

G.W. = Ground Water

METHOD No 1

1	3	5	7	9
---	---	---	---	---

Using either the description, numerical number or symbol representing the soil type

METHOD No 2

%	%	%
gravel	sand	silt-clay
0-18-76-6	0-28-64-8	0-20-66-14

TYPICAL CROSS SECTIONSIMPROVED DRAINAGEWAYS
CHANNELS, GRADED WATERCOURSES, SOD FLUMES, ETC

Existing Ground Line

DIVERSIONS & EMERGENCY SPILLWAYSDEFINITIONS OF TERMS

s - Grade of channel in feet of drop per foot of length

b - Bottom width of channel in feet

ss - Side slope ratio, horizontal to vertical

T - Top width of dike, levee or fill in feet

FH - Fill height of dike in feet (vertical distance from bottom of channel to top of dike)

TABLE OF STANDARD DIMENSIONSIMPROVEMENTImproved Drainageways

Diversions	6	3 or 4x shown
Levees	6	3 or 4x shown
Drop Inlet Embankments	0	3 or 4x shown
Chute Embankments	6'	3 or 4x shown
Drop Spillway Embankments	6	3 upstream

NOTE

1. Use standard dimensions unless otherwise shown on plans.

2. Use s, b, and FH as shown on plans.

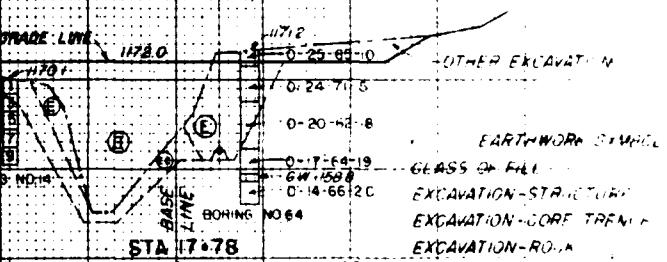
GENERAL NOTES

Improvements are along Base Line unless otherwise indicated

Elevations of pipes refer to invert elevations

Cross sections shown as looking downstream

Lines showing limits of structure excavation are on a 1:1 slope unless otherwise indicated

CROSS SECTION LEGENDSTRUCTURELEGENDS AT THE BOTTOM

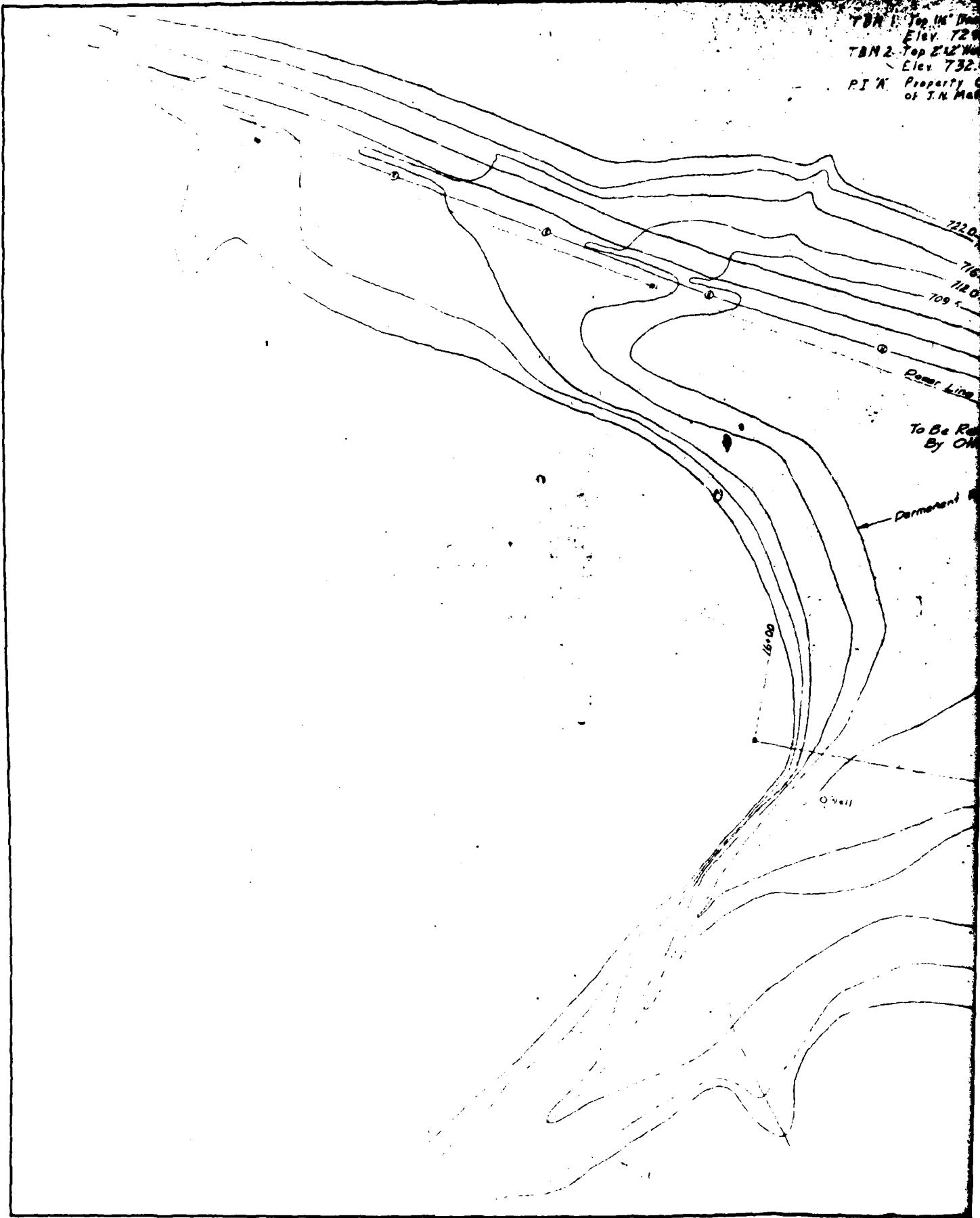
Local Area Watershed Project
Soil District of Custer County
Union Watershed E

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE

Designer _____
Drawn _____
Checked _____

3 3-F-45.20-P
11

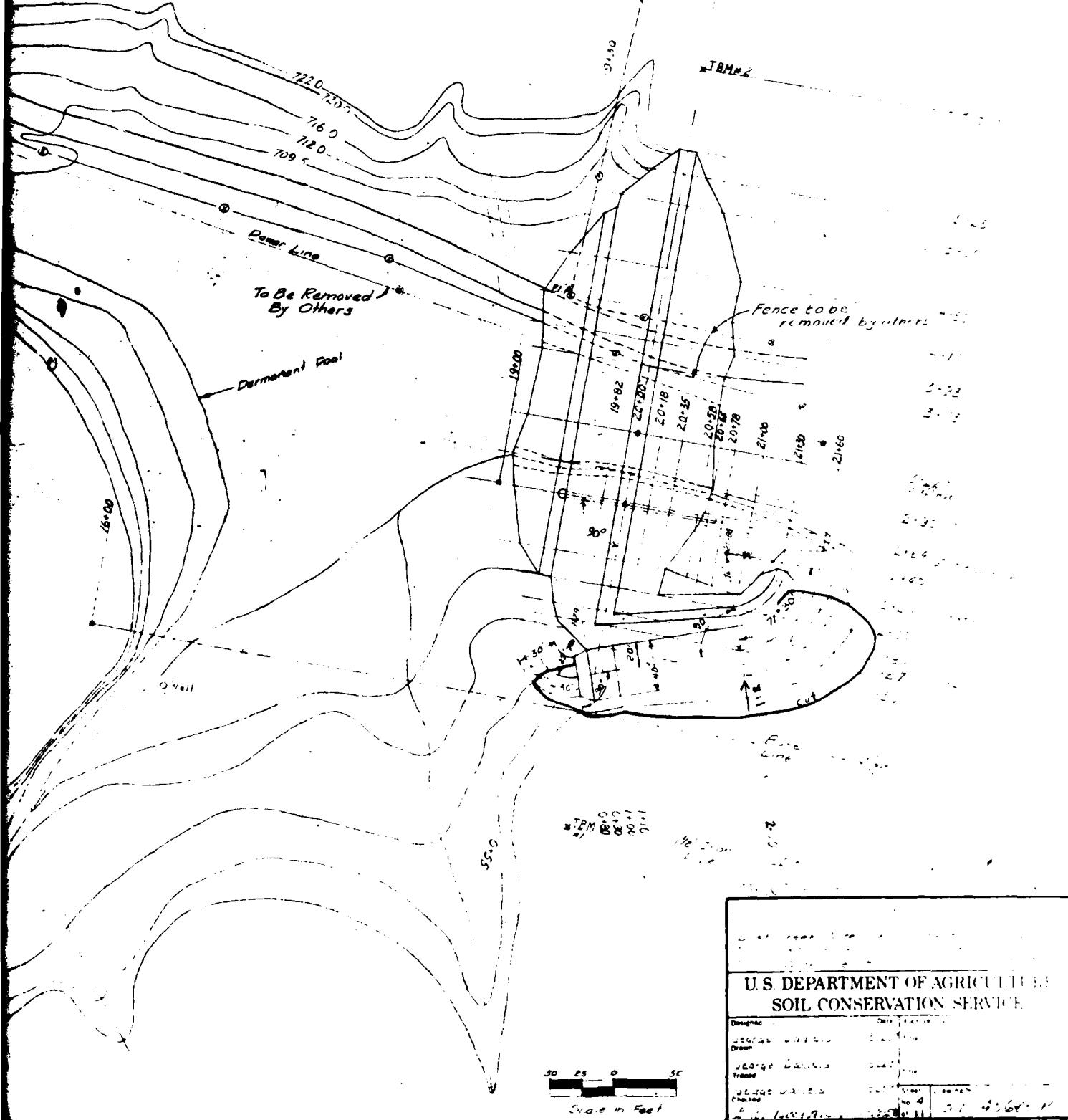
TBM 1 Top 16' Diam
Elev. 720
TBM 2 Top 24' Diam
Elev. 732
P.I.W. Property of J.N. Mac

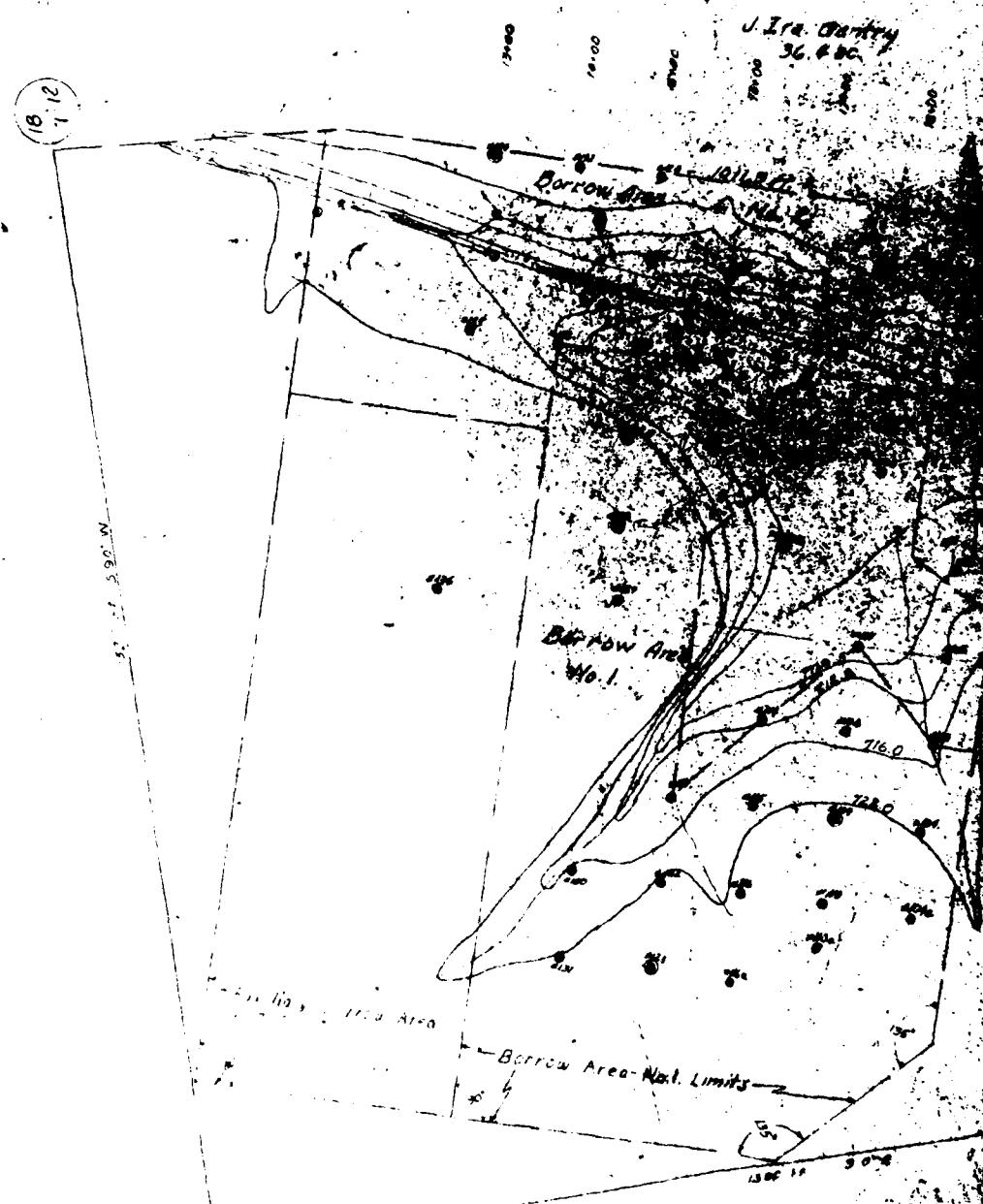


TBN1 Top 10' from Pipe Sta 6-10 E F.H.
Elev. 729.40
TBN2 Top & 12' Hub Sta 6-07 E F.H.
Elev. 732.47
P.I.M. Property Corner & Fence Corner
of J.W. Matts

J Jra Gandy

James H. Mett





Note: All necessary Fence removal and/or replacement to be done by the landowners
Telephone & Power line to be moved by others (E&A)

Borrow Areas - Priority of use

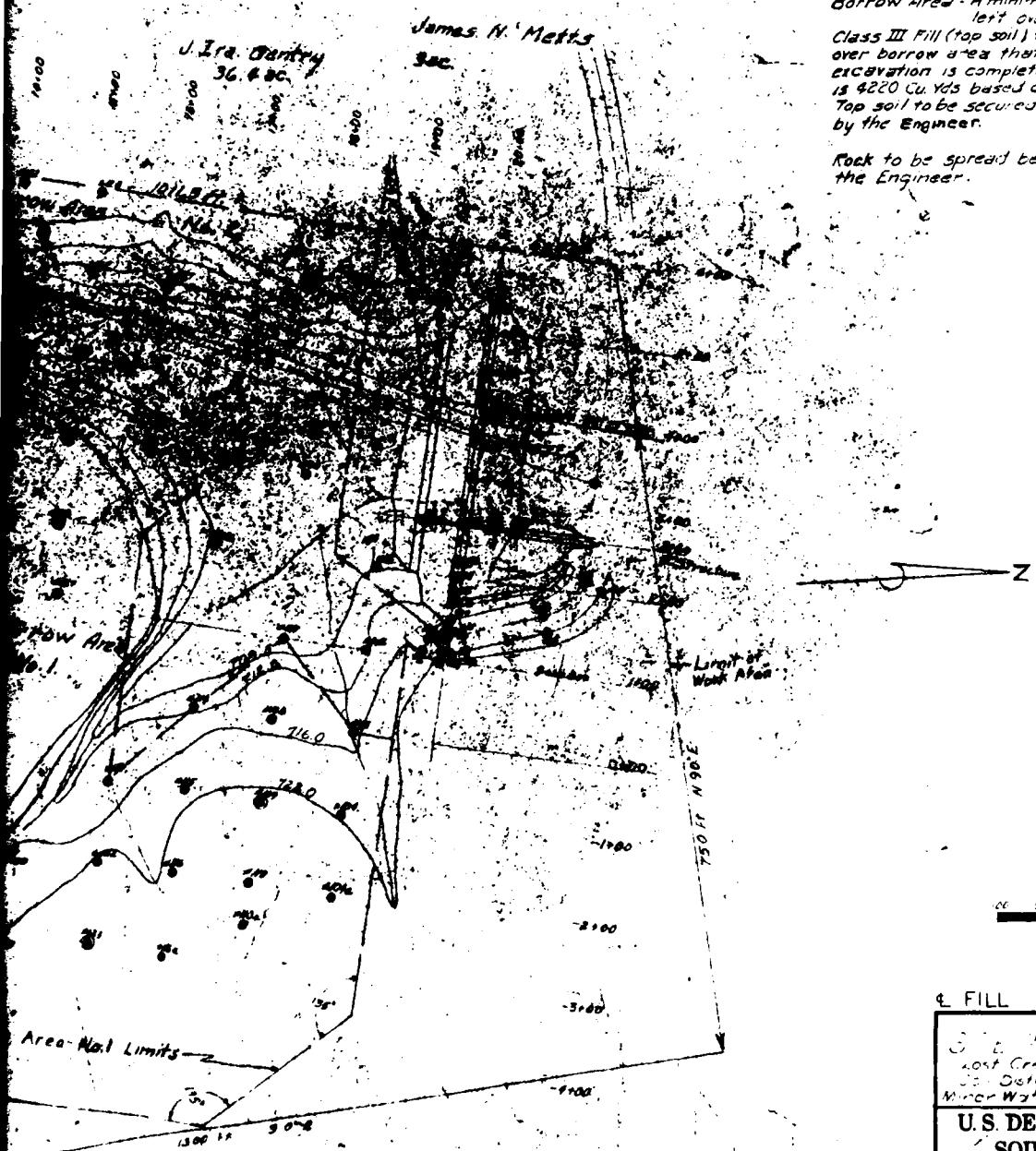
No. 1 - First
" " - Second

Auxiliary Borrow-Trips

Borrow Area - A minimum of two feet of soil left over rock.

Class III Fill (top soil) to be placed to a depth of 4' over borrow area that is about elevating 70.25'. After excavation is completed Class III fill required to be 4220 Cu Yds based on covering 10.25 acres. Top soil to be secured from borrow areas by the Engineer.

*Rock to be spread below E'g'v. 7. - S. 3.
the Engineer.*



AS AT ELEVATION SECTION 1-1

720 721 722 723 724 725
720 721 722 723 724 725
720 721 722 723 724 725
720 721 722 723 724 725
720 721 722 723 724 725
720 721 722 723 724 725

* 160 Cu Yds Class II Earth Fill (Top Soil)

- AREA FILL ALONG S OF
ENTRANCE SIDEWALK -

720 721 722 723 724 725
cmr 1800 2100 2400 2700 3000 3300

600 600 500

TOP OF FIL
ELEV. 723.3 ✓

720

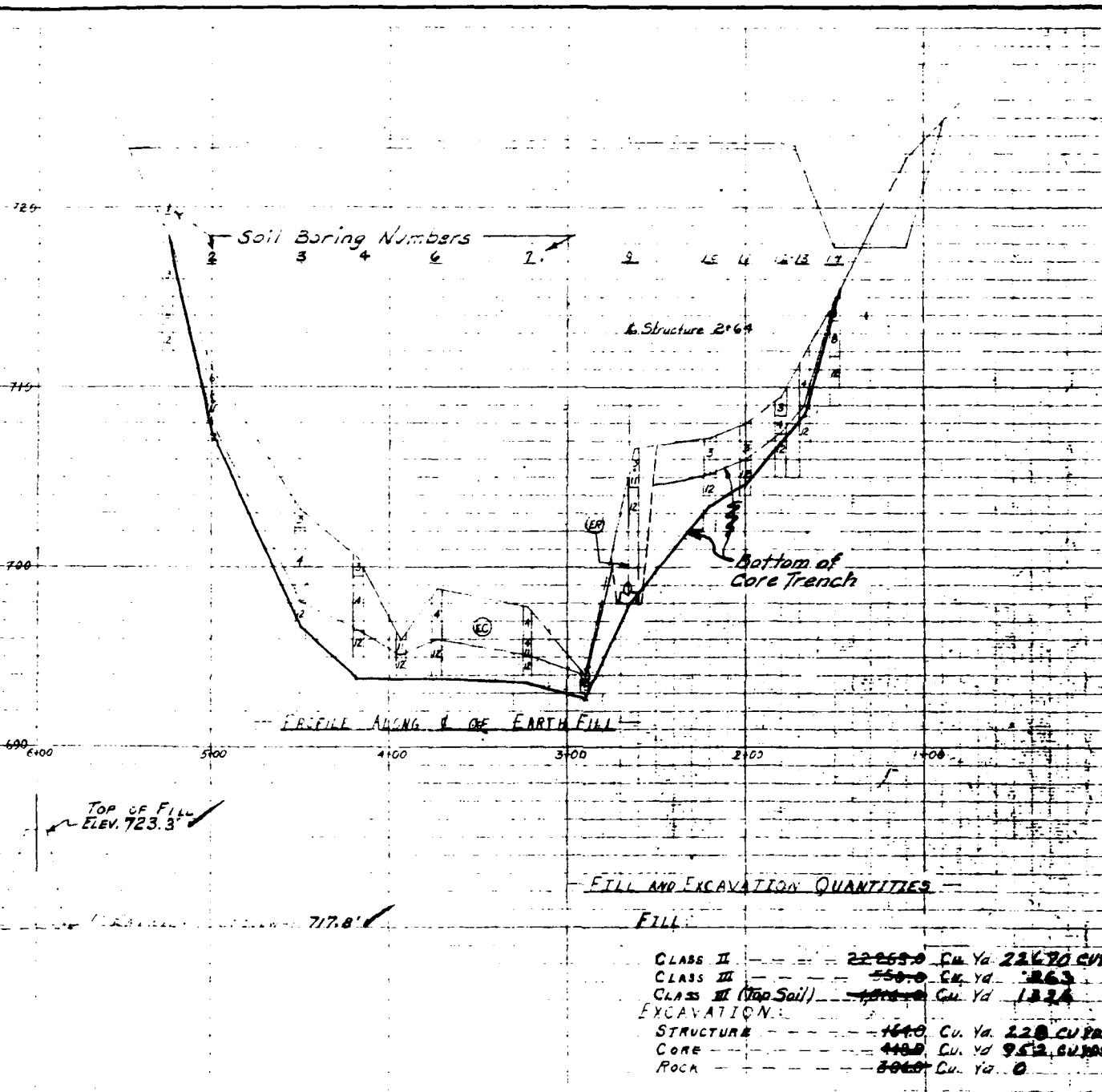
720

! Boundary Limit

* 180 Cu Yds Class III Earth Fill
*(Note those quantities included in total)

+ Sta 14+00

* 1010 Cu Yds Class III Earth Fill from Sta 14+00

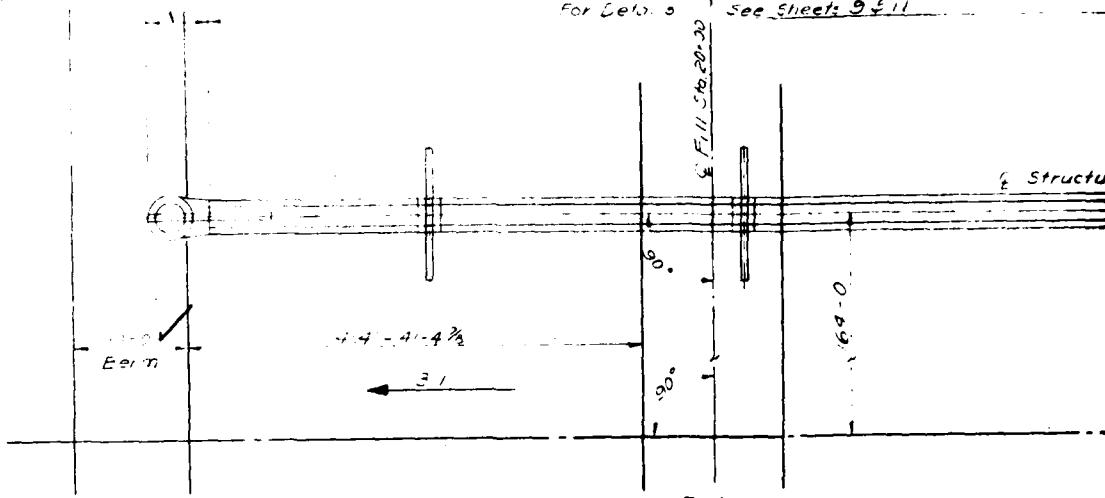


As built ~~Survey~~
STRUCTURE STA 2064 FILL STA 20400

FILED	
Creek Watershed Protection Project T-1 Subdivision of Lincoln County, Missouri Part 3	
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE	
Designed by	Date
Drawn by	Approved by
Owner	File No.
Traced	Time
Revised	Sheet
Supervised	Drawn on No.
	No 6
	3-E-45620-P

For Sect. 3

See Sheets 9 & 11

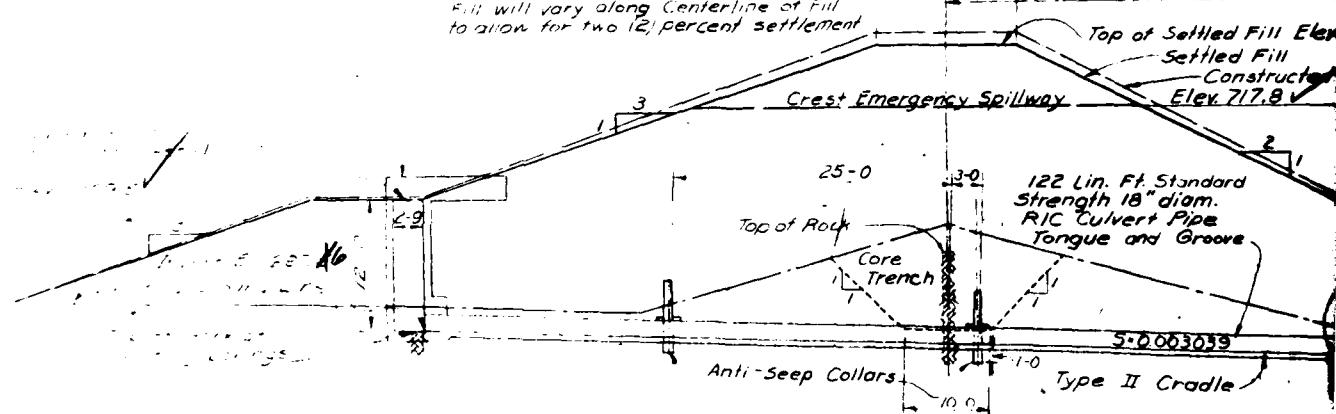


PLAN

1340

60.2 - 60 -

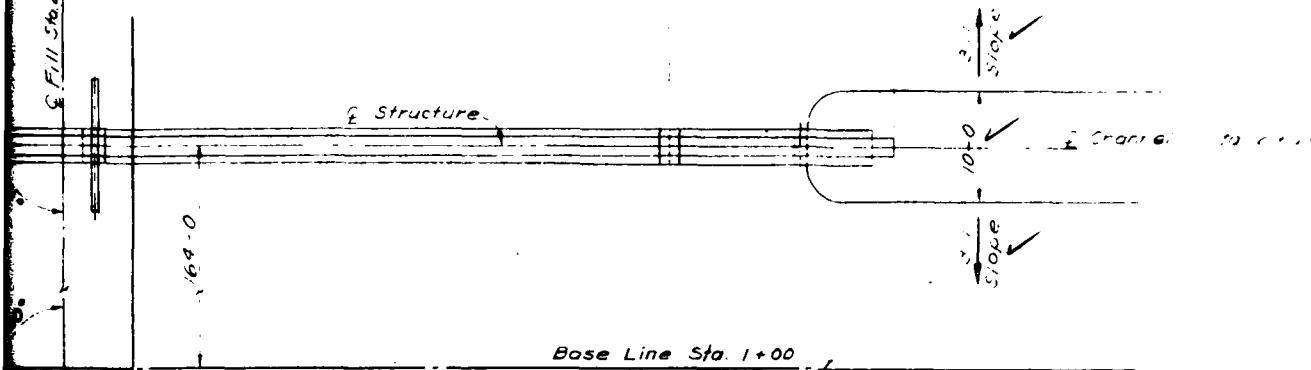
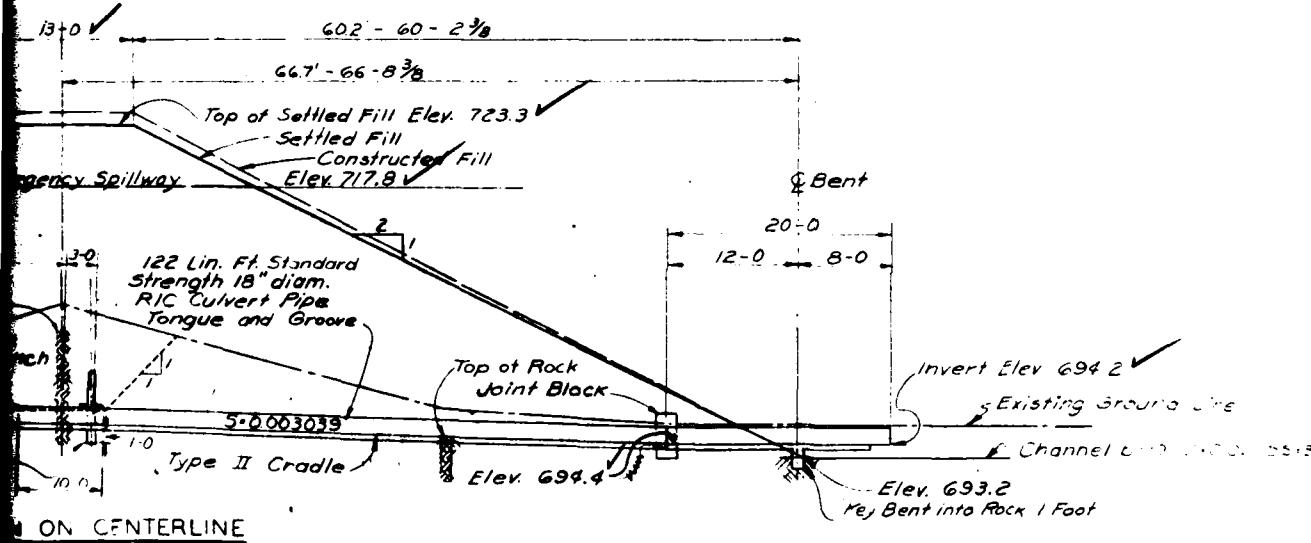
N-16. Elevation of top of constructed fill will vary along Centerline of Fill to allow for two 12 percent settlement



SECTION ON CENTERLINE

Reinforced Concrete ---
Reinforcing Steel ---
Spillway, Reinforced Concrete
Standard Strength tongue
Guard Rail -----

See Sheets 9 & 11

For Details
See Sheet 8 & 1PLANQUANTITIES

Reinforced Concrete ----- cu yd 21.96 cu yds
 Reinforcing Steel ----- Pound 1033.7 Pound 1043.7 lbs.
 Spillway, Reinforced Concrete Culvert Pipe 18" diam
 Standard Strength tongue and groove ----- 122.0 Lin Ft
 Guard Rail ----- Part Job

No. 100-100-AH

STRUCTURE E-1 & FILL STA. 1+00	
R/C DROP INLET FOR 18" DIA PIPE	
GENERAL LAYOUT	
Lost Creek Watershed Project No. 1 Soil District of Lincoln County, N. C.	
MINOR WATERSHED E Part 3	
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE	
SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE	
Per:	B.G. Browning 7-28-58
"	Goo Daniels 7-28-58
"	H. H. Lubcke
"	R. Kuster 8-27-58
Drawn:	J.A. Stasch
Approved:	4-17-58
7 3-E-45620-P	

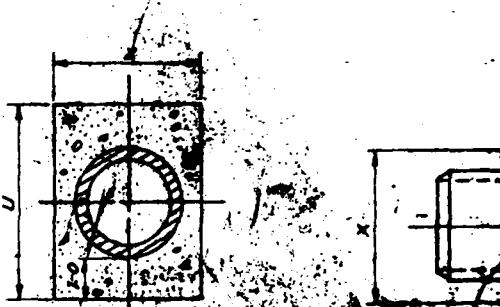
SCALE: $\frac{1}{8}$ = 1-0'

	12"	15"	18"	21"	24"	27"
meter	4' 6"	4' 8"	4' 6"	4' 8"	4' 6"	4' 8"
feet	10' 8"	10' 8"	10' 8"	10' 8"	10' 8"	10' 8"
1.0	24.0	24.0	20.0	24.0	20.0	24.0
2.0	0.6	0.6	2.0	1.6	2.0	1.6
3.0	-3.3	-3.3	-3.9	-3.9	-3.9	-3.9
4.0	-9	-9	0-10	-	-10	-
5.0	3.4	3.9	4.0	4.3	4.6	4.9
6.0	-1.3	-1.3	1.5	1.7	1.9	1.10
7.0	-2.3	-2.6	3.1	3.4	3.8	3.11
8.0	0.2	2.50	10.50	27.00	27.75	28.50
9.0	3.5	15.0	71.75	18.0	18.5	19.0
10.	5.50	56.00	63.00	66.50	70.00	77.00
11.	17.1	21.	23	25.0	26.3	29.0
12.	42.00	42.00	42.00	42.00	42.00	42.00
13.	2.1	28	28.1	28	28	28
14.	15.2	49.2	71.50	58	58.4	57
15.	38.00	32.00	11.00	43.00	139.50	170.50
16.	7.1	16.8	2.0	9.5	9.92	21.2
17.	52.00	60.00	52.00	60.00	52.00	60.00
18.	5.50	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00
19.	54.2	62.6	54.2	62.6	54.2	62.6
20.	62.6	54.2	62.6	54.2	62.6	54.2
21.	120	150.8	132.1	158.1	147.4	174.5
22.	153.4	183.8	169.0	202.2	217.5	209.5
23.	16	-	-	2.00	-	-
24.	16	-	-	0.8	-	-
25.	10.00	11.30	15.50	17.00	8.50	9.50
26.	6.7	7.7	10.0	11.4	12.4	13.0
27.	7.5	8.5	11.2	12.2	13.2	13.0
28.	16	-	-	4.00	-	-
29.	-	-	-	2.7	-	-
30.	0.09	0.13	0.23	0.25	0.27	0.29
31.	0.47	0.59	0.6	0.94	1.02	1.10
32.	101.124	122.143	1.98	2.43	2.27	2.79
33.	0.09	0.11	0.17	0.20	0.22	0.25
34.	-	-	0.02	-	-	-
35.	Block	0.48	0.55	0.70	0.78	0.86
36.						0.94

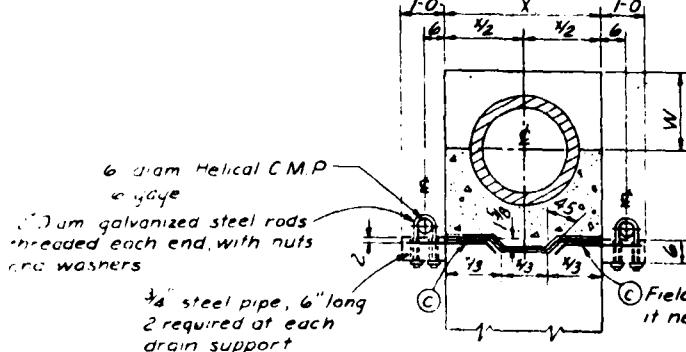
Pipe Diameter		Mark	Type	Size	Quan	Length	A	B	C	Total
Location										
Schedule to be used for L = 2										
Footing & Bent	a	3	" 4	6	2-6	0-9	1-9			5-0-2
Footing	b	1	" 4	3	1-9					5-3-2
Drain Support (each)	c	1	" 4	2	2-0					4-0-2
Bent	d	1	" 4	6	7-0					12-0-7
Bent	e	4	" 3	14	3-3	1-5	0-5	1-5	1-5	5-6-4
Yoke	f	4	" 4	2	5-0	1-6 5	1-1 1	1-6 5	1-0	10-0-5
Yoke	g	1	" 3	2	1-0					2-0-1
Cradle	h	1	" 5	2	8-0					16-0-8
Cradle		1	" 6	2						
Additional Schedule to be used for L = 2										
Cradle	k	1	" 4	3	18-0					54-0-10
Cradle	l	1	" 5	2	18-0					36-0-10
Cradle	m	4	" 4	18	3-0	0-6 5	1-11	0-6 5	1-11	54-0-3
Additional Schedule to be used for L = 2										
Cradle	k	1	" 4	3	22-0					66-0-22
Cradle	l	1	" 5	2	22-0					44-0-22
Cradle	m	4	" 4	22	3-0	0-6 5	1-11	0-6 5	1-11	66-0-22

Notes

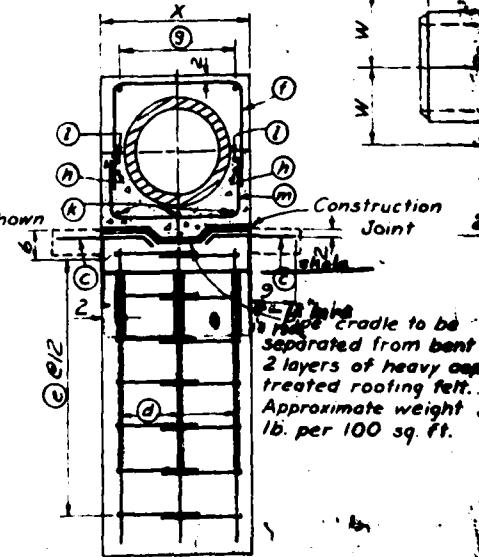
- * 1 5' dimension shown for 4' and 6' unit pipe lengths
- 2 See "SIDE ELEVATION" for yoke location for 8' unit pipe length
- 3 No yoke used with 10' and 12' unit pipe lengths



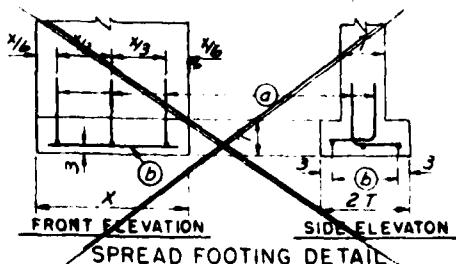
SECTION B-9



DRAIN SUPPORT DETAIL



SECTION A-A



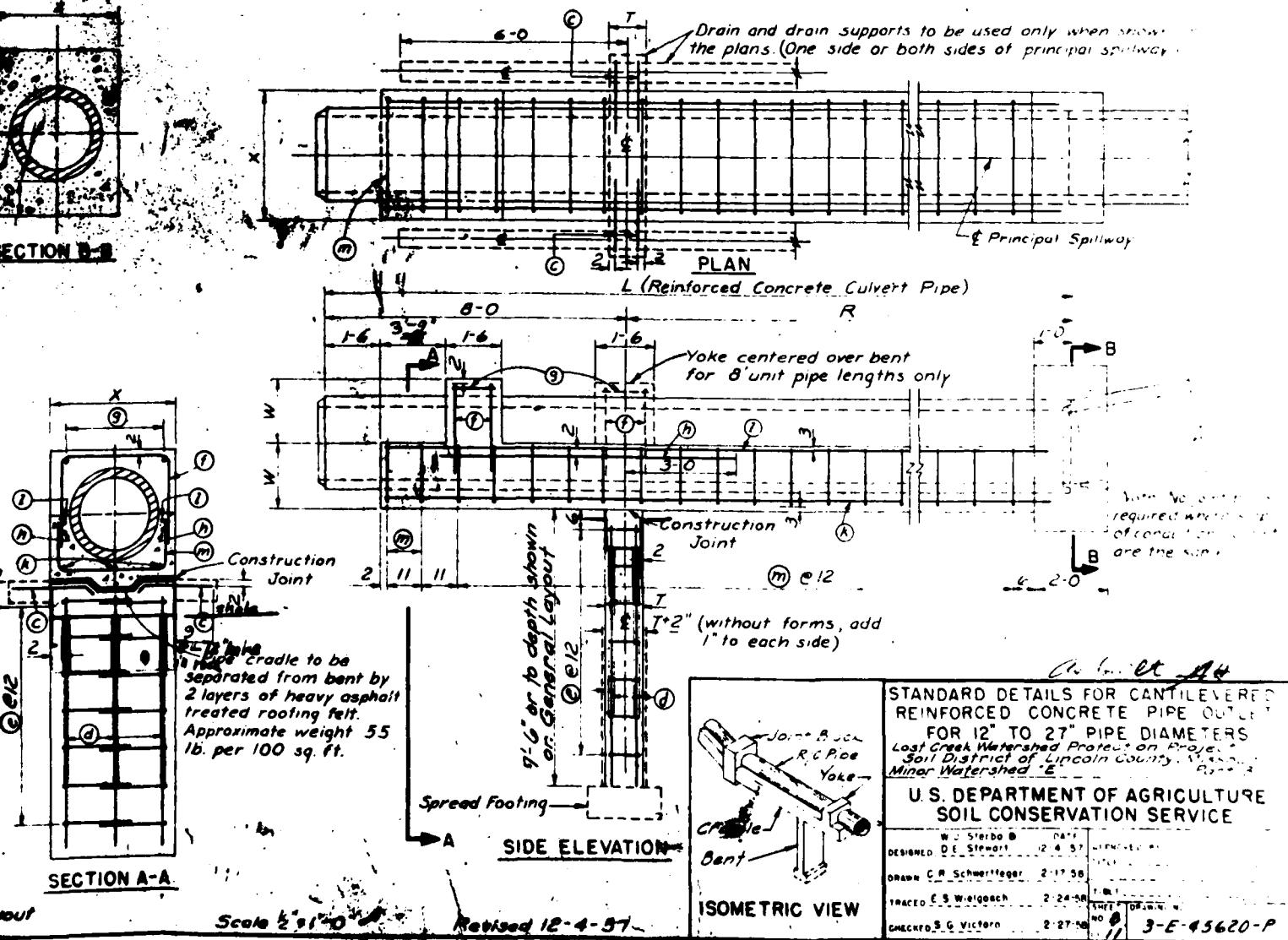
To be used only when shown on General Layout

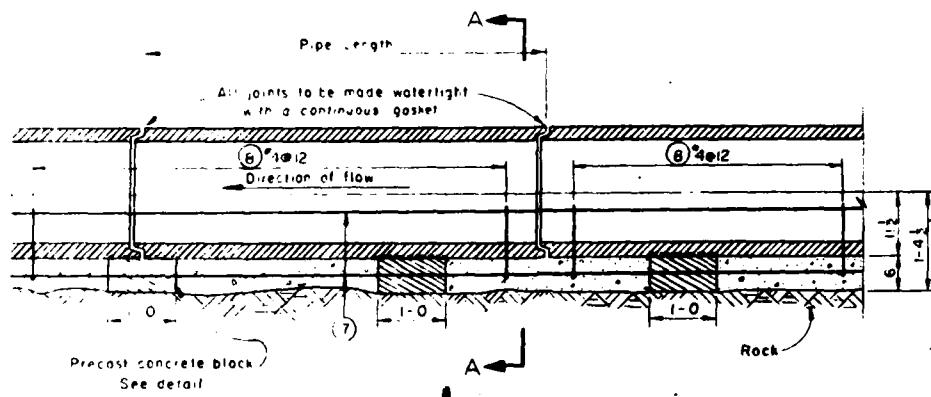
Scale 1:100

PLATE

STEEL SCHEDULE

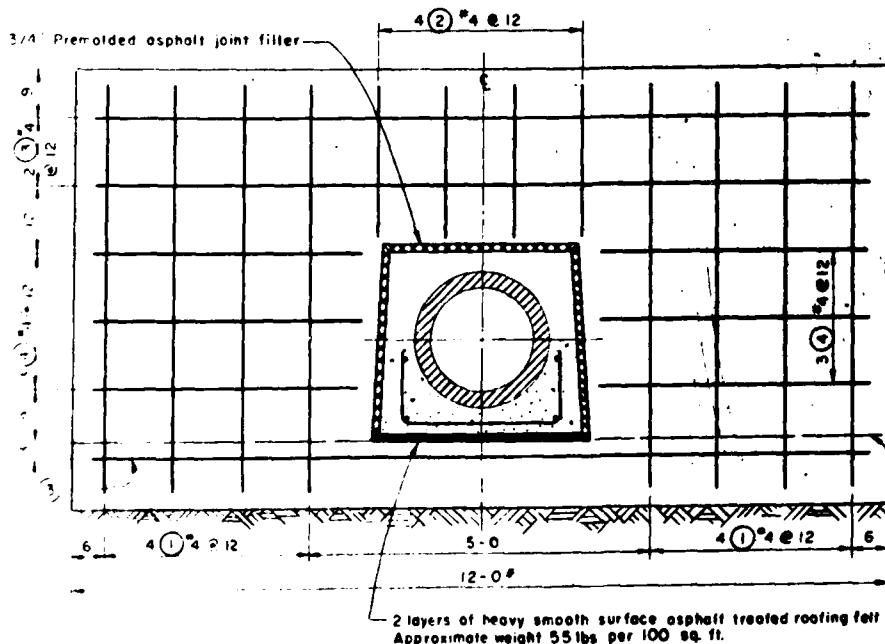
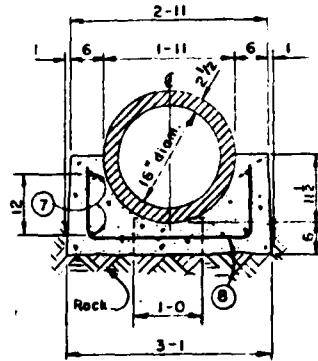
Diameter	Mark	Type	Size	Quan	Length	18"			21"			24"			27"			
						A	B	C	Total Length A	B	C	Total Length A	B	C	Total Length A	B	C	
<i>Schedule to be used for both L = 20-0 and L = 24-0</i>																		
a	3	"4	6	2	0-9 1-9	15-0	2-9	0-10 1-11	16-6	3-0	1-0 2-0	17-0	3-0	1-0 2-0	18-6	3-0	1-0 2-0	
b	1	"4	3	1	9	5-3	2-0		6-0	2-9	0-9 0	7-0	2-9	0-9 0	8-0	3-3	0-9 0	
c	1	"4	2	2	0	4-0	2-0		4-0	2-0	4-0 2-0	4-0	2-0	4-0 2-0	4-0	2-0	4-0 2-0	
d	1	"4	6	7	0	12-0	7-0		12-0	7-0	12-0 7-0	12-0	7-0	12-0 7-0	12-0	7-0	12-0 7-0	
e	4	"3	14	3-3	1-5 0-5	1-5	4-6	4-0 1-9 0-6	1-9	5-6	4-6 1-11 0-8	1-11	6-3	4-9 2-0	1-0 8-2	0-6 6-5	1-8 2-0	
f	4	"4	2	5-0	1-6 1-11 6-5	10-0	5-9	1-9 2-2 1-9 6	11-6	7-9	2-6 2-9 2-6	15-6	8-6	2-9 3-0 2-9	1-0 9-3	2-2 4-2	1-2 4-2	
g	1	"3	2	1	0	2-0	1-0		2-0	1-0	2-0 1-0	2-0	1-0	2-0 1-0	2-0	1-0	2-0 1-0	
h	1	"5	2	8	0	16-0	8-0		16-0	8-0	16-0 8-0	16-0	8-0	16-0 8-0	16-0	8-0	16-0 8-0	
i	1	"6	2															
<i>Additional Schedule to be used for L = 20-0 only</i>																		
k	1	"4	3	18	0	54-0	18-0		54-0	18-0	54-0 18-0	54-0	18-0	54-0 18-0	54-0	18-0	54-0 18-0	
l	1	"5	2	18	0	36-0	18-0		36-0	18-0	36-0 18-0	36-0	18-0	36-0 18-0	36-0	18-0	36-0 18-0	
m	4	"4	18	3-0	0-6 3-1-11 0-6 3	54-0	3-6	0-8 2-2 0-8	43-0	4-9 1-0 2-9	1-0 85-6	51-3	1-1/2 3-0 1-1/2	34-6	6-0	4-2-4	16-6	
<i>Additional Schedule to be used for L = 24-0 only</i>																		
k	1	"4	3	22	0	66-0	22-0		66-0	22-0	66-0 22-0	66-0	22-0	66-0 22-0	66-0	22-0	66-0 22-0	
l	1	"5	2	22	0	44-0	22-0		44-0	22-0	44-0 22-0	44-0	22-0	44-0 22-0	44-0	22-0	44-0 22-0	
m	4	"4	22	3-0	0-6 3-1-11 0-6 3	66-0	3-6	0-8 2-2 0-8	77-0	3-9 1-0 2-9	1-0 115-3	1-1/2 3-0 1-1/2	115-6	6-0	4-3-4	132-0	0-6	4-3-4





DETAIL OF CRADLE AND BLOCK LOCATIONS

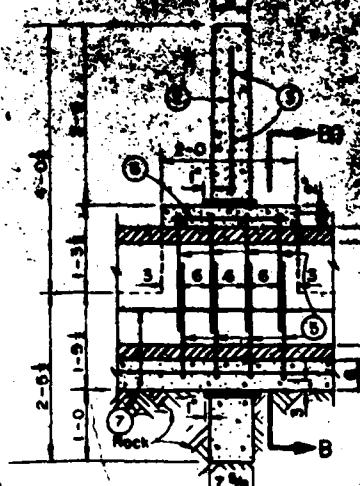
SECTION A-A



ELEVATION OF ANTI-SEEP COLLAR

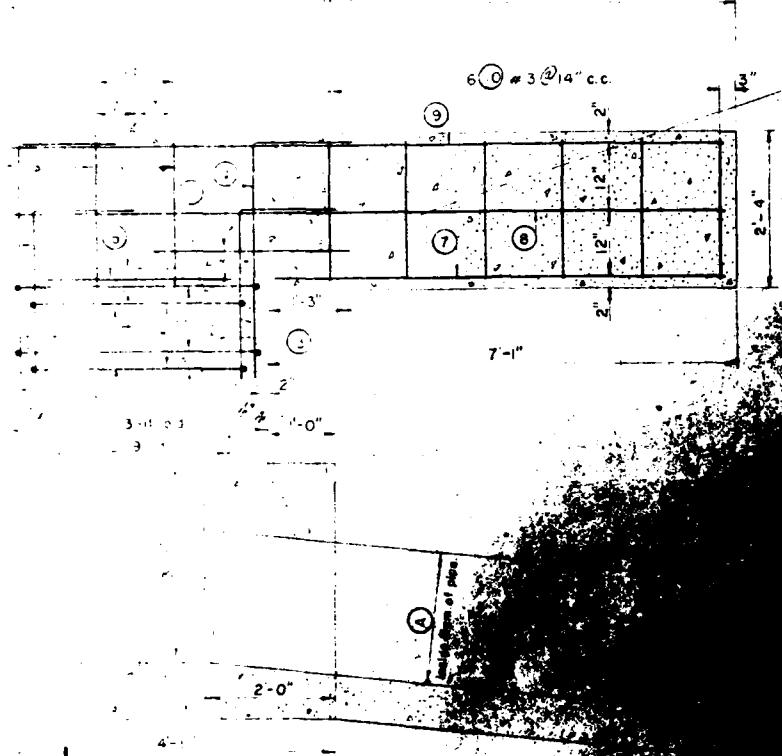
Shown with Type II Cradle

* Note Length of collar may be reduced to that required for a minimum extension of 1-0" into firm stone of the sides of structure

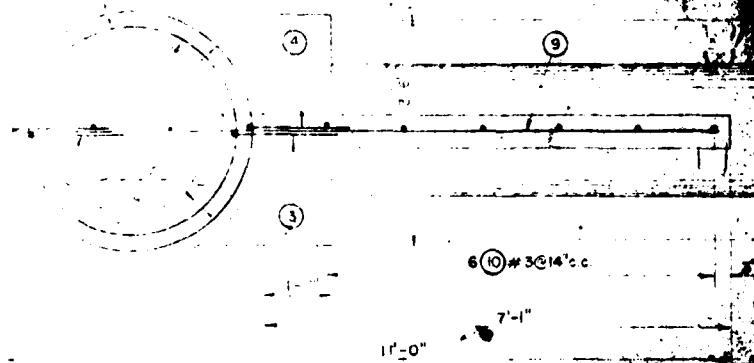


SECTION ON 4

ANTI-SEEP COLLAR (E-10 TYPE)						
COLLAR NO.	MATERIAL	SIZE	CAP.	LEAD	TYPE	PIPS
1	4	6	6	6	1	1
2	5	6	6	6	1	1
3	6	6	6	6	1	1
4	7	6	6	6	1	1
5	8	6	6	6	1	1
6	9	6	6	6	1	1
7	10	6	6	6	1	1
8	11	6	6	6	1	1
9	12	6	6	6	1	1
10	13	6	6	6	1	1
11	14	6	6	6	1	1
12	15	6	6	6	1	1
13	16	6	6	6	1	1
14	17	6	6	6	1	1
15	18	6	6	6	1	1
16	19	6	6	6	1	1
17	20	6	6	6	1	1
18	21	6	6	6	1	1
19	22	6	6	6	1	1
20	23	6	6	6	1	1
21	24	6	6	6	1	1
22	25	6	6	6	1	1
23	26	6	6	6	1	1
24	27	6	6	6	1	1
25	28	6	6	6	1	1
26	29	6	6	6	1	1
27	30	6	6	6	1	1
28	31	6	6	6	1	1
29	32	6	6	6	1	1
30	33	6	6	6	1	1
31	34	6	6	6	1	1
32	35	6	6	6	1	1
33	36	6	6	6	1	1
34	37	6	6	6	1	1
35	38	6	6	6	1	1
36	39	6	6	6	1	1
37	40	6	6	6	1	1
38	41	6	6	6	1	1
39	42	6	6	6	1	1
40	43	6	6	6	1	1
41	44	6	6	6	1	1
42	45	6	6	6	1	1
43	46	6	6	6	1	1
44	47	6	6	6	1	1
45	48	6	6	6	1	1
46	49	6	6	6	1	1
47	50	6	6	6	1	1
48	51	6	6	6	1	1
49	52	6	6	6	1	1
50	53	6	6	6	1	1
51	54	6	6	6	1	1
52	55	6	6	6	1	1
53	56	6	6	6	1	1
54	57	6	6	6	1	1
55	58	6	6	6	1	1
56	59	6	6	6	1	1
57	60	6	6	6	1	1
58	61	6	6	6	1	1
59	62	6	6	6	1	1
60	63	6	6	6	1	1
61	64	6	6	6	1	1
62	65	6	6	6	1	1
63	66	6	6	6	1	1
64	67	6	6	6	1	1
65	68	6	6	6	1	1
66	69	6	6	6	1	1
67	70	6	6	6	1	1
68	71	6	6	6	1	1
69	72	6	6	6	1	1
70	73	6	6	6	1	1
71	74	6	6	6	1	1
72	75	6	6	6	1	1
73	76	6	6	6	1	1
74	77	6	6	6	1	1
75	78	6	6	6	1	1
76	79	6	6	6	1	1
77	80	6	6	6	1	1
78	81	6	6	6	1	1
79	82	6	6	6	1	1
80	83	6	6	6	1	1
81	84	6	6	6	1	1
82	85	6	6	6	1	1
83	86	6	6	6	1	1
84	87	6	6	6	1	1
85	88	6	6	6	1	1
86	89	6	6	6	1	1
87	90	6	6	6	1	1
88	91	6	6	6	1	1
89	92	6	6	6	1	1
90	93	6	6	6	1	1
91	94	6	6	6	1	1
92	95	6	6	6	1	1
93	96	6	6	6	1	1
94	97	6	6	6	1	1
95	98	6	6	6	1	1
96	99	6	6	6	1	1
97	100	6	6	6	1	1
98	101	6	6	6	1	1
99	102	6	6	6	1	1
100	103	6	6	6	1	1
101	104	6	6	6	1	1
102	105	6	6	6	1	1
103	106	6	6	6	1	1
104	107	6	6	6	1	1
105	108	6	6	6	1	1
106	109	6	6	6	1	1
107	110	6	6	6	1	1
108	111	6	6	6	1	1
109	112	6	6	6	1	1
110	113	6	6	6	1	1
111	114	6	6	6	1	1
112	115	6	6	6	1	1
113	116	6	6	6	1	1
114	117	6	6	6	1	1
115	118	6	6	6	1	1
116	119	6	6	6	1	1
117	120	6	6	6	1	1
118	121	6	6	6	1	1
119	122	6	6	6	1	1
120	123	6	6	6	1	1
121	124	6	6	6	1	1
122	125	6	6	6	1	1
123	126	6	6	6	1	1
124	127	6	6	6	1	1
125	128	6	6	6	1	1
126	129	6	6	6	1	1
127	130	6	6	6	1	1
128	131	6	6	6	1	1
129	132	6	6	6	1	1
130	133	6	6	6	1	1
131	134	6	6	6	1	1
132	135	6	6	6	1	1
133	136	6	6	6	1	1
134	137	6	6	6	1	1
135	138	6	6	6	1	1
136	139	6	6	6	1	1
137	140	6	6	6	1	1
138	141	6	6	6	1	1
139	142	6	6	6	1	1
140	143	6	6	6	1	1
141	144	6	6	6	1	1
142	145	6	6	6	1	1
143	146	6	6	6	1	1
144	147	6	6	6	1	1
145	148	6	6	6	1	1
146	149	6	6	6	1	1
147	150	6	6	6	1	1
148	151	6	6	6	1	1
149	152	6	6	6	1	1
150	153	6	6	6	1	1
151	154	6	6	6	1	1
152	155	6	6	6	1	1
153	156	6	6	6	1	1
154	157	6	6	6	1	1
155	158	6	6	6	1	1
156	159	6	6	6	1	1
157	160	6	6	6	1	1
158	161	6	6	6	1	1
159	162	6	6	6	1	1
160	163	6	6	6	1	1
161	164	6	6	6	1	1
162	165	6	6	6	1	1
163	166	6	6	6	1	1
164	167	6	6	6	1	1
165	168	6	6	6	1	1
166	169	6	6	6	1	1
167	170	6	6	6	1	1
168	171	6	6	6	1	1
169	172	6	6	6	1	1
170	173	6	6	6	1	1
171	174	6	6	6	1	1
172	175	6	6	6	1	1
173	176	6	6	6	1	1
174	177	6	6	6	1	1
175	178	6	6	6	1	1
176	179	6	6	6	1	1
177	180	6	6	6	1	1
178	181	6	6	6	1	1
179	182	6	6	6	1	1
180	183	6	6	6	1	1
181	184	6	6	6	1	1
182	185	6	6	6	1	1
183	186	6	6	6	1	1
184	187	6	6	6	1	1
185	188	6	6	6	1	1
186	189	6	6	6	1	1
187	190	6	6	6	1	1
188	191	6	6	6	1	1
189	192	6	6	6	1	1
190	193	6	6	6	1	1
191	194	6	6	6	1	1
192	195	6	6	6	1	1
193	196	6	6	6	1	1
194	197	6	6	6	1	1
195	198	6	6	6	1	1
196	199	6	6	6	1	1
197	200	6	6	6	1	1
198	201	6	6	6	1	1
199	202	6	6	6	1	1
200	203	6	6	6	1	1
201	204	6	6	6	1	1
202	205	6	6	6	1	1
203	206	6	6	6	1	1
204	207	6	6	6	1	1
205	208	6	6	6	1	1
206	209	6	6	6	1	1
207	210	6	6	6	1	1
208	211	6	6	6	1	1
209	212	6	6	6	1	1
210	213	6	6	6	1	1
211	214	6	6	6	1	1
212	215	6	6	6	1	1
213	216	6	6	6	1	1
214	217	6	6	6	1	1
215	218	6	6	6	1	1
216	219	6	6	6	1	1
217	220	6	6	6	1	1
218	221	6	6	6	1	1
219	222	6	6	6	1	1
220	223	6	6	6	1	1
221	224	6	6	6	1	1
222	225					

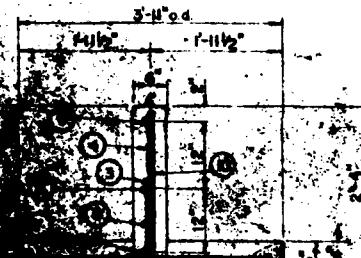


SECTION ON CENTERLINE



PLAN

PLATE-12



STEEL SCHEDULE

LOCATION	MARK	SIZE	AN	TYPE	TH	WT
Riser	1	#2	2	-	.9	
"	2	"	2	-	.2	
Riser Bafflewall	3	#5	2	4-0		
"	4	"	2	5-0	3	
Bafflewall	5	#8	1	3-0"		
"	6	#5	1	3-0"		
"	7	#4	1	6-9"		
"	8	"	1	10-9		
"	9	#5	1	12-9		
"	10	#3	2	2-0"		

QUANTITIES

#	45.5	Lined	Feet
#3	16.00	"	"
#4	20.50	"	"
#5	31.75	"	"

BAR TYPE DETAILS

Straight

TYPE -

107

卷之二

3

TABLE SHOWING DIMENSION & MATERIALS

E-1		DIMENSION	
		DIMENSIONS	
	10'-0"		
	18'		
	12'-0"		
	14'-10"		
	12'-10"		
MATERIAL		QUANTITY	
1 cu. yds.	3.90		

~~1~~ FILL STATION

~~4~~ FILL STA.2100 174

CONCRETE CIRCULAR T-SER WITH

Lost Creek Watershed "E"
Soil District #1 Lincoln County
Minor Watershed "E"

**U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE**

DESIGNER	DATE	APPROV'D BY
<i>R.N. Lubcke</i>	8-27-50	TITLE
DRAWER		
<i>R.C. Murphy</i>	4-4-50	TITLE
REVISION	4-16-50	REV'D BY
INITIALS	8-16-50	APPROV'D BY
NAME	NO 10	DRAWING NO.
COMPANY	DT	3-E-45620-P
STANDARD DESIGN NO. 37504		

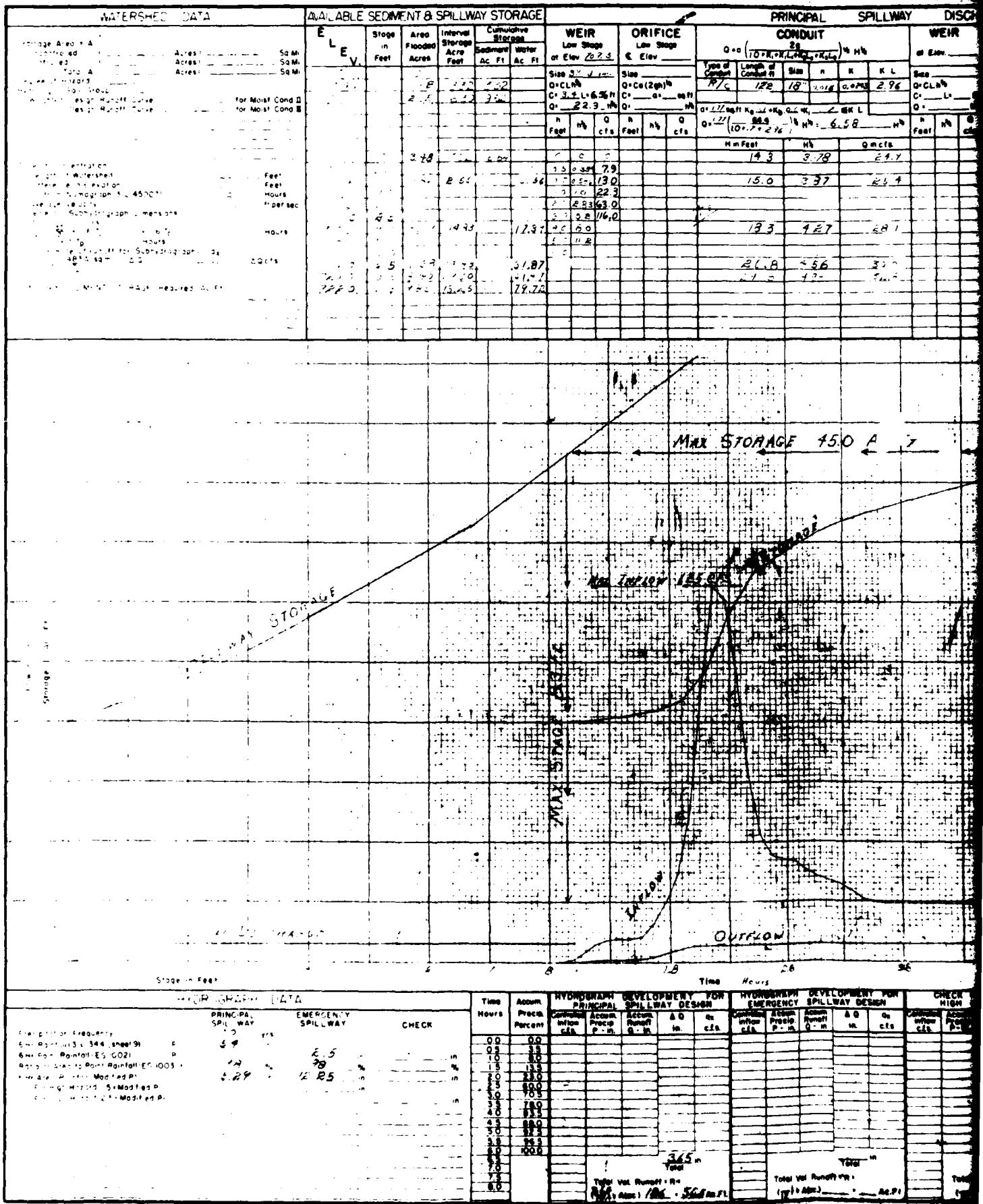


PLATE-13

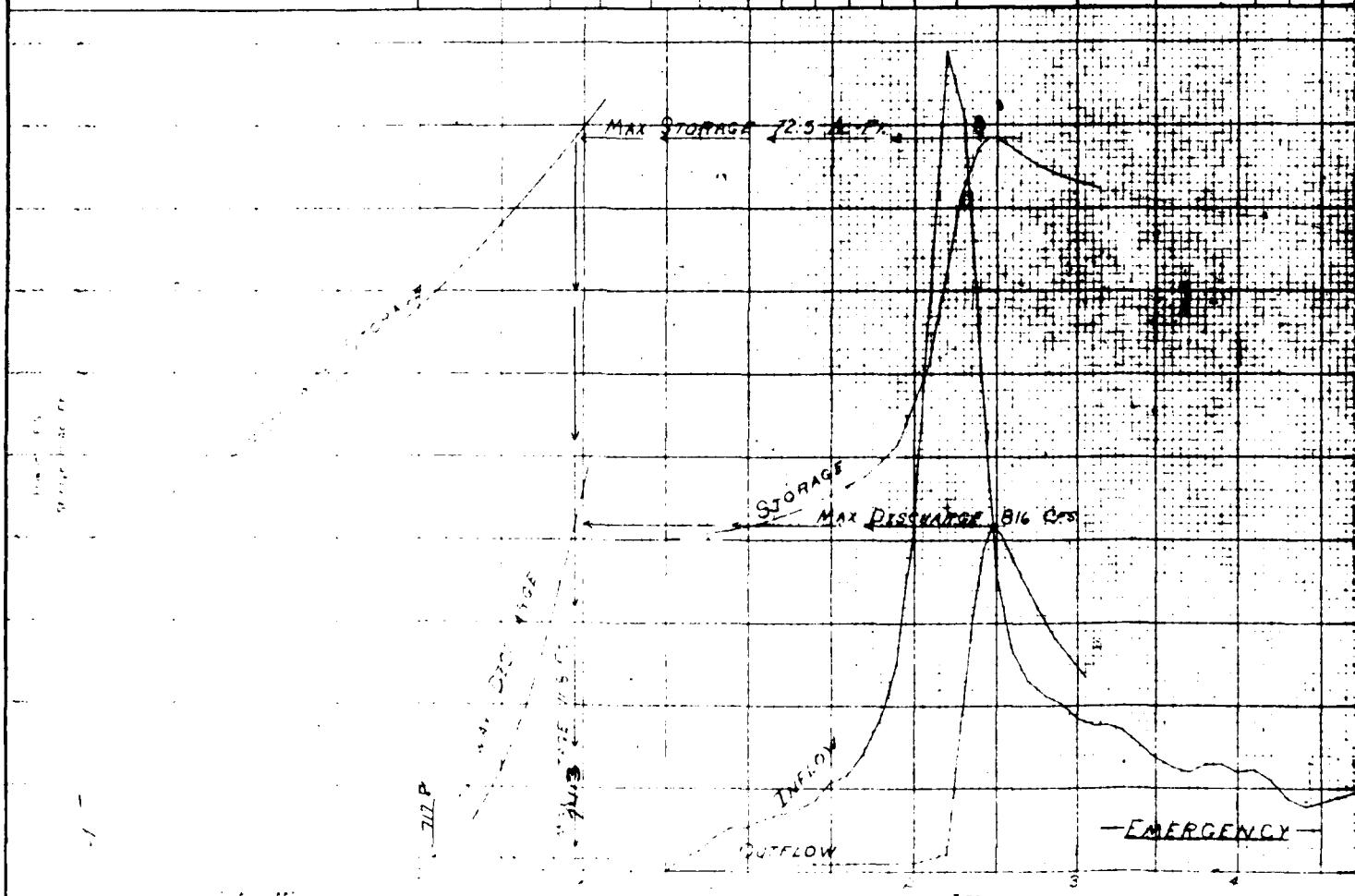


PLATE - 14

STATIONMENT FOR EMERGENCY SPILLWAY DESIGN			CHECK HYDROGRAPH FOR HIGH HAZARD DESIGN			SUMMARY DATA		FIELD STRUCTURE	
Accum Inches	6.0	26	Controlled Accum Inches cts	Accum Precip in cts	Accum Runoff in cts	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Flow inches	0.0	0.0	Flow inches	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Time in hours	0.0	0.0	Time in hours	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Flow Rate in cfs	0.0	0.0	Flow Rate in cfs	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Flow Rate in ft sec	0.0	0.0	Flow Rate in ft sec	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Flow Rate in m sec	0.0	0.0	Flow Rate in m sec	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Top of Embankment			Top of Embankment			Elev			
Emergency Spillway			Emergency Spillway			Elev			
High Stage Alert			High Stage Alert			Elev			
Low Stage Alert			Low Stage Alert			Elev			
Invert Inner End of Conduit			Invert Inner End of Conduit			Elev			
Invert Outer End of Conduit			Invert Outer End of Conduit			Elev			
Maximum Tailwater			Max. Tailwater			Elev			
Degree of Hazard			Degree of Hazard						
Design Rate or Runoff			Design Rate or Runoff						
Peak Rate of Inflow			Peak Rate of Inflow						
Max. Num. Discharge			Max. Num. Discharge						
Flow Maximum Stage			Flow Maximum Stage						
Minimum Storage			Minimum Storage						
Available Sediment Storage			Available Sediment Storage						
Reservoir Capacity			Reservoir Capacity						
End of Stage			End of Stage						
Water Storage			Water Storage						
Flow			Flow						

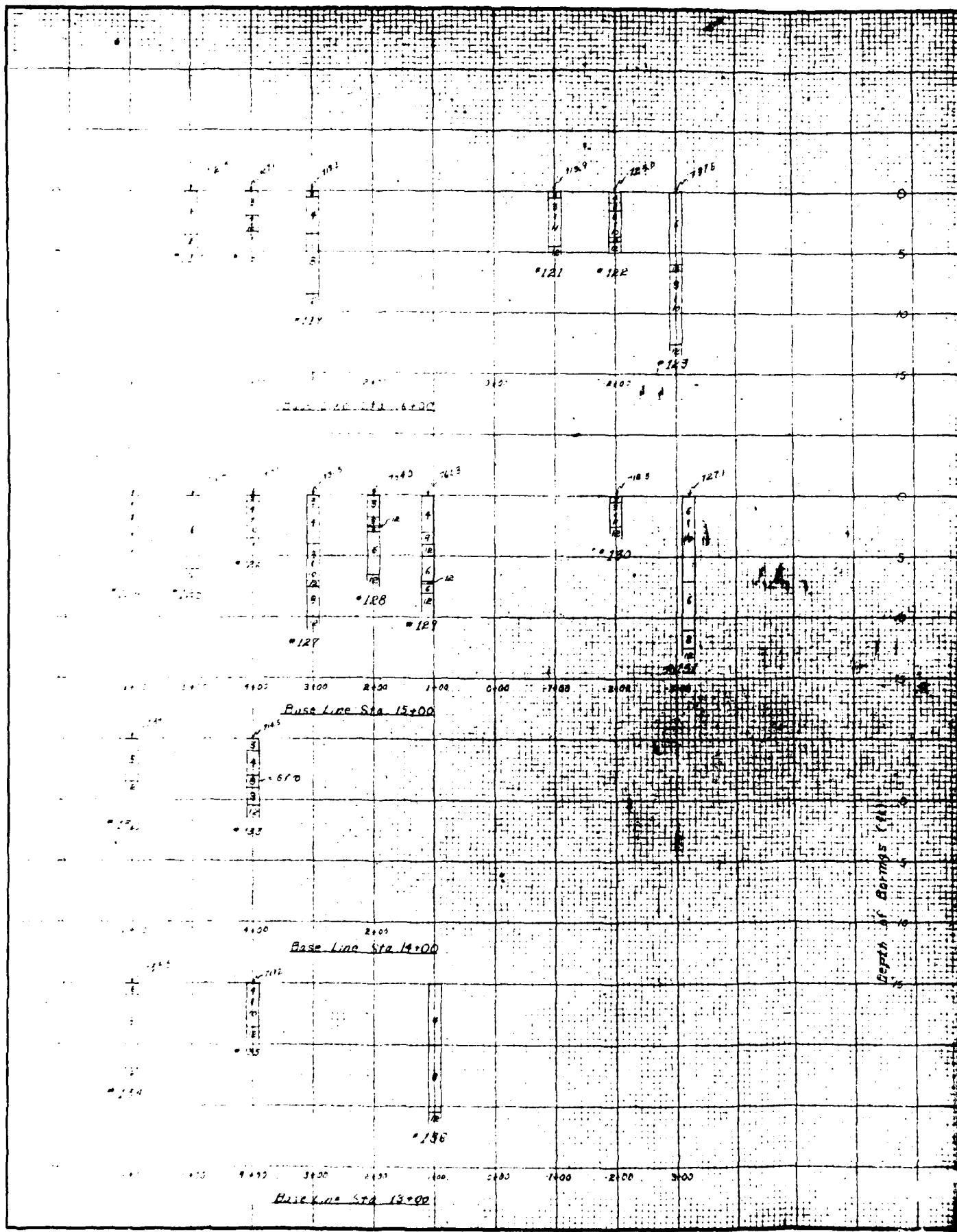
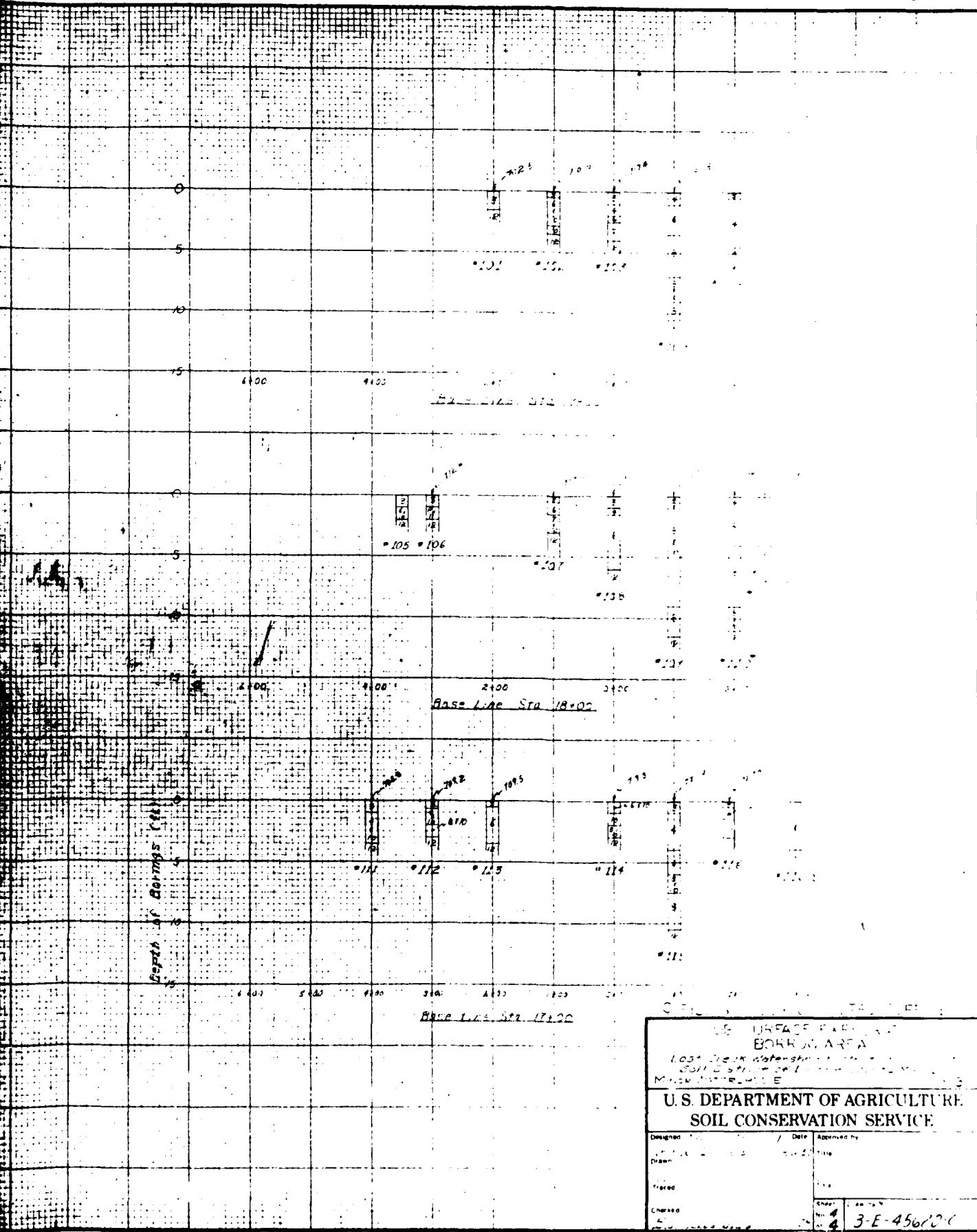


PLATE-15



SOIL SURFACE FARM BORROW AREA	
100' x 100' Watershed	
SOIL SURVEY SHEET	
MICHIGAN STATE	
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE	
Designed by	Date Approved by
Drawn	Date Drawn
Planned	Date Planned
Charged	Date Charged
Sheet No. 4 3-E-45612-C	

PLATE 16



SCALE

10 0 10 20 30 40 Miles



LOCATION OF DAM

NOTE: LEGEND OF THIS DAM IS ON PLATE 17

REFERENCE:

GEOLOGIC MAP OF MISSOURI

DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES

MISSOURI GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

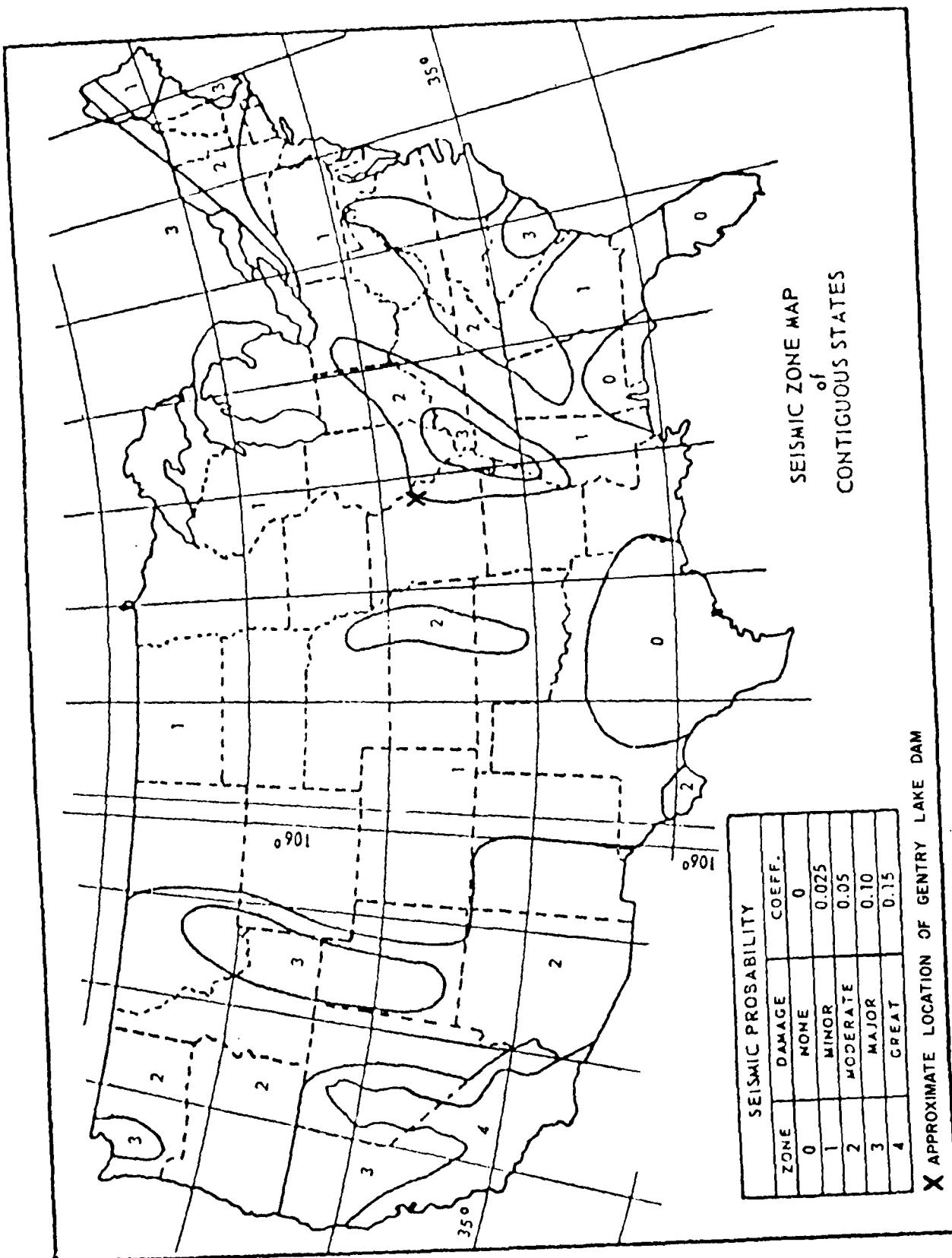
KENNETH H. ANDERSON, 1979

REGIONAL GEOLOGICAL MAP
OF
GENTRY LAKE DAM

LEGEND

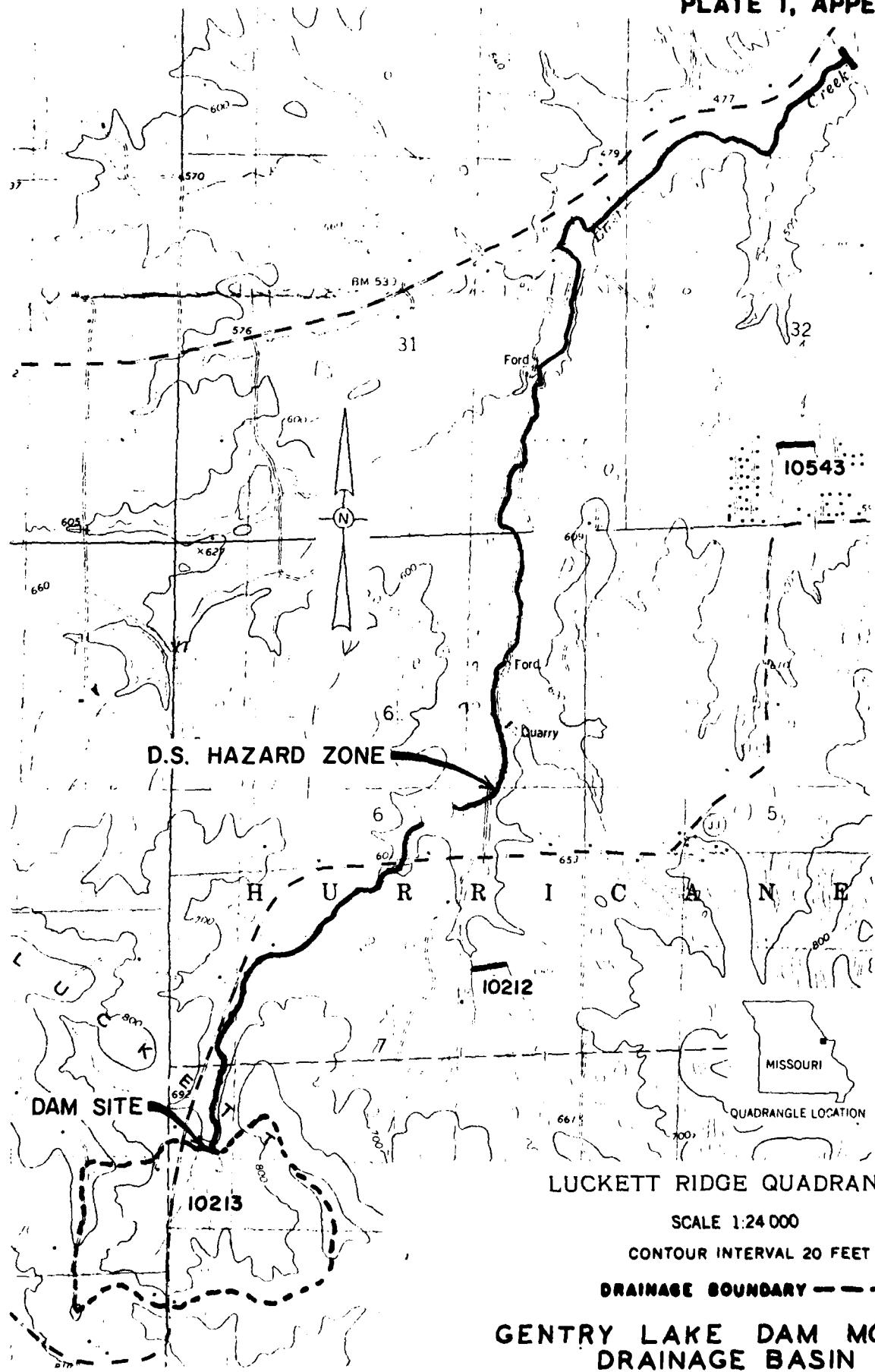
<u>PERIOD</u>	<u>SYMBOL</u>	<u>DESCRIPTION</u>
QUATERNARY	Qal	ALLUVIUM: SAND, SILT, GRAVEL
PENNSYLVANIAN	Pm	MARMATON GROUP: CYCLIC DEPOSITS OF SHALE, LIMESTONE AND SANDSTONE
	Pcc	CHEROKEE GROUP: CYCLIC DEPOSITS OF SHALE, LIMESTONE AND SANDSTONE
MISSISSIPPIAN	Mm	ST. LOUIS FORMATION: LIMESTONE INTERBEDDED WITH SHALE.
	Mm	SALEM FORMATION: LIMESTONE INTERBEDDED WITH SHALE AND SILTSTONE
	Mm	WARSAW FORMATION: ARGILLACEOUS LIMESTONE AND CALCAREOUS SHALE
	Mo	KEOKUK- BURLINGTON FORMATION: CHERTY GRAYISH BROWN SANDY LIMESTONE
	Mk	NORTHVIEW- COMPTON AND BACHELOR FORMATION
DEVONIAN	D	CHATTANOOGA SHALE SYLAMORE SANDSTONE
ORDOVICIAN	Om k	MAQUOKETA SHALE: KIMMSWICK LIMESTONE
	Odp	DECORAH FORMATION: GREEN TO GRAY CALCAREOUS SHALE WITH THIN FOSSILIFEROUS LIMESTONE

PLATE 18



APPENDIX B
HYDROLOGIC AND HYDRAULIC COMPUTATIONS

PLATE I, APPENDIX B



ECI-4 PRC ENGINEERING CONSULTANTS , INC.

DAM SAFETY INSPECTION / MISSOURI - 1980

SHEET NO. 1 OF 2

GENTRY LAKE DAM

JOB NO. 1263

PRINCIPAL STILLWAY DISCHARGE

BY MAS DATE 5-9-80

GENTRY LAKE 2AM

PRINCIPAL SPILLWAY DISCHARGE

Information From SCS DWGs:

$$Q_W = CL h^{3/2} = 3 \cdot 4 \times \pi \times 3' \times h^{3/2} = 32 h^{3/2}$$

Calculation of Discharge:

W.S. Elev.	WEIR FLOW		PRESSURE FLOW		Controlling Discharge Q_E
	h	$Q_w = 32 h^{3/2}$	H	$Q_e = 6.58 H^{1/2}$	
709.5	0	0			0
710	0.5	11.30			11.30
710.2	0.7	18.70	15	25.5	18.70
710.5	1.0	<u>32.0</u>	15.3	25.7	<u>25.70</u>
711.0			15.8	26.2	26.2
715			19.8	29.3	29.3
719.0			23.8	32.1	32.1
720.0			24.8	32.8	32.8
724.5			29.3	35.6	35.6
{ 720.5			25.3	33.1	33.1
721.8			26.6	33.9	33.9
723.2			28.0	34.8	34.8
725.1			29.9	36.0	36.0
725.8			30.6	36.4	36.4
726.5			31.3	36.8	36.8
727.0			31.8	37.1	37.1
729.5			34.3	38.5	38.5

ELI-4 PHC ENGINEERING CONSULTANTS, INC.

DAM SAFETY INSPECTION / MISSOURI - 1980

SHEET NO. 2 OF 2

GENTRY LAKE DAM

JOB NO. 1263

PRINCIPAL SPILLWAY DISCHARGE

BY MAS DATE 5-9-80

* Check for Orifice flow:

$$Q_o = 0.6 A \sqrt{2gh}$$

$$= 0.6 \times 785 \times 9 \sqrt{64.4 \times 1}$$

$$\Rightarrow \underline{\underline{34 \text{ cfs}}}$$

Orifice flow cannot occur.

ECI-4 PRC ENGINEERING CONSULTANTS, INC.

DAM SAFETY INSPECTION / MISSOURI - 1980

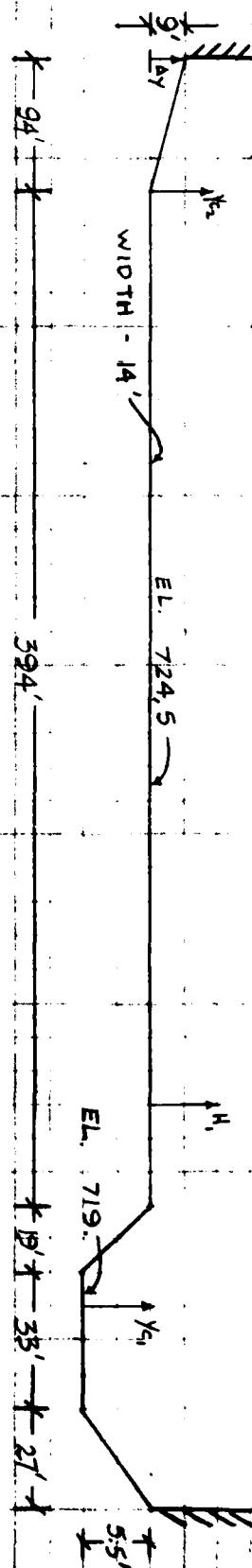
SHEET NO. 1 OF 1

GENTRY LAKE DAM (MO 10213)

JOB NO. 1263

EMERGENCY SPILLWAY AND OVERTOP RATING CURVE BY JFK DATE 5/14/80

Y_4	A_4	T_{4i}	$\frac{V_{4i}}{T_{4i}}$	$V_{4i}^2/2g$	$Q_{4i} = A_{4i} V_{4i}$	$\frac{U/S \text{ W.S.}}{V_{4i}^2/2g}$	$\frac{Y_{4i}}{Y_{4i} + \frac{V_{4i}^2}{2g}}$	C_i	L_i	H_i	$Q_i = C_i L_i H_i^{2/3} \frac{2}{3} (\frac{H_i}{\Delta Y})$	$\frac{Y_{4i}}{\frac{1}{4} \Delta Y}$	T_{4i}	A_{4i}	$Q_{4i} = \left(\frac{A_{4i}^3}{T_{4i}} \right)^{2/3}$	$Q_1 = Q_{4i} + Q_2 + Q_3$
0	0	0	0	0	0	719.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
1	37.2	41.4	5.4	0.45	200.8	720.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	201
2	82.7	49.7	7.3	0.83	603.7	721.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	604
3	136.6	58.1	8.7	1.17	1188.4	723.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1188
4	198.9	66.5	9.8	1.49	1249.2	724.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	194.9
4.5	233.2	70.6	10.3	1.65	2402.0	725.1	2.70	394	0.6	494.4	0.5	522	1.31	3.7	2900	
5	269.6	74.8	10.8	1.81	2911.7	725.8	2.64	394	1.3	1541.8	1.04	1086	5.65	23.1	4477	
5.5	308.0	79.0	11.2	1.95	3449.6	726.5	2.63	394	2.0	2930.9	1.6	1670	13.36	67.8	6448	
6	324.5	79.0	11.5	2.05	3731.8	727.0	2.63	394	2.5	4096.0	2.0	2088	20.88	118.5	7946	
8	390.5	79.0	12.6	2.47	4920.3	729.5	2.63	394	5.0	11585.3	4.0	4176	83.52	670.2	17176	
12	522.5	79.0	14.6	3.30	7628.5	734.3	2.63	394	9.8	31790.0	7.84	8185	320.9	3605.6	43024	



ECI-4 PRC ENGINEERING CONSULTANTS, INC.

DAM SAFETY INSPECTION / MISSOURI - 1980

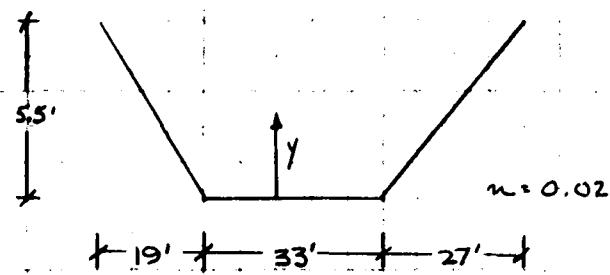
SHEET NO. 1 OF 1

GENTRY LAKE DAM (MO 10213)

JOB NO. 1263

CHECK EMERGENCY SPILLWAY SLOPE

BY JFK DATE 5/14/80



$$T = y (46/\text{s.s.}) + 33$$

$$A = y (1/2 y (46/\text{s.s.}) + 33)$$

$$\varphi = \left(\frac{BA^3}{T} \right)^{1/2} \quad \text{and} \quad S_c = \left[\frac{Q_m}{1.49 A_c R_c^{2/3}} \right]^2$$

Mildest Slope in Spillway, $s = 6''/36' = 0.014$

for $y = 1$,

$$A = 37.2$$

$$T = 41.4$$

$$Q = 201$$

$$S_c = \left[\frac{201 (0.02)}{1.49 (37.2) (0.89)^{2/3}} \right]^2 = 0.006$$

$s > S_c$ O.K.

for $y = .5$,

$$A = 269.5$$

$$T = 74.8$$

$$Q = 2911.7$$

$$S_c = \left[\frac{2911.7 (0.02)}{1.49 (269.5) (3.55)^{2/3}} \right]^2 = 0.004$$

$s > S_c$ O.K.

∴ The assumption of critical depth at the spillway crest is valid.

ECI-4 PRC ENGINEERING CONSULTANTS, INC.

DAM SAFETY INSPECTION / MISSOURI

SHEET NO. 1 OF 1

GENTRY LAKE DAM (MO 10213)

JOB NO. 1263

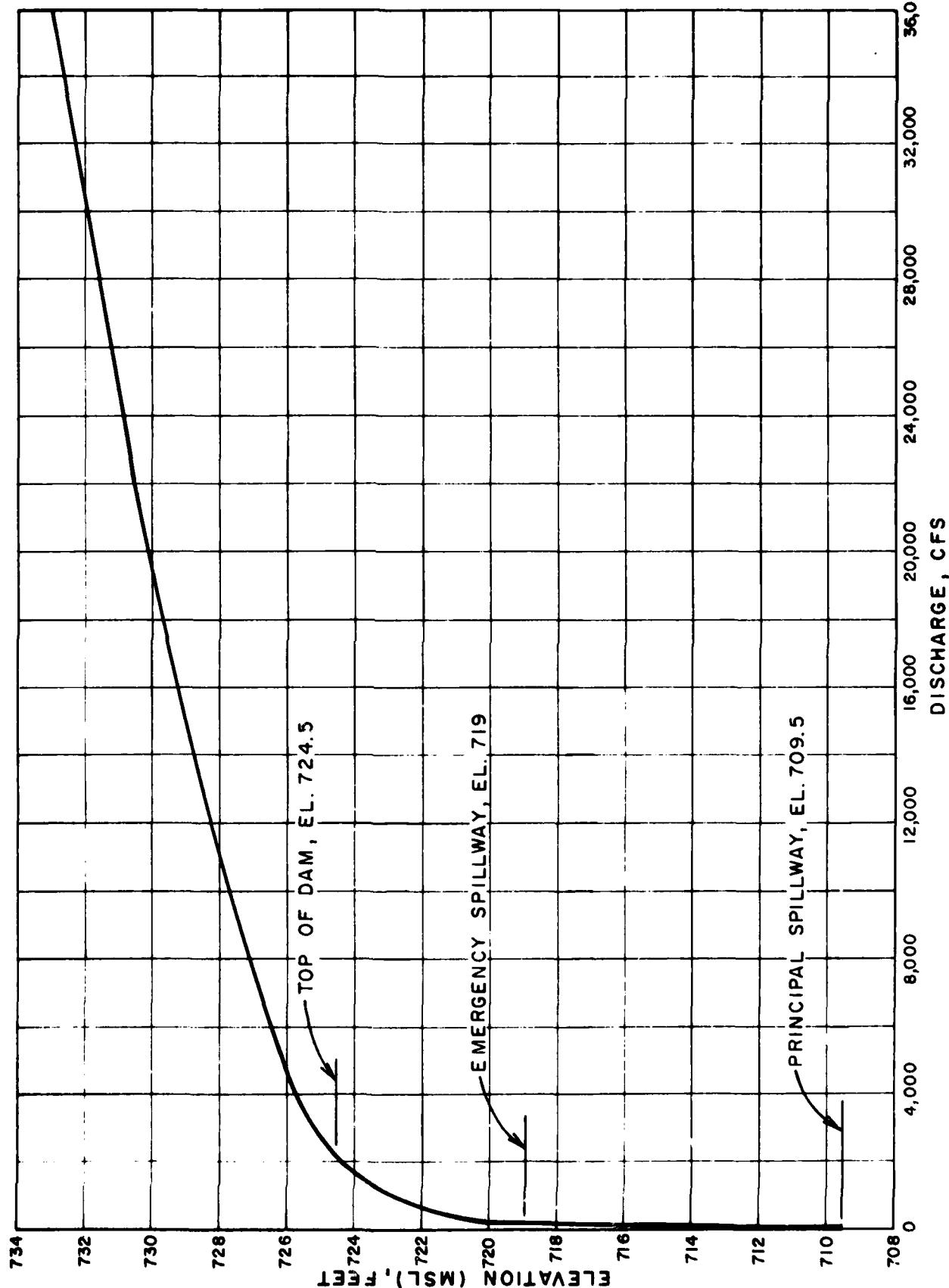
COMBINED RATING CURVE

BY JFK DATE 5/14/60

COMBINED SPILLWAYS AND OVERTOP RATING CURVE TABULATION

RESERVOIR WATER SURFACE ELEVATION	PRINCIPAL SPILLWAY DISCHARGE	EMERGENCY SPILLWAY AND OVERTOP DISCHARGE	COMBINED DISCHARGE
709.5	0	0	0
710.0	11	0	11
710.2	19	0	19
710.5	26	0	26
711.0	26	0	26
715.0	29	0	29
719.0	32	0	32
720.0	33	135	168
720.5	33	201	234
721.8	34	604	638
723.2	35	1188	1223
724.5	36	1949	1985
725.1	36	2900	2936
725.8	36	4477	4513
726.5	37	6448	6485
727.0	37	7946	7983
729.5	39	17176	17215
734.3	41	43024	43065

PLATE 2, APPENDIX B



GENTRY LAKE DAM (MO. 10213)
SPILLWAY & OVERTOP RATING CURVE

AD-A104 617

CONSOER TOWNSEND AND ASSOCIATES LTD ST LOUIS MO
NATIONAL DAM SAFETY PROGRAM, GENTRY LAKE DAM (MO 10213), MISSISS--ETC(U)
JUL 80 W G SHIFRIN

F/G 13/15

DACW43-80-C-0094

NL

UNCLASSIFIED

2+2
AD-A104 617



END
DATE
FILED
10-81
DTIC

E-1-4 PRC ENGINEERING CONSULTANTS, INC.

DAM SAFETY INSPECTION/MISCELLANEOUS INFO

SHEET NO. 1 OF 1

GENTRY LAKE DAM

JOB NO. 1263

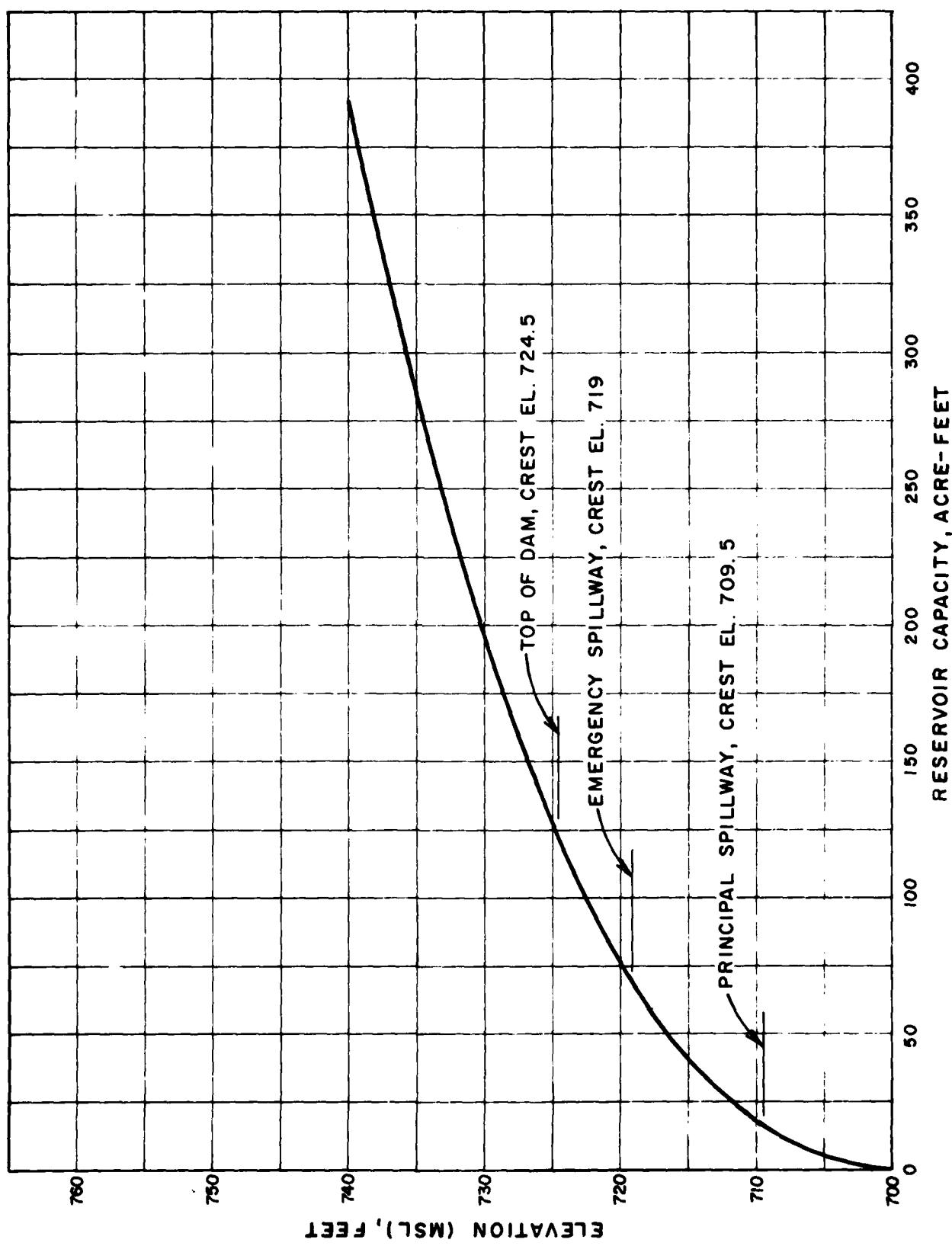
RESERVOIR AREA CAPACITY TABLE

BY MAS DATE 5-1-80

GENTRY LAKE DAMRESERVOIR ELEV. AREA CAPACITY TABLE

Elevation (M.S.L) Ft.	Reservoir Area (Acres)	Cumulative Storage (Ac. Ft.)	Remarks
700	0	0	
704.2	1.58	3.32	→ Data from SCS Drawings
707.2	2.62	9.62	
709.5	3.48	16.64	Principal Spillway Circuit
710.2	3.52	19.20	
713.5	5.19	34.03	Data from SCS Drawings
716.0	6.38	48.51	
719.0	7.90	69.93	Interpolated values at Emergency Spillway Circuit
720.0	8.40	78.11	
722.0	9.85	96.36	Data from SCS ZWG.
724.5	11.70	123.0	Extrapolated area & capacity at top of dam
740	23	392	Area at El 740 is from USGS topo map.

PLATE 3, APPENDIX B



GENTRY LAKE DAM (MO. 10213)
RESERVOIR CAPACITY CURVE

ECI-4 PRC ENGINEERING CONSULTANTS, INC.

DAM SAFETY INSPECTION / MISSOURI - 1980

SHEET NO. 1 OF 1

DAM NAME: GENTRY LAKE DAM (MO 10213)

JOB NO. 1263

PROBABLE MAXIMUM PRECIPITATION

BY JFK DATE 5/1/80

DETERMINATION OF PMP

- 1) Determine drainage area of the basin

$$D.A. = 0.29 \text{ sq. mi.}$$

- 2) Determine PMP Index Rainfall (for D.A. = 200 sq. mi. & 24 hr. duration)

Location of centroid of basin,

$$\text{Long.} = 90^\circ 50' 18'' \quad \text{Lat.} = 39^\circ 06' 37''$$

$$PMP = 24.7'' \quad (\text{from Fig. 1, HMR 33})$$

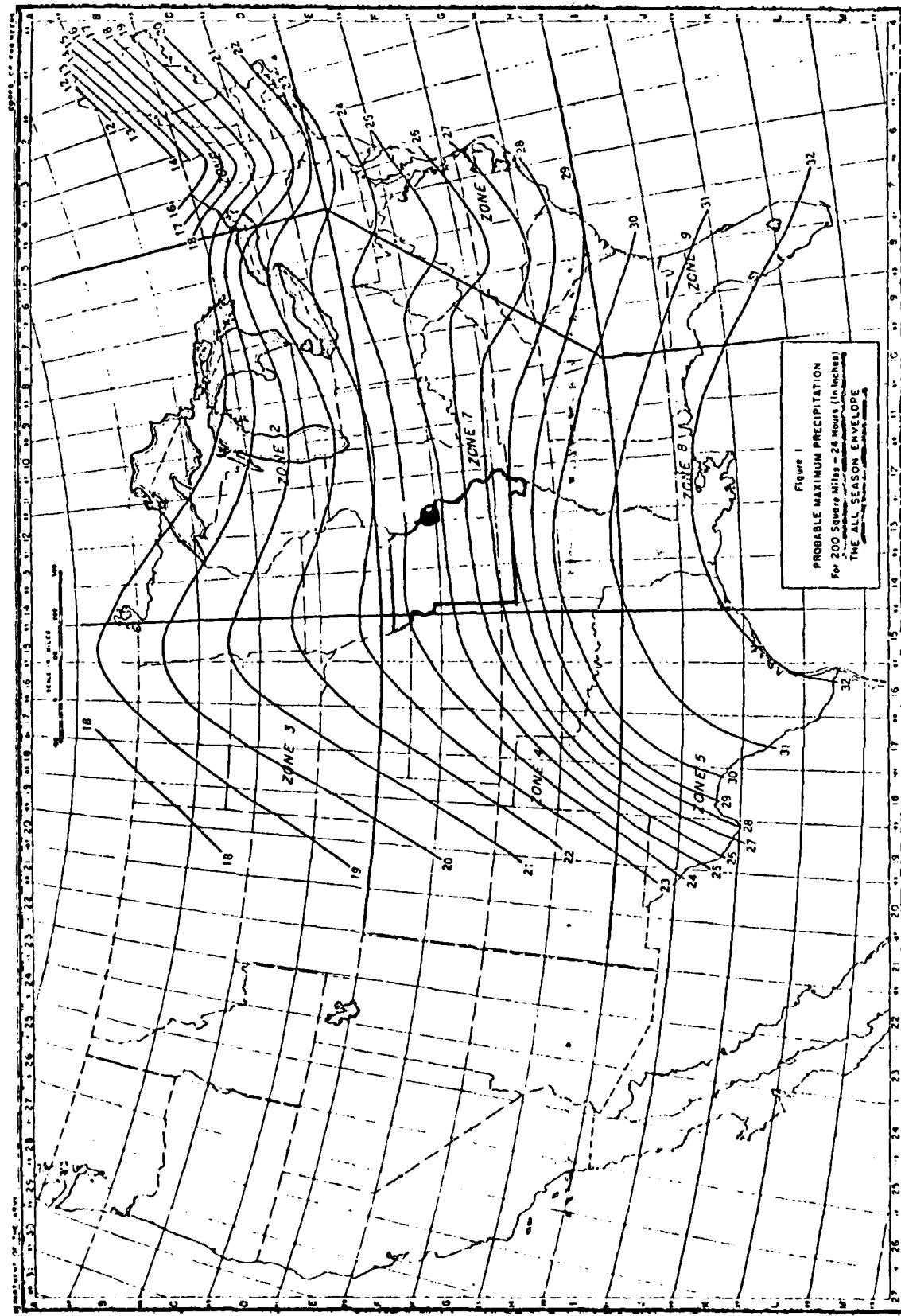
$$\text{Zone} = 7$$

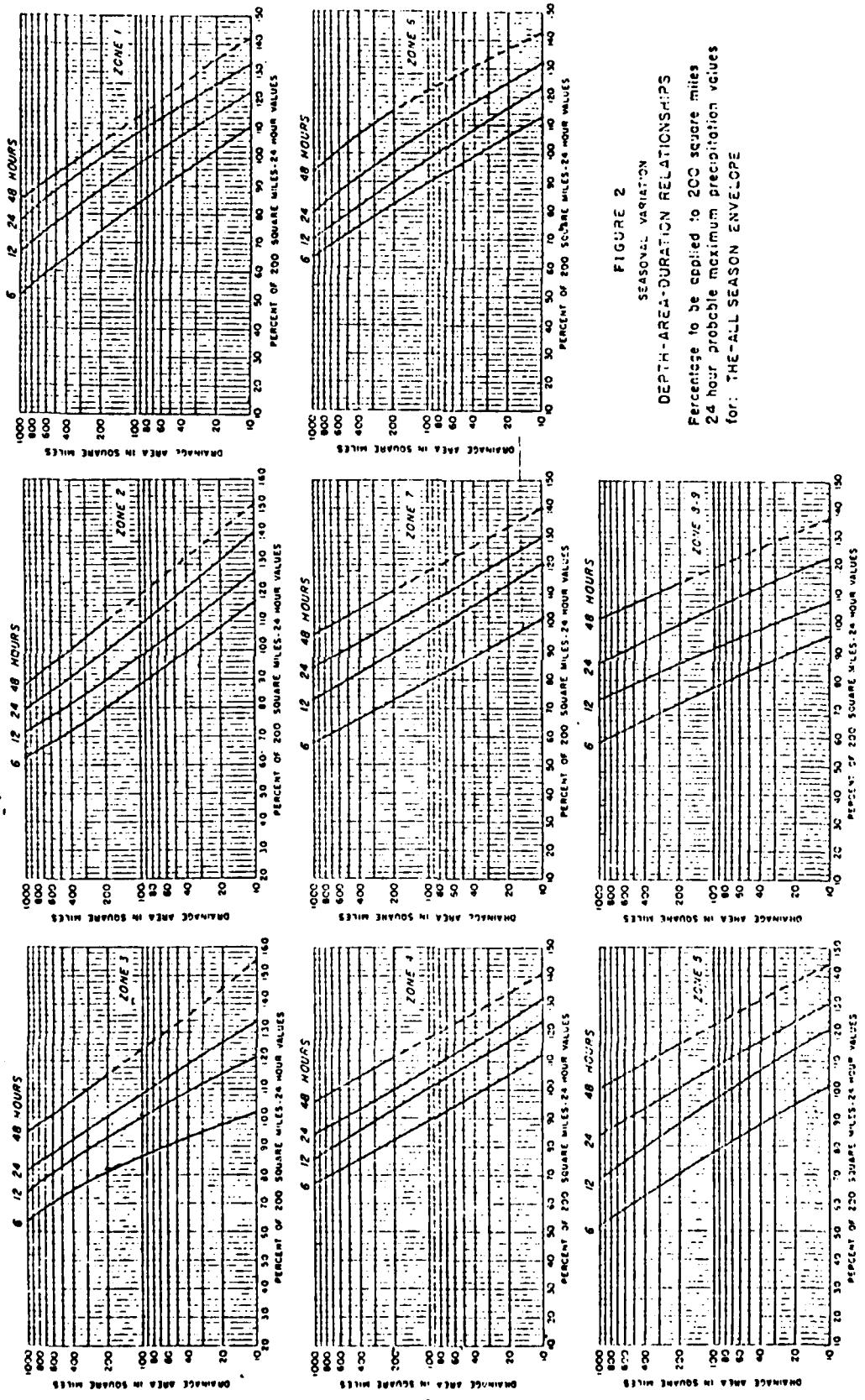
- 3) Determine basin rainfall in terms of percentage of PMP Index Rainfall for various durations.
(from Fig. 2, HMR 33)

Duration (Hrs.)	Percent of Index Rainfall (%)	Total Rainfall (Inches)	Rainfall Increments (Inches)	Duration of Increment (Hrs.)
6	100	24.7	24.7	6
12	120	29.6	4.9	6
24	130	32.1	2.5	12

GENTRY LAKE DAM

⊗ Location of Centroid of Basin





ECI-4 PRC ENGINEERING CONSULTANTS, INC.

DAM SAFETY INSPECTION / MISSOURI - 1980

SHEET NO. 1 OF 1

DAM NAME: GENTRY LAKE DAM (MO 10213)

JOB NO. 1263

UNIT HYDROGRAPH PARAMETERS

BY JFK DATE 5/1/80

- 1) DRAINAGE AREA, $A = 0.29 \text{ sq. mi} = (182.5 \text{ acres})$
- 2) LENGTH OF STREAM, $L = (1.4'' \times 2000') = 2800' = 0.53 \text{ mi.}$
- 3) ELEVATION AT DRAINAGE DIVIDE ALONG THE LONGEST STREAM,
 $H_1 = 900'$
- 4) ELEVATION OF RESERVOIR AT SPILLWAY CREST, $H_2 = 709.5'$
- 5) ELEVATION OF CHANNEL BED AT $0.85L$, $E_{85} = 860'$
- 6) ELEVATION OF CHANNEL BED AT $0.10L$, $E_{10} = 715'$
- 7) AVERAGE SLOPE OF THE CHANNEL, $S_{AVG} = (E_{85} - E_{10}) / 0.75L = 860 - 715 / 2100 = 0.069$
- 8) TIME OF CONCENTRATION:
 - A) BY KIRPICH'S EQUATION,
 $t_c = [(11.9 \times L^3) / (H_1 - H_2)]^{0.385} = [11.9 \times (0.53)^3 / (900 - 709.5)]^{0.385} = 0.17 \text{ hr.}$
 - B) BY VELOCITY ESTIMATE,
 $\text{SLOPE} = 0.069 \Rightarrow \text{AVERAGE VELOCITY} = 5 \text{ fps}$
 $t_c = L/V = 2800 / (5 \times 3600) = 0.16 \text{ hr}$
 USE $t_c = 0.17 \text{ hr}$
- 9) LAG TIME, $t_l = 0.6 t_c = 0.6 (0.17) = 0.10 \text{ hr}$
- 10) UNIT DURATION, $D \leq t_c / 3 = 0.10 / 3 = 0.033 < 0.083 \text{ hr.}$
 USE $D = 0.083 \text{ hr}$
- 11) TIME TO PEAK, $T_p = D/2 + t_l = 0.083/2 + 0.10 = 0.14 \text{ hr}$
- 12) PEAK DISCHARGE,
 $q_p = (484 \times A) / T_p = 484 \times 0.29 / 0.14 = 1003 \text{ cfs}$

ECI-4 PRC ENGINEERING CONSULTANTS, INC.

DAM SAFETY INSPECTION / MISSOURI

SHEET NO. 1 OF 1

DAM NAME: GENTRY LAKE DAM (SMO 10213)

JOB NO. 1263

CURVE NUMBER DETERMINATION

BY JFK DATE 5/1/80

I) SOIL GROUP

WATERSHED SOILS IN THE BASIN CONSIST OF GROUP A.

(B)
(C)
(D)

GROUP C SOILS PREDOMINATE THE BASIN. THEREFORE,
ASSUME GROUP C SOILS FOR THE ENTIRE WATERSHED
FOR HYDROLOGIC PURPOSES.

II) COVER COMPLEX

ASSUMED HYDROLOGIC CONDITION OF THE WATERSHED: FAIR

LAND USE	PER CENT AREA	CN (AMC II)
WOODS	75	73
PASTURE OR RANGE	25	79

III) CURVE NUMBER

WEIGHTED AVERAGE CN = 75 FOR AMC II

CURVE NUMBER = 88 FOR AMC III

ECI-4 PRC ENGINEERING CONSULTANTS, INC.

DAM SAFETY INSPECTION / MISSOURI - 1980

SHEET NO. 1 OF 1

GENTRY LAKE LAD (M) 10213)

JOB NO. 1263

STARTING WATER SURFACE ELEVATION FOR PMF BY JFK DATE 5/15/80

$$S_i - S_f = \bar{Q} \Delta t$$

$$S_i - S_f / \bar{Q} = \Delta t$$

ELEV _i (ft)	ELEV _f (ft)	S _i (ac-ft)	S _f (ac-ft)	ΔS (ac-ft)	\bar{Q} (cfs)	Δt (hrs)
718.5	717	67	56	11	31	4.3
717	715	56	43	13	30	5.2
715	713	43	32	11	28.5	4.7
713	711	32	23	11	27	4.9
711	709.5	23	21	2	26	0.9
710.5	709.5	21	17	4	11	4.4
$\Sigma = 24.4 \text{ hrs}$						

TIME AT END OF INFLOW = 24.25 hrs , TOTAL TIME = 24.4 hrs + 24.25 hrs = 48.65 hrs
 = 2 days < 4 days

IF THE 1/2 PMF PRECEDES THE PMF BY 4 DAYS, THE RESERVOIR
 POOL WILL HAVE DRAINED TO THE LEVEL OF THE PRINCIPAL
 SPILLWAY WITHIN THAT TIME. THEREFORE, START THE PMF
 ROUTING AT THE PRINCIPAL SPILLWAY CREST ELEVATION.

HEC1DB INPUT DATA

LOC'D HYDROGRAPH PACKAGE (HFC-1)
CAN SAFETY VERSION JULY 1578
LAST MODIFICATION 26 FEB 79

INFLOW PMF AND ONE-HALF PMF HYDROGRAPHS

PRI VIE OF SEQUENCE OF STREAM NFT-CHK CALCULATIONS
RUNCPI HYDROGRAPH AT C10213
ROUTE HYDROGRAPH TU C10213
END OF NFT-CHK

FLOUR HYDROGRAPH PACKAGE (HFC-1)
DRAFT, CARRY VERSION
LAST NC INDICATION 16 FEB 74

RUN DATE: 12/05/75
TIME: 08:56:27.

DAM SAFETY INSPECTION - HFC-C-1
CUTOFF LINE: 0M 0M 102133
PFM A.: 10 PERCENT PFM

NO	NAME	TYPE	LAY	JO	SPECIFICATION
1	1	0	0	1HP	INTL
2	2	0	0	0	SPFC
3	3	0	0	0	INTL
4	4	0	0	0	INTL
5	5	0	0	0	INTL
6	6	0	0	0	INTL
7	7	0	0	0	INTL
8	8	0	0	0	INTL
9	9	0	0	0	INTL
10	10	0	0	0	INTL
11	11	0	0	0	INTL
12	12	0	0	0	INTL
13	13	0	0	0	INTL
14	14	0	0	0	INTL
15	15	0	0	0	INTL
16	16	0	0	0	INTL
17	17	0	0	0	INTL
18	18	0	0	0	INTL
19	19	0	0	0	INTL
20	20	0	0	0	INTL
21	21	0	0	0	INTL
22	22	0	0	0	INTL
23	23	0	0	0	INTL
24	24	0	0	0	INTL
25	25	0	0	0	INTL
26	26	0	0	0	INTL
27	27	0	0	0	INTL
28	28	0	0	0	INTL
29	29	0	0	0	INTL
30	30	0	0	0	INTL
31	31	0	0	0	INTL
32	32	0	0	0	INTL
33	33	0	0	0	INTL
34	34	0	0	0	INTL
35	35	0	0	0	INTL
36	36	0	0	0	INTL
37	37	0	0	0	INTL
38	38	0	0	0	INTL
39	39	0	0	0	INTL
40	40	0	0	0	INTL
41	41	0	0	0	INTL
42	42	0	0	0	INTL
43	43	0	0	0	INTL
44	44	0	0	0	INTL
45	45	0	0	0	INTL
46	46	0	0	0	INTL
47	47	0	0	0	INTL
48	48	0	0	0	INTL
49	49	0	0	0	INTL
50	50	0	0	0	INTL
51	51	0	0	0	INTL
52	52	0	0	0	INTL
53	53	0	0	0	INTL
54	54	0	0	0	INTL
55	55	0	0	0	INTL
56	56	0	0	0	INTL
57	57	0	0	0	INTL
58	58	0	0	0	INTL
59	59	0	0	0	INTL
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61	61	0	0	0	INTL
62	62	0	0	0	INTL
63	63	0	0	0	INTL
64	64	0	0	0	INTL
65	65	0	0	0	INTL
66	66	0	0	0	INTL
67	67	0	0	0	INTL
68	68	0	0	0	INTL
69	69	0	0	0	INTL
70	70	0	0	0	INTL
71	71	0	0	0	INTL
72	72	0	0	0	INTL
73	73	0	0	0	INTL
74	74	0	0	0	INTL
75	75	0	0	0	INTL
76	76	0	0	0	INTL
77	77	0	0	0	INTL
78	78	0	0	0	INTL
79	79	0	0	0	INTL
80	80	0	0	0	INTL
81	81	0	0	0	INTL
82	82	0	0	0	INTL
83	83	0	0	0	INTL
84	84	0	0	0	INTL
85	85	0	0	0	INTL
86	86	0	0	0	INTL
87	87	0	0	0	INTL
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91	91	0	0	0	INTL
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93	93	0	0	0	INTL
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97	97	0	0	0	INTL
98	98	0	0	0	INTL
99	99	0	0	0	INTL
100	100	0	0	0	INTL
101	101	0	0	0	INTL
102	102	0	0	0	INTL
103	103	0	0	0	INTL
104	104	0	0	0	INTL
105	105	0	0	0	INTL
106	106	0	0	0	INTL
107	107	0	0	0	INTL
108	108	0	0	0	INTL
109	109	0	0	0	INTL
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111	111	0	0	0	INTL
112	112	0	0	0	INTL
113	113	0	0	0	INTL
114	114	0	0	0	INTL
115	115	0	0	0	INTL
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131	131	0	0	0	INTL
132	132	0	0	0	INTL
133	133	0	0	0	INTL
134	134	0	0	0	INTL
135	135	0	0	0	INTL
136	136	0	0	0	INTL
137	137	0	0	0	INTL
138	138	0	0	0	INTL
139	139	0	0	0	INTL
140	140	0	0	0	INTL
141	141	0	0	0	INTL
142	142	0	0	0	INTL
143	143	0	0	0	INTL
144	144	0	0	0	INTL
145	145	0	0	0	INTL
146	146	0	0	0	INTL
147	147	0	0	0	INTL
148	148	0	0	0	INTL
149	149	0	0	0	INTL
150	150	0	0	0	INTL
151	151	0	0	0	INTL
152	152	0	0	0	INTL
153	153	0	0	0	INTL
154	154	0	0	0	INTL
155	155	0	0	0	INTL
156	156	0	0	0	INTL
157	157	0	0	0	INTL
158	158	0	0	0	INTL
159	159	0	0	0	INTL
160	160	0	0	0	INTL
161	161	0	0	0	INTL
162	162	0	0	0	INTL
163	163	0	0	0	INTL
164	164	0	0	0	INTL
165	165	0	0	0	INTL
166	166	0	0	0	INTL
167	167	0	0	0	INTL
168	168	0	0	0	INTL
169	169	0	0	0	INTL
170	170	0	0	0	INTL
171	171	0	0	0	INTL
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179	179	0	0	0	INTL
180	180	0	0	0	INTL
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182	182	0	0	0	INTL
183	183	0	0	0	INTL
184	184	0	0	0	INTL
185	185	0	0	0	INTL
186	186	0	0	0	INTL
187	187	0	0	0	INTL
188	188	0	0	0	INTL
189	189	0	0	0	INTL
190	190	0	0	0	INTL
191	191	0	0	0	INTL
192	192	0	0	0	INTL
193	193	0	0	0	INTL
194	194	0	0	0	INTL
195	195	0	0	0	INTL
196	196	0	0	0	INTL
197	197	0	0	0	INTL
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210	210	0	0	0	INTL
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215	215	0	0	0	INTL
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218	218	0	0	0	INTL
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220	220	0	0	0	INTL
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224	224	0	0	0	INTL
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226	226	0	0	0	INTL
227	227	0	0	0	INTL
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229	229	0	0	0	INTL
230	230	0	0	0	INTL
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232	232	0	0	0	INTL
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235	235	0	0	0	INTL
236	236	0	0	0	INTL
237	237	0	0	0	INTL
238	238	0	0	0	INTL
239	239	0	0	0	INTL
240	240	0	0	0	INTL
241	241	0	0	0	INTL
242	242	0	0	0	INTL
243	243	0	0	0	INTL
244	244	0	0	0	INTL
245	245	0	0	0	INTL
246	246	0	0	0	INTL
247	247	0	0	0	INTL
248	248	0	0	0	INTL
249	249	0	0	0	INTL
250	250	0	0	0	INTL

NO. & PERIOD	PERIOD	RAIN	EXCSE	LOSS	EVC-A	EVC-B	FLUX	PERIOD	HD.MN	PREVIOU	MAIN	EACS	LOSS	COMP. %	
500.	940.	415.	160.	51.	24.	10.	3.								
1.01	1.05	1	.01	.01	.01	.01	1.01	12.35	151	.01	.20	.11	49.		
1.01	1.10	2	.01	.01	.01	.01	1.01	10.40	152	.01	.20	.11	450.		
1.01	1.15	3	.01	.01	.01	.01	1.01	12.45	153	.01	.20	.00	450.		
1.01	1.20	5	.01	.01	.01	.01	1.01	10.50	154	.01	.20	.00	451.		
1.01	1.25	6	.01	.01	.01	.01	1.01	10.55	155	.01	.20	.00	451.		
1.01	1.30	7	.01	.01	.01	.01	1.01	10.60	156	.01	.20	.00	452.		
1.01	1.35	8	.01	.01	.01	.01	1.01	10.65	157	.01	.20	.00	476.		
1.01	1.40	9	.01	.01	.01	.01	1.01	10.70	158	.01	.20	.00	516.		
1.01	1.45	10	.01	.01	.01	.01	1.01	10.75	159	.01	.20	.00	535.		
1.01	1.50	11	.01	.01	.01	.01	1.01	10.80	160	.01	.20	.00	540.		
1.01	1.55	12	.01	.01	.01	.01	1.01	10.85	161	.01	.20	.01	543.		
1.01	1.60	13	.01	.01	.01	.01	1.01	10.90	162	.01	.20	.01	545.		
1.01	1.65	14	.01	.01	.01	.01	1.01	10.95	163	.01	.20	.00	545.		
1.01	1.70	15	.01	.01	.01	.01	1.01	11.00	164	.01	.20	.00	566.		
1.01	1.75	16	.01	.01	.01	.01	1.01	11.05	165	.01	.20	.00	566.		
1.01	1.80	17	.01	.01	.01	.01	1.01	11.10	166	.01	.20	.01	567.		
1.01	1.85	18	.01	.01	.01	.01	1.01	11.15	167	.01	.20	.01	567.		
1.01	1.90	19	.01	.01	.01	.01	1.01	11.20	168	.01	.20	.01	567.		
1.01	1.95	20	.01	.01	.01	.01	1.01	11.25	169	.01	.20	.01	586.		
1.01	2.00	21	.01	.01	.01	.01	1.01	11.30	170	.01	.20	.01	644.		
1.01	2.05	22	.01	.01	.01	.01	1.01	11.35	171	.01	.20	.01	670.		
1.01	2.10	23	.01	.01	.01	.01	1.01	11.40	172	.01	.20	.01	670.		
1.01	2.15	24	.01	.01	.01	.01	1.01	11.45	173	.01	.20	.01	670.		
1.01	2.20	25	.01	.01	.01	.01	1.01	11.50	174	.01	.20	.01	684.		
1.01	2.25	26	.01	.01	.01	.01	1.01	11.55	175	.01	.20	.01	686.		
1.01	2.30	27	.01	.01	.01	.01	1.01	11.60	176	.01	.20	.01	687.		
1.01	2.35	28	.01	.01	.01	.01	1.01	11.65	177	.01	.20	.01	687.		
1.01	2.40	29	.01	.01	.01	.01	1.01	11.70	178	.01	.20	.01	687.		
1.01	2.45	30	.01	.01	.01	.01	1.01	11.75	179	.01	.20	.01	698.		
1.01	2.50	31	.01	.01	.01	.01	1.01	11.80	180	.01	.20	.01	698.		
1.01	2.55	32	.01	.01	.01	.01	1.01	11.85	181	.01	.20	.01	712.		
1.01	2.60	33	.01	.01	.01	.01	1.01	11.90	182	.01	.20	.01	717.		
1.01	2.65	34	.01	.01	.01	.01	1.01	11.95	183	.01	.20	.01	743.		
1.01	2.70	35	.01	.01	.01	.01	1.01	12.00	184	.01	.20	.01	919.		
1.01	2.75	36	.01	.01	.01	.01	1.01	12.05	185	.01	.20	.01	1177.		
1.01	2.80	37	.01	.01	.01	.01	1.01	12.10	186	.01	.20	.01	1943.		
1.01	2.85	38	.01	.01	.01	.01	1.01	12.15	187	.01	.20	.01	2546.		
1.01	2.90	39	.01	.01	.01	.01	1.01	12.20	188	1.01	.20	.01	3919.		
1.01	2.95	40	.01	.01	.01	.01	1.01	12.25	189	.01	.20	.01	2775.		
1.01	3.00	41	.01	.01	.01	.01	1.01	12.30	190	.01	.20	.01	1935.		
1.01	3.05	42	.01	.01	.01	.01	1.01	12.35	191	.01	.20	.01	606.		
1.01	3.10	43	.01	.01	.01	.01	1.01	12.40	192	.01	.20	.01	646.		
1.01	3.15	44	.01	.01	.01	.01	1.01	12.45	193	.01	.20	.01	646.		
1.01	3.20	45	.01	.01	.01	.01	1.01	12.50	194	.01	.20	.01	645.		
1.01	3.25	46	.01	.01	.01	.01	1.01	12.55	195	.01	.20	.01	645.		
1.01	3.30	47	.01	.01	.01	.01	1.01	12.60	196	.01	.20	.01	645.		
1.01	3.35	48	.01	.01	.01	.01	1.01	12.65	197	.01	.20	.01	645.		
1.01	3.40	49	.01	.01	.01	.01	1.01	12.70	198	.01	.20	.01	645.		
1.01	3.45	50	.01	.01	.01	.01	1.01	12.75	199	.01	.20	.01	645.		
1.01	3.50	51	.01	.01	.01	.01	1.01	12.80	200	.01	.20	.01	645.		
1.01	3.55	52	.01	.01	.01	.01	1.01	12.85	201	.01	.20	.01	645.		
1.01	3.60	53	.01	.01	.01	.01	1.01	12.90	202	.01	.20	.01	645.		
1.01	3.65	54	.01	.01	.01	.01	1.01	12.95	203	.01	.20	.01	645.		
1.01	3.70	55	.01	.01	.01	.01	1.01	13.00	204	.01	.20	.01	645.		

HYDROGRAPH AT 016015Z21 FOR PLAN 10 TITLE 1

6.6	1.7	750.	214.	52.6	615.7
C.6	1.1	210.	70.	6.6	164.0
1.2	2.4	435.	106.	20.6	30.5
1.4	1.2	650.	152.	30.6	77.6
1.6	0.6	720.	145.	77.6	4.7
1.8	0.7	740.	137.	9.7	0.6
2.0	0.5	740.	137.	9.7	0.6
2.2	0.4	740.	137.	9.7	0.6
2.4	0.3	740.	137.	9.7	0.6

FLOOD ROUTING

	1°	2°	3°	4°	5°	6°	7°
	5.	1.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.
CFS	1 at 0.6	PFAK	1 at 0.6	1 at 0.6	72-11.0	72-11.0	TOTAL VOLUME
CFS	57.4	57.4	57.4	57.4	11.0	11.0	14263.6
PCFS	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.2	5.0	5.0	970.6
PCFS	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.2	5.0	5.0	150.6
PCFS	30.6	30.6	30.6	30.6	15.0	15.0	3870.6
PCF-T	11.4	11.4	11.4	11.4	5.6	5.6	236.6
PCF-T	23.5	23.5	23.5	23.5	11.6	11.6	291.6
Total	57.4	57.4	57.4	57.4	11.0	11.0	14263.6

ROUTE PLANNING THROUGH GEOMETRY (NO 1021*)

LAND-USE-PATTERN HYDROGRAPH COORDINATES

PEAK OUTLET & IS 27-28.0 M TIDE 11.75 MGSW

	FRICK 2746.	FRICK 79.	FRICK 111.	FRICK 165.	FRICK 450.	FRICK 450.
CFT CUB. INCHES INCHES AC-FT THOUS. CUB.	27.46	79.	23.59	27.18	59.441	42.00
FRICK 2746.	79.	21.	6.	21.	58.	51.9.
CFT CUB. INCHES INCHES AC-FT THOUS. CUB.	27.46	79.	23.59	27.18	59.441	42.00
TOTAL VOLUME	61012.	1720.	6.	23.	518.	518.

STATION 010215. CLASS 1. DATA 2
END-OF-PRIOR. END-OF-PRIOR.

BEAR OUTLINES IS :135. AT TIME 100% PROJECT.

SUMMARY OF PMF AND ONE-HALF PMF FLOOD ROUTING

WATER AND STORMS - TABLE OF DRAINS SUMMARY FOR MULTIPLE PLANE-RATIO ECONOMIC COMPUTATIONS
DRAINS IN CUBIC FEET PER SECOND (CUBIC METERS PER SECOND)
AREA IN SQUARE MILES (.001 KILOMETERS)

SECTION	POSITION	AREA	PLAN RATIO	RATIO	RATES APPLIED TO FLOWS
W. 2000' - 2000' CHT	2000'	.000	1.00	1.00	1.00
right 1' - 11721'	11721'	.000	1.00	1.00	1.00

SUMMARY OF DAM SAFETY ANALYSIS

PLAN	ELEVATION STOKE OUTFLOW	INITIAL VALUE	SPILLWAY CREST	TOP OF DAM
1	716.50	716.50	709.50	724.50
	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7
	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
				123.
				1995.
ITEM	MAXIMUM ELEVATION OF SPILLWAY PIPE	MAXIMUM STOKE OF SPILLWAY PIPE	MAXIMUM OUTFLOW AC-FT HRS	LOCATION LEVEL TOP HOURS
1.75	716.01	0.1	1.75	716.75
0.00	726.50	0.00	1.75	726.50
			113.0	113.0
			0.00	0.00

PERCENT OF PMF FLOOD ROUTING
EQUAL TO SPILLWAY CAPACITY

FLOOD HYDROGRAPH PACKAGE (HEC-1)
JULIAN SAFETY VERSION JULY 1978
LAST MODIFICATION 26 FEB 79

PREVIEW OF SEQUENCE OF STEEL NETWORK CALCULATIONS

END OFF HYDROGRAPH AT
ROUTE HYDROGRAPH TO
END OF NETWORK

C10215

010211

PROPERTY INSPECTION - MISSOURI
PROPERTY LIABILITY CO. LTD.

תְּנִינָה וְתַּבְּרָא בְּמִזְבֵּחַ הַמִּזְבֵּחַ

AUDE: A UDL EFFICIENT COMPUTATION

DEFINITION OF EXPRESSIONS AND UNIT HYPERGRAPH PARAMETERS						FACT
LIST	ICONS	ITEM	ITAPP	JILT	JPUT	INSTAG
1121	1	1	0	0	0	1
1122	1	1	0	0	0	2

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UNIT HYDROGRAPH DATA

PROCESSED DATA

FRONT-OF-PERIOD FLUX

Sum 50.11 30.51 1.51 68.51%
 (41.0) (77.5) (40.0) (194.0) 133

PROGRESSIVE MUNICIPALITY

אדריאן מילר וברון רונטן, דע ופואיה

• 60% 31 years + 0.75 weeks

FAR OUTFLIES THE TIME, i.e., in HOURS.

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PEAK OUTFLUXES 15 1996 • JUNE 1996

TABLE II. *Effect of Grid Size on CPU Time (Sec.) Summary for Multiple Planes and Economic Computation*

PERR FIC.	STATION	A. FLC	F. LAM	RATTI	STIR	LATTICE APPLIED IN FLC's
1900GRAPH AT	010211	.25	1	.41±.06	.70±.06	.51±.06
	010211	.75	1	.41±.06	.70±.06	.51±.06
RESULTS	010211	.25	1	.41±.06	.70±.06	.51±.06

SUMMARY OF DAM SAFETY ANALYSIS

PLAN 1	ELAVATION STORAGE OUTFL.	INITIAL VALUE	SPILLWAY CREST	TOP OF DAM			
		709.50	709.50	724.50			
		117.	17.	123.			
		0.	0.	1045.			
RATIO OF RESERVOIR W.S. TO ELLI	MAXIMUM STORAGE AC-FT	MAXIMUM STORAGE AC-FT	MAXIMUM OUTFLOW CFS	CUPATION OVER TOP HOURS	CUPATION OVER TOP HOURS	TIME OF MAX OUTFLOW HOURS	TIME OF FAILURE HOURS
.75	714.37	0.50	121.	1848.	0.00	15.75	0.00
.77	714.37	0.50	122.	1848.	0.00	15.75	0.00
.71	724.41	0.50	1.0.	1538.	0.00	15.75	0.00
.71	724.41	0.1	1.0.	1538.	0.50	15.75	0.00